

**The Calculated Spirit: bridging Mathematics,  
Psychology, Physics, Biology and Theology through a  
Generalized Quantum Understanding from an Old  
Hebrew and Greek dialectic and dualistic Perspective**

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## Some words upfront.

This book constitutes a revision of two previous books on this matter with precisely the same titles. The content has somewhat been enlarged, but especially its presentation has been drastically improved and many errors in the previous version have been removed. The real beef of this book is also available in another book of mine on geometrical quantum theory: the latter aimed at the professional physicist or mathematician. The material is rather mathematical in nature and does require some substantial amount of effort from those who are not trained as such: that is why I have included a small chapter into the mathematical minimum of this book. It regards some elementary things about linear operators and vector spaces, the language of the old quantum theory as to speak. Let me tell you first who I am, what my intentions are and what this book is and is not about. First of all, I am a trained physicist and mathematician with a double bachelor and a master in theoretical physics; later on I obtained a PhD in theoretical physics, namely quantum gravity, and worked some time as a post-doctoral researcher in that field. I have never been interested in school, but at the age of 13 I was immersed already on my own into the books of Freud, Jung and Aldler on psychology and Nietzsche on philosophy (albeit I considered that work more as a venting of bad, but largely justified emotions towards humanity) but I also read upon engineering, especially hydraulics and so on trying to figure out what this integral really meant 4 years prior to learning it at school. The reason why I went into the exact sciences, is because I was largely dissatisfied with everything I read; Freud was as to say banal, Jung was interesting in some aspects but his theory was “not even wrong” meaning it was ill defined, you couldn’t do anything with it and Friedrich, ah well, was just an interesting story teller of how humanity appears to operate. It was a bit like Harry Potter, high class entertainment and wizardry: you have to love it but I am afraid Hogwarths will never materialize in this world. Unfortunately, psychology has remained in the same crappy state since then trying to put minds into boxes and point out what your true self is; a completely pompous and overinflated concept to say the very least and very dangerous when this inner circle gets credited for knowing you better than you so-called know yourself. Likewise so with concepts as IQ, EQ and all the business regarding psychiatric diseases, albeit that seems more in the hands of so called “medical doctors”, another class of wizards. The only interesting thing what all of those tests and diseases reveal is the bias (and completely mental ineptitude) of the test (disease) maker and no, I do not think psychologists neither psychiatrists are on average very intelligent beings and therefore certainly not in the driving seat to judge intelligence or mental sanity of the “patient”. In a way both fields are the shame of science even to the extend that I bluntly call its practitioners mentally retarded sociopaths (and indeed, almost all psychiatrists are sociopaths if you take the definition literally: they have no respect for the rights of others to think what they deem appropriate) and totally unaware of what our best theory of reality really is, a field within which they themselves proclaim to be the arbiter of truth. In reality, psychology and psychiatry are more sociology and behavioral “sciences” than anything else whereas there are many beautiful questions to ask such as regarding the very basic nature from which we approach this world mentally and how this relates to the physical fabric of spacetime and the laws of the elementary particles. In short, the very core behind the mind-matter correspondance! We shall adress this issue in this book in an unprecedented depth and precision, as it turns out reality is far more complex as you think it is if you stick to some simple mathematical rules.

Let me explain my venom a bit better since I hear the psychologist already saying “but we are objective and things such as schizophrenia and intelligence have a God given meaning<sup>1</sup>”; if you are really serious about that then your IQ on the Noldus scale is well below 80, no matter how many books you have read or how high grades your teacher bestowed you with or God knows, how many prizes in your “field” you have won. Just to give a completely ridiculous example regarding IQ tests of how dumb those tests really are, I once encountered “some test” by a prankster who seemed to have understood this point very well: his question went, given the series 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20 what is the next number in line? I said hmm, probably 20, I am not sure, but apparently my IQ was below average because the correct answer was 21. As a justification, he provided for a divine polynomial in one variable which produced 20 for integers between 1 and 8 and 21 for 9. I hear you say, but we don’t do that, our tests are not as evil; but they really are if you think about it a bit better. The only correct answer to such questions is of course “insufficient data to draw a reliable conclusion within an appropriate confidence interval” but that was not an option; so far for the limited intelligence of that test designer. So what could you test really? Very little I am afraid, an objective measure would consist into how good you are at solving abstract mathematical problems but that would be a pretty frustrating way to look at it if you are studying humanities or so. They might argue that it needs to correlate with your

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<sup>1</sup>If you really believe that, you should go to an asylum.

flexibility in learning new languages; that certainly requires a special brain but I would not call it intelligence either. Nor would I say that brilliant problem solvers are the smartest people in the world as they often tend to focus on problems which are simply the wrong ones. An old colleague of mine at university once told me that it was not very interesting to make progress into a difficult area, but rather to find a way to rephrase the question such that everything becomes totally simple. That is real brilliance indeed which goes beyond training and schooling but demands a certain raw, bare intelligence keeping an acute perspective upon what you are doing and if you really understand all assumptions which creep into your theory. Most so called intelligensia do not possess this quality and sometimes I wonder whether the postman next door is not way smarter than my cardiologist is. But I go even further than this, I know of a psychiatric case, who studied Latin-Greek in high school, never went to university, became a postman and so on but who beats 99 percent of academics in chess. The only thing which my colleague would have said and which I also do is that it is an ill posed question, completely irrelevant to ask and destructive even. I am Buddhist in that way and believe in tolerance, acceptance and kindness towards others, values which the west does not seem to share very much. The west is sick in that way; sometimes old friends of mine tend to say that I express emotions in my work and that this is not academic, but they fail to comprehend that their reaction is equally emotional and not logical at all. Indeed, all of Einstein's emotional outbursts towards so called peers have nicely been swept under the historical carpet: as all intelligent people, he had a disdain for conventional researchers especially when their social status was on the high side. Einstein remembered very well what Planck had done for him and did similar things for other scientists such as S.N. Bose whose work constitutes now the underpinning of quantum field theory and was dismissed by several reputed (English) journals. So please gentlemen, try to really understand Einstein when he said he was only interested in the thoughts of the old man: he most likely was not that dumb as to ever assume that he would find those, but it occurs to me that he was referring to the wisdom of what kind of problems are worthwhile approaching and what not. In this book, I shall focus on the God given questions and stay far removed from those issues I just briefly commented upon. Unlike Friedrich, I am not going to write books about the enlightened Zarathustra and spit my venom upon the social market place: I will try to be constructive here and offer new ways of thinking about things which are much better in my mind. I am of course not infallible and that is why I somewhat apologize for the first version of this book which suffered from similar weaknesses, but by far not to that degree, as those which I just relegated to the trash-bin. That is precisely why this work is of mathematical precision and it was a painful exercise indeed to self-correct the entire manuscript.

As I said, the real beef is available already for physicists and mathematicians in another book but here I shall be more gentle, explaining things in even more detail and commenting upon the ramifications of our findings: things which actually can be tested in a clear way. In that vein did Jung make several interesting observations, it is just so that the theory behind it is not very good at all to put it mildly. Another reason to recommend this book is that it is way shorter as my book on quantum theory which makes it not only cheaper but also nicer to digest; I do not believe in books of over 300 pages unless they constitute the presentation of a well known and developed field. This book is entirely novel and offers new pathways for thinking about the mind. The organization is as follows, chapter 1 contains an exposition of the mathematical requirements for understanding the matter, this chapter is 99.7 percent totally rigorous but there is an occasion on which I appeal on intuition in order to understand the theorem whereas a formal argument would be way beyond the scope of this book and involve more advanced math involving the lemma of Zorn or complex analysis. This is also my way of doing math, 99.7 percent rigorous but not fully caring to fill in all the details. Chapter 2 contains an introduction to the correct language to address issues of the mind, this by itself is ground breaking in a way as the language we use will force us to redefine our position upon what constitutes reality; it will also make clear why I am so venomous in the first place. Chapter 3 delves deeper into the world of chapter 2 and opens the door for rational discussions of psychism, communal spirits and so on. By this I intend to refer to what it really means for minds to engage with one and another and join in a union. Also, I briefly discuss some findings of mine relating the results of our viewpoint to different philosophical ideas in the literature I am aware of. Chapter 4 deals with conclusions and supplementary remarks. Hence, we have explained the title of this book: "proceedings on qualitative and quantitative psychology" since we shall not only derive certain things from primary issues but also quantify those by means of a calorimetrics of the mind. The reader who is interested in delving deeper regarding the correspondence with our physical universe, is of course invited to consult my book on geometrical quantum theory albeit that requires a good

deal of differential geometry.

To wrap things up; the sciences of the mind are in such a bad state since there is no governing principle, there are no guidelines: this leads to an incredible bias (story telling) creeping in regarding the interpretation of the data, which taken together with the very weak correlations they find, implies a worthless investigation. This gives rise to delusional theories with practioners which all suffer from schizophrenia if one is willing to take the concept literally: indeed, I once asked a lawyer how I could legally enforce a psychiatrist, suffering from that condition, to be treated unvolountarily in a hospital! You see, if they are willing to do the mud slinging towards others, I am the first one to hold them a mirror and sling back; unfortunately, my legal case is a practical impossibility, the judge and the psychiatrist like to lick each others butts as to speak. What do we offer in this book? In the first place precision, to the degree that I might make myself ridiculous! It is better to give away a very precise thought which has limitations rather than remaining vague and saying nothing of value at all. So, we offer a ground for discussion to this extend that minds can partially be programmed even on a computer. This is the way to go if we want to proclaim that we are doing science. Ultimately, precision equals mathematics: language is far too vague for that purpose. This explains why we shall study some elementary math first. The very revolutionary idea in this book is that physics is a part of psychology and in chapter 13 we shall *deduce* the standard model and (Einsteinian) gravitation from a theory about low level primitive spirits asking for three questions only; humanity and all more complex spirits also follow from this scheme and we shall provide for an exact mathematical explanation of today's social problems as one of too impure and too high generational spirits.

# Chapter 1

## The mathematical Minimum

In what follows, I start from the assumption that the reader knows what integers  $\mathbb{Z}$ , rational  $\mathbb{Q}$ , real  $\mathbb{R}$  and complex  $\mathbb{C}$  numbers are and that the last three constitute a so called field. Also, it is required that he or she knows about the notion of a complex conjugate as well as the foundations of classical logic by means of “or, and, not, forall, exists” as well as all interference rules (such as the de Morgan rule). To recap, a complex number  $c = a + ib$  where  $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$  and  $i$  is the so called imaginary unit satisfying  $i^2 = -1$ . Complex conjugation is then a reflection around the real axis meaning  $\bar{c} = a - ib$ . The reader verifies that  $\overline{cd} = \bar{c}\bar{d}$  and  $\overline{c+d} = \bar{c} + \bar{d}$ . This defines the usual Euclidean norm squared on the complex plane by

$$|c|^2 = c\bar{c} = a^2 + b^2 > 0.$$

The reader may verify that  $\bar{cd} = |c||d|\cos(\theta)$  where  $\theta$  is the oriented angle between the numbers  $c, d$  seen as vectors in the two plane. Central in the theory of complex numbers is the so called exponential mapping  $e : z \rightarrow e^z$  obeying

$$e^{w+z} = e^w e^z, \quad \overline{e^z} = e^{\bar{z}}, \quad \frac{d}{dz}e^z = e^z$$

where  $\frac{d}{dz}$  denotes the derivative. A central cornerstone regarding the exponential mapping is the so called Euler formula, which says that

$$e^{ia} = \cos(a) + i \sin(a)$$

and  $e^b \in \mathbb{R}_+$  for any real numbers  $a, b$ . This means that the exponential mapping wraps the complex plane an infinite number of times into itself since

$$e^{a+ib} = e^{a+i(b+2\pi n)}$$

where  $n \in \mathbb{Z}$ . Henceforth, any complex number can be written uniquely  $c = |c|e^{i\phi}$  where  $\phi$  may vary between 0 and  $2\pi$  or between  $-\pi$  and  $\pi$ . The reader understands of course that  $|e^{i\phi}| = 1$  and therefore these numbers describe the unit circle. This makes the construction of an inverse of the exponential map, called the natural logarithm, a bit delicate. In particular, the standard convention being

$$\ln(a + ib) = \ln(|a + ib|) + i\phi$$

where  $\phi \in (-\pi, \pi)$  and is given by  $\tan(\phi) = \frac{b}{a}$ . In terms of the representation above, this reads

$$\ln(|c|e^{i\phi}) = \ln(|c|) + i\phi$$

so that  $\ln(cd) = \ln(c) + \ln(d)$  as long as the sum of the angles does not exceed the range  $-\pi \dots \pi$ . The half line, given by  $\phi = \pi \equiv -\pi$  is called the branch cut; one cannot extend the logarithm beyond that range without it becoming multiple valued. Finally, there is a single important theorem regarding complex numbers which you should know about: it is called algebraic completeness. To introduce this a bit, define a polynomial of degree  $n$  in one complex variable  $x$  as

$$P(x) = \sum_{k=0}^n a_k x^k$$

where  $a_k \in \mathbb{C}$  and  $a_n \neq 0$ . Then the theorem says that such polynomial has precisely  $n$  roots  $r_i \in \mathbb{C}$ , some of which may coincide, such that

$$P(r_i) = 0; \quad P(x) = a_n \prod_{i=1}^n (x - r_i)$$

meaning the polynomial factorizes as a product of polynomials of first degree. The reader notices that for real polynomials, it holds that if  $c$  is a root, then  $\bar{c}$  is a root as well.

The goal of this chapter is not to give an exclusive overview of many mathematical topics, but to provide the reader with the main tools required to understand the language of the old quantum theory of Heisenberg and Dirac. Albeit I shall also use some notions of differential geometry, this topic will not be touched upon in this chapter. It is secondary in a way as it deepens our understanding of more advanced topics which shall be discussed in somewhat less depth in this book. The reader who wants to understand it all is invited to read any good textbook on the matter or consult my book on mathematics [1]. In a way, this work is one of divine mercy where I try to meld spirits into a better way of thinking about the world, very much like catholic priests try to persuade people to follow the light of Jesus. I could have easily dismissed this task and refer the reader to the standard literature which would not only increase the digestive process but also lack the personal perspective I am willing to offer. In a way, it is pretty bad that the educational system delivers diploma's based upon knowledge and methods of a century old and I try to rectify this a bit here hoping that the reader may be interested in knowing more about this. We have just repeated some trivia about complex numbers and the reason why they are so special is precisely because of the algebraic completeness. Quantum theory is all about complex linear spaces, and we shall introduce those in several steps so that the reader gets a good feeling of what you can do with them. The prototype of an  $n$ -dimensional real vector space is

$$\mathbb{R}^n = \times_{i=1}^n \mathbb{R} = \{(x_i)_{i=1}^n | x_i \in \mathbb{R}\}$$

which is the set of  $n$ -tuples of real numbers equipped with the notion of a sum given by

$$(x_i) + (y_i) = (x_i + y_i)$$

and likewise can one define the scalar multiplication of a real number with an  $n$ -tuple vector by means of

$$r.(x_i) = (rx_i).$$

More in general, let  $R, +, \cdot$  be a field and  $G, +$  a commutative group<sup>1</sup>, then we say that  $G$  is an  $R$  module in case there exists a scalar multiplication such that

$$1.g = g; \quad (rs).g = r.(s.g); \quad (r + s).g = r.g + s.g; \quad r.(g_1 + g_2) = r.g_1 + r.g_2$$

for all  $r, s \in R$  and  $g, g_1, g_2 \in G$ . In case  $R = \mathbb{R}$  we call the module a real vector space. In  $\mathbb{R}^n, +$ , we have special vectors  $e_i$ , defined by the number 1 on the  $i$ 'th digit and zero elsewhere; it holds that

$$\sum_{i=1}^n r_i.e_i = 0$$

if and only if all  $r_i = 0$  and moreover each vector can be written uniquely as

$$\sum_{i=1}^n r_i.e_i.$$

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<sup>1</sup>A group  $G, +$  is a set  $G$  endowed with a mapping  $+: G \times G \rightarrow G : (x, y) \rightarrow x + y$ . This mapping obeys (a) associativity, meaning that  $+(x, +(y, z)) = +(+(x, y), z)$  something which is well known under the notation  $x + (y + z) = (x + y) + z$ , (b) existence of a unique neutral element (which for the sum is denoted by 0) satisfying  $0 + x = x = x + 0$  (c) existence of an inverse, which we denote for the sum by  $-x$  obeying  $x + (-x) = 0 = (-x) + x$ . Such structure is called a group; the group is commutative if and only if  $x + y = y + x$  for all  $x, y$ . A field is a double commutative group in a way  $G, +, \cdot$  where we denote the unit element of  $\cdot$  by 1 and only 0 has no inverse for the multiplication. Finally, the multiplication is distributive regarding the sum, meaning that  $x.(y + z) = x.y + x.z$ .

In case these properties hold for a set of vectors  $\{v_i | i = 1 \dots m\}$ , then we call  $\{v_i | i = 1 \dots m\}$  a basis. One notices that we have used two integer numbers here,  $n$  for the  $e_i$  and  $m$  for all  $v_j$ ; it is now a piece of cake to show that  $n = m$ . The reason is the following, because  $e_i$  is a basis, one can write the  $v_j$  uniquely as

$$v_j = \sum_{i=1}^n v_j^i e_i$$

and reversely

$$e_i = \sum_{j=1}^m e_i^j v_j.$$

Henceforth,

$$\sum_{i=1}^n v_j^i e_i^k = \delta_j^k; j, k : 1 \dots m$$

and

$$\sum_{j=1}^m e_i^j v_j^l = \delta_i^l; i, l : 1 \dots n$$

where  $\delta_j^k = 1$  if and only if  $j = k$  and zero otherwise. This system of equations is symmetrical in  $e$  and  $v$  and therefore  $m = n$  given that both mappings are injective. Henceforth  $n$  is a basis invariant and called the dimension of  $\mathbb{R}^n, +$ . Now, we have a sufficient grasp upon finite dimensional real vector spaces and the complex case is identical.

Let  $V, W$  be two (complex) vector spaces, then a linear mapping  $A : V \rightarrow W$  is a function satisfying

$$A(r.v + s.w) = r.A(v) + s.A(w)$$

where the dot denotes scalar multiplication. Evidently one has that  $A(0) = 0$  and  $A(v) = A(w)$  if and only if  $A(v - w) = 0$ . Henceforth, the so called nucleus of  $A$ , defined by  $\text{Ker}(A) = \{v | A(v) = 0\}$  measures the deviation from injectivity of  $A$ . Every image  $A(w)$  has as inverse  $w + \text{Ker}(A)$ . The nucleus is henceforth itself a linear subspace of  $V$ . In the same way, one has that the so called image

$$\text{Im}(A) = \{A(v) | v \in V\}$$

constitutes a subspace of  $W$ . It is now evidently true that

$$\text{Im}(A) \cong \frac{V}{\text{Ker}(A)}$$

meaning that both linear spaces are isomorphic to one and another. Indeed,

$$A : \frac{V}{\text{Ker}(A)} \rightarrow \text{Im}(A) : w + \text{Ker}(A) \rightarrow A(w)$$

is linear and bijective which are the defining characteristics of an isomorphism. A trivial consequence of this theorem is that

$$\dim(\text{Ker}(A)) + \dim(\text{Im}(A)) = \dim(V)$$

where “dim” stands for dimension. Linear mappings can be represented by means of matrices defined with respect of basis vectors  $e_i$  in  $V$  and  $f_j$  in  $W$  respectively. The definition is given by

$$A(e_i) = \sum_{j=1}^m A_i^j f_j$$

where  $j$  is called the row index and  $i$  the column-index; taking a general vector  $v = v^i e_i$  gives rise to the matrix multiplication

$$A(v) = \sum_{j=1}^m \left( \sum_{i=1}^n A_i^j v^i \right) f_j.$$

The composition of two linear mappings  $A : V \rightarrow W$  en  $B : W \rightarrow Z$  results into the matrix product

$$(BA)_i^j = \sum_{k=1}^m B_k^j A_i^k$$

where  $m$  represents the dimension of  $W$ . From now on, we dispose of the summation-signs, a convention which has been named after Einstein; so

$$\sum_{i=1}^n A_i^j v^i$$

is noted as

$$A_i^j v^i.$$

A  $2 \times 3$  matrix, or a matrix with 2 rows and 3 columns is represented as

$$\begin{pmatrix} a & b & c \\ d & e & f \end{pmatrix}$$

and regarding the matrix product  $BA$  one has the rule that the column dimension of  $B$  has to be equal to the row dimension of  $A$ . Show by means of a computational exercise that

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 \\ 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 13 & 13 \\ 19 & 19 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Show that in general for  $2 \times 2$  matrices  $A, B$  one has that

$$AB - BA \neq 0$$

where  $0$  denotes the zero matrix. This result shows that the matrix multiplication is in general non-commutative and hitherto such operators constitute a non-commutative ring. The latter has been constructed as an object formed by elements which belong to a field. One can justifiably wonder whether the non-commutative number systems such as the quaternions and Clifford algebra's can be represented as matrices over the complex numbers. The answer is yes and one can obtain representations in different dimensions; regarding the quaternions  $q$  one has that

$$q = \begin{pmatrix} a + ib & ic - d \\ ic + d & a - ib \end{pmatrix}$$

where  $a, b, c, d \in \mathbb{R}$ . Another way of writing those in terms of Pauli matrices is provided by

$$q = a.1 + ic.\sigma_1 + id.\sigma_2 + ib.\sigma_3.$$

Now that we have understood a few essentials of matrix calculus, we arrive at the following natural question regarding matrix representations of linear operators: is it possible to find a basis  $e_i$  in  $V$  associated to a linear operator  $A : V \rightarrow V$  such that  $A$  has a particularly simple matrix representation regarding  $e_i$ ? Evidently, the formulation is somewhat vague up till now but try to ensure yourself that for an arbitrary  $n \times n$  matrix  $A$  it almost always holds that  $A = ODO^{-1}$  where  $OO^{-1} = 1_n = O^{-1}O$  and  $D_i^j = \lambda_i \delta_i^j$  with  $\delta_i^j = 1$  if and only if  $i = j$  and zero otherwise.  $D$  is a so called diagonal  $n \times n$  matrix and the  $\lambda_i$  are called the eigenvalues such that

$$A(Oe_i) = \lambda_i(Oe_i)$$

which translates as the statement that  $Oe_i$  constitutes an eigenvector of  $A$  with eigenvalue  $\lambda_i$ .  $O$  is called an invertible or reversible  $n \times n$  matrix. The reasoning behind it is very simple: in general, it holds that almost any square matrix  $O$  is invertible such that  $O$  has  $n^2$  degrees of freedom; the mapping  $O \rightarrow ODO^{-1}$  reduces exactly  $n$  dimensions in case all  $\lambda_i$  in  $D$  are different because the equation  $VDV^{-1} = ODO^{-1}$  implies that  $(V^{-1}O)D = D(V^{-1}O)$  such that  $V = OD'$  with  $D'$  diagonal and henceforth any  $D$  "orbit" is  $n^2 - n$  dimensional. Given that the number of degrees of freedom in  $D$  also equals  $n$  we have in total  $n^2$  degrees of freedom and henceforth we obtain a "generic"  $n \times n$  matrix. Prior to proceeding, we study the effect of a change of basis on the matrix representation of  $A$ . Denoting  $e'_i = O(e_i)$  then one has

$$A_j^i e'_i = A(O(e_j)) = A(O_j^k e_k) = A_k^l O_j^k e_l = A_k^l O_j^k (O^{-1})_l^i e'_i$$

and as such  $A_j^i = (O^{-1})_k^i A_l^k O_j^l$ . So, generically, one can find a basis with respect to which the matrix representation for  $A$  is diagonal. The reader should show that all eigenvalues are unique as well as the eigenvectors (upon a normalization constant) in case all  $\lambda_j$  differ. One can find exceptions to this rule! Show that the matrix

$$N = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

satisfies  $N^2 = 0$  and therefore cannot be diagonalized. This is a simple consequence of the fact that any eigenvalue must be equal to zero and henceforth  $N = 0$  in case  $N$  can be diagonalized which is a contradiction. In two dimensions, one can by means of a suitable choice of basis ensure that an operator can be exclusively represented by one of the following matrices:

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} \lambda_1 & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} \lambda & 1 \\ 0 & \lambda \end{pmatrix}.$$

In case the reader wishes to prove such a result, as well as a suitable extension towards higher dimensions, then I advise further reading up to the end of the chapter prior to dealing with this challenge. An  $n \times n$  matrix  $A$  can still be interpreted in a different way as being merely the representation of a linear operator with respect to a vector space basis. One can see  $A$  as a collection of  $n$  ordered column vectors  $A = (v_1, \dots, v_n)$ . This viewpoint allows one to interpret  $A$  as a simplex or the multi-dimensional cube determined by the column vectors  $v_i$ . The determinant  $\det(A)$ , to be defined below, calculates then the oriented volume of that cube which is just the product of the lengths of the basis vectors  $e_i$  if the latter are perpendicular to one and another. We derive a formula for  $\det(A)$  from conditions the oriented volume needs to satisfy. First of all,  $\det$  is multi-linear in the columns; it is to say:

$$\det(v_1, \dots, v_{i-1}, a.v_i + b.w_i, v_{i+1}, \dots, v_n) =$$

$$a \det(v_1, \dots, v_{i-1}, v_i, v_{i+1}, \dots, v_n) + b \det(v_1, \dots, v_{i-1}, w_i, v_{i+1}, \dots, v_n)$$

as well as nil-potent in the sense that if  $v_i = v_j$  for some  $i \neq j$  then the determinant vanishes. This last condition merely reflects that if some axis coincide then the matrix defines a lower dimensional object with vanishing volume. Finally, one imposes the normalization condition that  $\det(1_n) = 1$ . These three conditions fully determine the functional description for the determinant: from the first and second condition one derives that the determinant is fully anti-symmetrical; it is to say that  $\det(v_1, \dots, v_i, \dots, v_j, \dots, v_n) = -\det(v_1, \dots, v_j, \dots, v_i, \dots, v_n)$ . Combining this fact with the third and first condition one arrives at

$$\det(A) = \sum_{\sigma \in S_n} \text{sign}(\sigma) A_{\sigma(1)}^1 \dots A_{\sigma(n)}^n$$

where  $\sigma$  is a so called permutation and  $\text{sign}$  denotes the sign thereof. Due to the anti-symmetrical nature of the determinant, each index is allowed to appear exactly once which is encoded in the above formula by means of a permutation. The latter is a bijection of  $\{1, 2, \dots, n\}$  onto itself whereas the sign denotes the even or odd nature of the number of swaps one has to perform to arrive from the identity mapping to  $\sigma$ , where an even number results in the value one and the odd number in minus one. One shows that permutations constitute a non commutative group  $S_n$  with  $n \cdot (n-1) \cdot (n-2) \dots 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1$  elements and we show now that the sign function is well defined meaning no odd and even number of swaps can occur. The proof is a bit technical; denote with  $(ij)$  the swapping operation of the  $i$ 'th and  $j$ 'th index leaving the remainder invariant, then it holds that

$$(ik)(ij) = (jk)(ik)$$

$$(ik)(jl) = (jl)(ik)$$

$$(ik)(ij) = (ij)(jk)$$

for distinct  $i, j, k, l$ . First of all, it is clear that any permutation can be written as a product of such swapping operations. Given a non trivial product of such swaps equivalent to the identity, then it is a simple matter to prove that it contains an even number of swaps using above swapping rules. Indeed, given  $\sigma = l(ik)s(jk)$  where  $l, s$  are products of swaps and  $l$  does not contain a swapping with the index  $k$  then the reader shows

that it is possible to rewrite this decomposition as  $\sigma = ls'$  where  $s'$  does not contain the index  $k$  and has precisely the same number of swaps as  $s$  has modulo two. In this way, one proves that  $\sigma$  contains an even number of swaps. From this it follows that two different products  $l, s$  for any permutation  $\sigma$  always differ by an even number of swaps by denoting that  $ls^{-1}$  is equivalent to the identity. Henceforth, the function sign is well defined; show that the determinant of a  $2 \times 2$  matrix is given by

$$\det \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} = ad - bc.$$

Prove now that

- $\text{sign}(\rho\sigma) = \text{sign}(\rho)\text{sign}(\sigma)$
- $\det(AB) = \det(A)\det(B)$ .

This last rule holds due to

$$\begin{aligned} \det(AB) &= \sum_{\sigma \in S_n} \text{sign}(\sigma) (AB)_{\sigma(1)}^1 \dots (AB)_{\sigma(n)}^n \\ &= \sum_{\sigma \in S_n} \sum_{m_1, \dots, m_n} \text{sign}(\sigma) A_{m_1}^1 \dots A_{m_n}^n B_{\sigma(1)}^{m_1} \dots B_{\sigma(n)}^{m_n} \end{aligned}$$

where  $m_1, \dots, m_n$  is another notation for a permutation. One easily understands this as follows: assuming that  $m_i = m_j$  then for every permutation  $\sigma$  it holds that the associated term is compensated by the one associated to the permutation  $\sigma(ij)$ . Henceforth, we have that

$$\begin{aligned} \det(AB) &= \sum_{\sigma, \rho \in S_n} \text{sign}(\sigma) A_{\rho(1)}^1 \dots A_{\rho(n)}^n B_{\sigma(1)}^{\rho(1)} \dots B_{\sigma(n)}^{\rho(n)} \\ &= \sum_{\sigma, \rho \in S_n} \text{sign}(\sigma\rho) A_{\rho(1)}^1 \dots A_{\rho(n)}^n B_{\sigma(1)}^1 \dots B_{\sigma(n)}^n \\ &= \det(A)\det(B). \end{aligned}$$

This implies in particular that  $\det(A^{-1}) = (\det(A))^{-1}$ . Hence, the determinant of  $A = (v_1, \dots, v_n)$  differs from zero if and only if the  $v_i$  constitute a basis which is equivalent to invertibility of  $A$ . Show that the inverse of

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix}$$

is provided by

$$A^{-1} = \frac{1}{ad - bc} \begin{pmatrix} d & -b \\ -c & a \end{pmatrix}.$$

The reader is advised to explicitly write out the determinant for  $3 \times 3$  matrices as well as to develop a suitable formula for the inverse of such matrix.

Now, we return to the study of the classification of matrices in “standard form” by means of a basis transformation, the so called Cartan problem which requires the proof of existence of eigenvalues  $\lambda$  as well as associated eigenvectors  $v_\lambda$  satisfying

$$A(v_\lambda) = \lambda v_\lambda.$$

Another way of phrasing this is to say that the nucleus of  $A - \lambda 1_n$  is nontrivial which is true if and only if

$$\det(A - \lambda 1_n) = 0.$$

At this point, determinants become useful because this formula can be interpreted as a root equation for a polynomial of the  $n$ 'th degree. As we know, this polynomial can be entirely factorized over the field of complex numbers  $\mathbb{C}$  and we obtain in general  $n$  distinguished complex eigenvalues showing that almost any matrix can be diagonalized. The reader is now advised to consider the previous example in two dimensions where two eigenvalues coincide and consider further examples of operators of a higher nil-potency in three

or more dimensions.

The vigilant reader has meanwhile noticed that that determinant of a matrix is a basis invariant and henceforth associated to a linear mapping; that is,

$$\det(O^{-1}AO) = \det(O)^{-1}\det(A)\det(O) = \det(A).$$

Therefore, it is noticed that the eigenvalue polynomial  $\det(A - \lambda 1_n)$  is an operator invariant. In particular, it is shown that the functional coefficient of  $k$ 'th degree corresponding to the  $n - k$ 'th power of  $\lambda$  constitutes an invariant under basis transformations. For  $k = 1$  this gives  $(-1)^{n-1}\text{Tr}(A)$  where the so called trace  $\text{Tr}$  is defined by means of

$$\text{Tr}(A) = \sum_{i=1}^n A_i^i.$$

Verify as an exercise in an explicit way that the trace is indeed a basis invariant and study the specific functional form of the higher invariants as well. One might try to write those as polynomials of traces of powers of the matrix; in particular in two dimensions it holds that

$$2\det(A) = (\text{Tr}(A))^2 - \text{Tr}(A^2).$$

Show that, in case one replaces the real number  $\lambda$  by the matrix  $A$  in the eigenvalue polynomial that it holds then that the resulting matrix equals the zero matrix. This is known as the theorem of Cayley Hamilton (hint: suppose first that  $A$  can be diagonalized and use then the definition of an eigenvalue as a root of the eigenvalue polynomial and finally employ that any matrix can be arbitrarily well approximated by one which is diagonalizable) which reads in two dimensions as

$$A^2 - \text{Tr}(A)A + \det(A)1_2 = 0.$$

Show finally that  $\text{Tr}(AB) = \text{Tr}(BA)$  and that this implies that no pair of matrices  $A, B$  exists such that

$$AB - BA = 1_n$$

a formula which is known as the bosonic Heisenberg relation and requires an infinite number of dimensions for operators having infinite traces. Note that it is possible to find two by two matrices such that

$$AB + BA = 1_2$$

known as the fermionic Heisenberg relationship. Bosons require henceforth an infinite number of dimensions whereas fermions live in dimensions equal to  $n = 2^d$  where the reader should find a realization for  $d = 1$ . Finally, we define the notion of transposition  $A^T$  as well as the complex conjugate  $\bar{A}$  of a matrix  $A$

$$(A^T)_j^i = A_i^j, (\bar{A})_j^i = \overline{A_j^i}.$$

Show that

$$(AB)^T = B^T A^T, (A^T)^T = A, (rA + sB)^T = rA^T + sB^T, (A^{-1})^T = (A^T)^{-1}$$

and similar properties for the complex conjugation. The hermitian conjugate, which is of fundamental importance in this book, is given by  $A^\dagger = \bar{A}^T$  and the reader may verify that

$$(AB)^\dagger = B^\dagger A^\dagger, (A^\dagger)^\dagger = A, (rA + sB)^\dagger = \bar{r}A^\dagger + \bar{s}B^\dagger, (A^{-1})^\dagger = (A^\dagger)^{-1}$$

In particular, it holds that for

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix},$$

$$A^T = \begin{pmatrix} a & c \\ b & d \end{pmatrix}$$

swapping rows as well as columns. Prove that for

$$N = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

it holds that  $N^T N + N N^T = 1_2 = N^\dagger N + N N^\dagger, N^2 = 0$  giving rise to the designation that  $N$  constitutes a fermionic creation-operator. This suffices for a first encounter with linear spaces and operators; the next section treats the subject in more depth and we continue now with succinct exercises

**Exercises regarding Hermitian projection operators.**

- Let  $P, Q$  be two Hermitian projection operators meaning that  $P^2 = P, Q^2 = Q, P^\dagger = P, Q^\dagger = Q$ . Show that  $P + Q$  constitutes a Hermitian projection operator if and only if  $PQ = QP = 0$ . Show that the same holds for  $PQ$  if and only if  $PQ = QP$ .
- Two Hermitian projection operators  $P, Q$  are orthogonal if and only if  $PQ = 0$ ; we define the partial order  $\leq$  by means of  $P \leq Q$  if and only if  $QP = PQ = P$ . Prove explicitly that  $\leq$  defines a partial order<sup>2</sup> on the set of Hermitian projection operators. In particular, it holds that  $P \leq Q$  and  $Q \leq P$  implies that  $P = Q$ . Also,  $P \leq Q$  and  $Q \leq R$  leads to  $P \leq R$ .
- We call the set of Hermitian projection operators on a vector space, equipped with  $\leq$ , a raster. Show that for any  $P, Q$  there exists a minimal projection operator  $P \vee Q$  such that  $P, Q \leq P \vee Q$  and any  $R$  such that  $P, Q \leq R$  satisfies  $P \vee Q \leq R$ . On the other hand, one may construct a maximal projection operator  $P \wedge Q \leq P, Q$ . Show that  $\vee, \wedge$  do not in general obey the rule of de Morgan:

$$P \wedge (R \vee Q) \neq (P \wedge R) \vee (P \wedge Q).$$

- Show that the raster possesses a unique minimum as well as maximum provided by 0 and 1 respectively.
- Show that there exist minimal nonzero Hermitian projection operators, called atoms. Every Hermitian projection operator may be written as a sum of orthogonal atoms.

**Quantum logic.**

Given that in the previous exercise  $\vee$  and  $\wedge$  may be conceived as “or” and “and” respectively, it becomes possible to understand quantal logic by means of using Hermitian projection operators as propositions. Reflect on this and retrieve classical pointer propositions.

**Hilbert space.**

Let  $v$  and  $w$  be two complex vectors and denote by

$$\langle v|w \rangle = v^\dagger w \in \mathbb{C}$$

the so-called scalar product of  $v$  and  $w$ . Prove that

$$\langle v|w \rangle = \overline{\langle w|v \rangle}, \quad \langle v|v \rangle \geq 0 \text{ and equality holds if and only if } v = 0$$

$$\langle v|aw + bz \rangle = a\langle v|w \rangle + b\langle v|z \rangle$$

and the reader verifies that these equalities imply that

$$\langle av + bz|w \rangle = \bar{a}\langle v|w \rangle + \bar{b}\langle z|w \rangle.$$

As a challenging exercise, the reader proves that

$$|\langle v|w \rangle| \leq \|v\| \|w\|$$

where  $\|v\| = \sqrt{\langle v|v \rangle}$ . Prove from hereon that

$$\|v + w\| \leq \|v\| + \|w\|$$

the so-called triangle inequality. Finally, let  $A$  be an operator, then show that

$$\langle v|Aw \rangle = \langle A^\dagger v|w \rangle.$$

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<sup>2</sup>Meaning that if  $a \leq b$  then the reverse does not hold,  $a \leq a$  and finally if  $a \leq b$  and  $b \leq c$  then  $a \leq c$ .

Dirac notation: a vector  $v$  is also denoted as  $|v\rangle$  and a conjugate vector  $v^\dagger$  as  $\langle v|$  so that  $|v\rangle\langle v|$  is the Hermitian projector on  $v$  in case  $\langle v|v\rangle = 1$ .

### Non-commutative Quantum logic.

We generalize the operations  $\wedge$  and  $\vee$  to a context in which they are no longer commutative; this procedure holds as well for the classical Boolean logic or the quantal logic explained above where the de Morgan rule gets a minor blow. It is natural to interpret  $\wedge$  as well as  $\vee$  as mappings  $\wedge, \vee : P \times P \rightarrow P : (x, y) \rightarrow x \wedge y, (x, y) \rightarrow x \vee y$  where  $P$  denotes the lattice of propositions defined by means of a linear Euclidean space in the quantal case. Define the mapping  $S : P \times P \rightarrow P \times P : (x, y) \rightarrow (y, x)$  and consider  $\wedge^{(v,w)} := W \circ \wedge \circ S \circ V$  as well as  $\vee^{(v,w)} = W \circ \vee \circ S \circ V$  where  $V : P \times P \rightarrow P \times P$  is required to be invertible as well as is the case for  $W : P \rightarrow P$ . Requiring  $\wedge^{(v,w)}$  to satisfy  $\left(\wedge^{(v,w)}\right)^{(v,w)} = \wedge$  it is sufficient and mandatory that  $W^2 = 1$  as well as  $S \circ V \circ S \circ V = 1$ . This demand is of a special algebraic nature which we dub by the name of an involution; so we are going to study involutive deviations from quantal logic. An involution gives rise to a notion of duality; in particular self-duality is defined by the condition that

$$\wedge^{(v,w)} = \wedge, \vee^{(v,w)} = \vee.$$

It is natural to propose first  $S$  symmetrical logics; these are given by

$$\wedge^{(V,W)} \circ S = \wedge^{(V,W)}, \vee^{(V,W)} \circ S = \vee^{(V,W)}.$$

This can only happen by choosing  $V$  such that

$$V \circ S = S \circ V$$

reducing a previous condition to

$$V^2 = 1$$

whereas it still holds that

$$\wedge^{(V,W)} = W \circ \wedge \circ S \circ V.$$

In case  $\wedge, \vee$  coincide with the standard Boolean or Quantal operations denoted by  $\wedge_d, \vee_d$  where  $d = c, q$  one has that

$$\wedge_d \circ S = \wedge_d, \vee_d \circ S = \vee_d.$$

In such a case,

$$\wedge := \wedge_d^{(V,W)} = W \circ \wedge_d \circ V$$

a small simplification of the previous formula and  $\vee$  is defined in a similar way. Now, to remain entirely clear, it is so that the  $d$  index should be the same in  $\wedge, \vee$  but  $(V, W)$  becomes  $(R, T)$  for  $\vee$  whereas the former pertains to  $\wedge$ . We now isolate the “de Morgan expression”  $a \wedge (b \vee c)$ :

$$\wedge \circ (1 \times \vee)(a, b, c) = W \wedge_q V(1 \times T \vee_q R)(a, b, c).$$

It is subsequently natural to call  $T$  -  $(\wedge_q, V)$  compatible if and only if  $\wedge_q V(1 \times T) = T' \wedge_q V$  for some  $T' : P \rightarrow P$ . Likewise, it is natural to call  $V$  -  $\vee_q$  compatible if and only if  $V(1 \times \vee_q) = (1 \times \vee_q)V'$  for some  $V' : P^3 \rightarrow P^3$ . Under these assumptions, the previous expression reduces to

$$WT'(\wedge_q(1 \times \vee_q))V'(1 \times R)$$

which was the desirable separation. It is furthermore natural to suggest further restrictions

$$WT' = 1, V'(1 \times R) = 1_3.$$

### Truth evaluators $\omega$

The material presented below constitutes an extension of the notes I have received once from Rafael Dolnick Sorkin; in classical Boolean logic one disposes of truth evaluator  $\omega$  of logical sentences which constitutes a homomorphism from the set of propositions  $P, \vee_c, \wedge_c$  to  $\mathbb{Z}_2, +, \cdot$  where 0 is interpreted as false and 1 as true and  $\vee_c$  is the so called exclusive *or* in the sense that  $a \vee_c b$  is true if and only if exactly one of them is true. It is to say that

$$\omega(a \vee_c b) = \omega(a) + \omega(b), \omega(a \wedge_c b) = \omega(a)\omega(b).$$

In quantum logic, there is no such thing as a truth evaluator; one can only say whether a particular assertion is true or false with a certain probability. A quantum reality is then a particular choice of mapping from  $P$  to  $\mathbb{Z}_2$  but it makes no sense any longer to speak about a homomorphism because the de-Morgan rule fails in general: the lattice is not distributive. As such, it may very well be that you have a quantal reality  $\omega$  for which  $\omega(a) = \omega(b) = 1$ , but  $\omega(a \wedge_q b) = 0$ . To get an idea of what more general realities are about, let us describe a classical system in a quantum mechanical fashion. An example is give by means of the weather, “the sun shines”, modeled by  $|l\rangle$ , or “it is dark” given by  $|d\rangle$ . Quantum mechanically, one disposes of a complex two dimensional Euclidean space spanned by the extremal vectors  $|l\rangle, |d\rangle$ . Consider now a general state

$$|\psi\rangle = \alpha|l\rangle + \beta|d\rangle$$

and study the class of truth functionals  $\omega$  which merely depend upon

$$\frac{|\alpha|^2}{|\alpha|^2 + |\beta|^2}, \frac{|\beta|^2}{|\alpha|^2 + |\beta|^2}$$

something which reduces to a parameter  $0 \leq \lambda \leq 1$  due to

$$\frac{|\alpha|^2}{|\alpha|^2 + |\beta|^2} + \frac{|\beta|^2}{|\alpha|^2 + |\beta|^2} = 1.$$

When all truth evaluators merely depend upon this parameter only, the complex plane may be reduced to the line segment connecting both extremal vectors  $|l\rangle, |d\rangle$  to one and another. An example of such a gneralized reality is provided by

$$\omega_\epsilon^l : [0, 1] \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}_3$$

given by means of the prescription

$$\omega_\epsilon^l(\sqrt{\lambda}|l\rangle + \sqrt{(1-\lambda)}|d\rangle) = \chi(\lambda + \epsilon - 1) + 2\chi(\lambda - \epsilon)\chi(1 - \epsilon - \lambda).$$

$\omega^l$  and is henceforth connected to the question whether the light shines and  $\epsilon$  is the tolerance of the observer. This truth evaluator says “yes”, given by means of 1, in case  $1 - \epsilon \leq \lambda \leq 1$ , under determined or “vague” 2 when  $\epsilon \leq \lambda \leq 1 - \epsilon$  and no, given by 0, when  $0 \leq \lambda \leq \epsilon$ . We have that  $\chi$  is the so called characteristic function defined on the real numbers by means of  $\chi(x) = 1$  in case  $x \geq 0$  and zero otherwise. The issue is that we departed from a quantum mechanical description of the weather and by reduction of the allowed questions arrived to a classical system where, moreover,  $\omega_\epsilon^l$  is nonlinear.

Most physicists would suggest at this moment that we did not make a sufficient distinction between classical and quantum logic as yet because  $\wedge_q, \vee_q$  are commutative, associative but  $\wedge_q$  is not distributive with regard to  $\vee_q$  which is the case for  $\wedge_c, \vee_c$ . In our most general setting, one has that  $\wedge$  and  $\vee$  are neither commutative, nor associative

$$\vee(1 \times \vee)(a, b, c) = T \vee_d R(1 \times T \vee_d R)(a, b, c) \neq T \vee_d R(T \vee_d R \times 1)(a, b, c) = \vee(\vee \times 1)(a, b, c)$$

and likewise so for  $\wedge$ . The main distinction between classical and quantum logic resides in the fact that the set of propositions constitutes a distributive lattice in the former case whereas it does not in the latter; this results in the statement that the classical rule

$$\mu(a|b)\mu(b) = \mu(b|a)\mu(a)$$

is no longer true in the quantal case. Here,  $\mu$  is the probability measure that  $a$  is true; in other words, the truth determinations of  $a$  and  $b$  depend upon the order in which they occur. This has so far not been accounted given that a homomorphism  $\vee_{c,q}, \wedge_{c,q}$  does not make any distinction in the order of the factors. Therefore, classically, for our homomorphism  $\omega_c(a \wedge_c b)$  is determined by the unordered tuple  $\{\omega_c(a), \omega_c(b)\}$ . Quantum mechanically, it is as such that the reality  $\omega_q(a \wedge_q b)$  is not provided by the ordered couple  $(\omega_q(a), \omega_q(b))$  as elements of  $\mathbb{Z}_2$  but also depends upon  $a, b$  themselves. It is not so that

$$\mu_{|v\rangle}(a|b) = \frac{\mu_{|v\rangle}(a \wedge_q b)}{\mu_{|v\rangle}(b)}$$

due to commutativity of  $\wedge_q$  as well as  $a \wedge_q b = 0$  for distinct one dimensional Hermitian projection operators  $a, b$  on a Hilbert space  $\mathcal{H}$ . The exact formula is given by

$$\mu_{|v\rangle}(a|b) = \frac{\text{Tr}(|v\rangle\langle v|bab)}{\text{Tr}(|v\rangle\langle v|b)}$$

and the reader notices that the non-commutativity of  $a$  and  $b$  is of vital importance. Henceforth, the ontological mapping defined in quantum theory is given by  $\kappa : P \rightarrow \mathbf{L}(\mathcal{H})$  where  $P$  is the set of prepositions with a yes or no answer onto the lattice of Hermitian projection operators defined on the Hilbert space of states of the system. The classical Lagrange formula

$$\mu(a|b)\mu(b) = \mu(b|a)\mu(a)$$

where  $\mu$  is determined by the state of the system is abandoned upon provided that  $\wedge_q$  a la Von Neumann offers no alternative. The natural question henceforth is whether we may find a natural  $\wedge$  as well as a consistent set of realities

$$\omega_q^p : P \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}_2 \times [0, 1]$$

attached to density matrices  $\rho$  defined on  $\mathcal{H}$ , such that

$$\omega_q^p(a) = (1, \lambda)$$

and

$$\omega_q'^p(a) := (0, 1 - \lambda)$$

is defined as the complementary observation. It is clear that  $\omega_q$  is not always given by a homomorphism; prior to proceeding, it is important to understand  $\vee_q$ . It is clearly so that in quantum theory, we have an extended ontology; we do not only pose the question “what is the probability that  $a \wedge_c b$  holds given that  $a$  as well as  $b$  are true” such as the case in classical logic, but we insist on the formulation “what is the chance that  $a \wedge_q b$  holds given that  $a$  after  $b$  has been experimentally established”. The right answer is easy if  $a \wedge b$  is represented by the Hermitian operator  $bab$  which is logical given that the order of measurement matters. In general, one shows that

$$a \wedge_q b = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{1}{2}(ab + ba) \right)^n$$

and in the framework of our deformation theory  $\wedge$  is given by means of

$$V(a, b) = (1, bab)$$

at least this is so for atomic elements  $a, b$ . For atomic elements,  $\frac{bab}{\text{Tr}(ab)}$  is again a rank one Hermitian projection operator; however for projection operators of general rank, this is no longer the case. Here, we have to extend our definition of  $V$  as going from  $P \times P \rightarrow C \times C$  where  $C$  are the so called positive operators on Hilbert space. An operator  $A$  is positive if and only if  $A$  is self adjoint and

$$\langle v|A|v\rangle > 0$$

for all  $v \neq 0$ . As an exercise, the reader understands that the definition of  $\leq$  extends to the Hermitian operators by means of  $A \leq B$  if and only if

$$\langle v|(B - A)|v\rangle > 0.$$

Show that in such a case, the definitions of  $\wedge_q$  and  $\vee_q$  can be extended in a rather arbitrary fashion (we shall provide for a construction below). Indeed, it is impossible to define  $A \wedge B$  as the largest Hermitian operator smaller or equal than  $A, B$  and  $A \vee B$  as the smallest Hermitian operator greater or equal to  $A, B$  respectively (see the following example). Nevertheless, it is possible to define a weaker notion of maximality for  $A \wedge B$  meaning that if  $A \wedge B \leq C \leq A, B$  then  $C = A \wedge B$ . As an example, consider

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 \end{pmatrix}, B = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

the latter having eigenvalues 1, 5 and the reader may verify that the operators

$$C = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix}, D = \begin{pmatrix} b & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{5}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

for  $32b = \frac{89}{4} - (\frac{27}{2})^2$  are both intersections in the second sense but not in the first as the reader may verify. A rather canonical construction hinges on the spectral theorem for Hermitian operators, something which we shall study in the next section. Briefly, it says that any Hermitian operator  $A$  can be written as

$$A = \sum_i \lambda_i P_i$$

where the  $\lambda_i$  are the real eigenvalues and the  $P_i$  Hermitian projection operators such that  $P_i P_j = \delta_{ij} P_i$ . Therefore, take  $A, B$  and order all eigenvalues

$$\lambda_0 < \lambda_1 \dots < \lambda_k$$

with  $k \leq 2n$  where  $n$  is the dimension of Hilbert space. Note that some of the  $\lambda_i$  may belong to  $A$  as well as  $B$ ; in that case, we consider the projection operators  $R_i := P_i \vee_q Q_i$  where the  $Q_i$  refer to  $B$  otherwise  $R_i$  equals  $P_i$  or  $Q_i$ . Start now with  $\lambda_0$ , the smallest eigenvalue, and consider the operator  $C_0 = \lambda_0 R_0$ ; clearly  $C_0 \leq A, B$ . Proceed now towards the minimal  $\lambda_j$  such that  $S_j := \vee_{i=2}^j R_i$  obeys  $[S_j, R_0] = 0$  and consider the projection operator

$$T_1 := S_j(1 - R_0)$$

then the reader verifies that this is an Hermitian projection operator and that  $T_1 R_0 = 0$ . In case no such  $j$  exists, then define  $A \wedge_q B = \lambda_0 R_0 + \lambda_1(1 - R_0)$ , otherwise proceed with  $C_1 := \lambda_0 R_0 + \lambda_1 T_1$ . The reader now understands that he has to look at  $\lambda_{j+1}$  and construct the smallest  $S_k := \vee_{i=j+1}^k R_i$  such that

$$[S_k, R_0 + T_1] = 0.$$

In case no such  $k$  exists  $A \wedge_q B = \lambda_0 R_0 + \lambda_1 T_1 + \lambda_{j+1}(1 - R_0 - T_1)$  otherwise we consider

$$C_2 = \lambda_0 R_0 + \lambda_1 T_1 + \lambda_{j+1} T_2$$

where  $T_2 = S_k(1 - R_0 - T_1)$  and the procedure continues. It is obvious that the final result is not necessarily an optimal Hermitian operator which is smaller or equal to both  $A, B$ . The construction of  $\vee_q$  is similar, but then one starts at the largest eigenvalue of both operators.  $W$  is henceforth determined on the rank 1 matrices by means of the identity. Therefore, for rank one projectors  $a, b$  it holds that

$$a \wedge b = T \circ \wedge_q \circ R(a, b) = bab.$$

Subsequently, one has that

$$\omega_q^\rho(a) = (1, \text{Tr}(\rho a))$$

or

$$\omega_q^\rho(a) = (0, 1 - \text{Tr}(\rho a))$$

for  $a$  of rank one. Clearly, by definition

$$\omega_{q,1}^\rho(a|b) := \frac{\pi_2(\omega_q^\rho(a \wedge b))}{\pi_2(\omega_q^\rho(b))}$$

equals the probability that  $a$  is measured after  $b$ . Here  $\pi_j$  equals the projection on the  $j$ 'th factor. Elaborate further on this theory and determine a suitable  $\vee$  operation. Hint: the latter is cannot be given by  $a \vee b = a + b$  in the deformation framework provided that  $\vee_q$  does not allow one to determine the projection of  $a$  on  $b$  as is given by  $\text{Tr}(ab)$ . This is something which is mandatory to extract the sum operation. To define  $\vee$  it is advised to use the classical rule

$$\neg(a \vee_c b) = (\neg a) \wedge_c (\neg b)$$

and using  $\neg\neg = 1$ , it holds that

$$a \vee b = \neg((\neg a) \wedge (\neg b)).$$

In quantum theory,  $\neg(a)$  is provided by  $1 - a$  and henceforth, we arrive at

$$a \vee b = 1 - (1 - a) \wedge (1 - b)$$

which leads to a violation of the de Morgan rule given that

$$a \wedge (b \vee c) = a \wedge (1 - (1 - b) \wedge (1 - c)) = (1 - (1 - c)(1 - b)(1 - c))a(1 - (1 - c)(1 - b)(1 - c))$$

whereas

$$(a \wedge b) \vee (a \wedge c) = 1 - (1 - cac).(1 - bab).(1 - cac).$$

**General exercise.**

Determine matrix representations of deformed logic's in terms of commutative albeit possible non-associative ones. It is to say that

$$\wedge = (\tilde{\wedge}_{ijk})_{i,j,k:1\dots n}$$

where

$$\tilde{\wedge}_{ijk}(a_j, b_k) = \tilde{\wedge}_{ijk}(b_k, a_j)$$

constitute  $S$  symmetrical logics on the product space  $\times_n P$  where  $P$  provides for elementary propositions. Classify first the  $S$  symmetric deformations of Boolean logic on general proposition sets.

## 1.1 Hilbert Spaces and some Important Theorems

Whereas our exposition up till now has uncovered some important notions such as a modified logic and the very idea that you can sum up the states of a system, the so called superposition principle (which has been experimentally verified), the really interesting stuff which we shall crucially use in the next chapters resides in infinite dimensions. This entire section is simply devoted to this particular subtlety because in an infinite number of dimensions things can happen which do not occur in a finite number. In that context, we have said already that the commutation relations

$$AB - BA = 1$$

cannot materialize in finite dimensions whereas those will constitute the very cornerstone of our thinking about the mental world. In order to proceed, we must deviate slightly into the notion of topology which is a means to speak about whether two objects are in each others neighborhood or not. Lets introduce it by means of a metric; you all know that the distance between two points  $p_i$  with coordinates  $(x^i, y^i)$  in the real plane is given by

$$d(p_1, p_2) = \sqrt{(x^1 - x^2)^2 + (y^1 - y^2)^2}$$

and the natural generalization thereof to  $n$  dimensions reads

$$\sqrt{\sum_{j=1}^n (x_j^1 - x_j^2)^2}.$$

As for every distance function, it holds that

$$0 \leq d(x, y) = d(y, x), \quad d(x, z) \leq d(x, y) + d(y, z), \quad d(x, y) = 0 \leftrightarrow x = y.$$

Now, one can define a set  $O$  to be open if and only if for any  $x \in O$ , there exists a sufficiently small number  $\epsilon > 0$  such that if  $d(x, y) < \epsilon$  then  $y \in O$ . The reader shows that the finite intersection of open sets is open as well as an arbitrary (possibly infinite) union of open sets. By definition  $\mathbb{R}^n$  and the empty set are open. These three properties constitute the very definition of what we mean with a topology; we shall in this book restrict ourselves to topologies generated by (pseudo) norms, a concept which shall be explained further on in this chapter. Until now, we have been silent about the subject of topologies on linear spaces as well as on spaces of linear operators defined upon the former. The reason for this is very simple: all such spaces have been equivalent to  $\mathbb{R}^n$  from the set theoretical point of view and all "natural" topologies which spring to ones mind are equivalent to the product norm topology. In a countable infinite number of dimensions, these topologies become inequivalent and we shall study those at an early stage in this section. We shall commence with studying an in-product geometry and see how it connects to probability theory as well as topology: the philosophy then is that such flat geometry precedes all remaining concepts in a well defined sense.

There exist many distinguished means of presenting the material below but I am of the opinion that the succinct presentation beneath is the most efficient one. A distinguished feature of Euclidean geometry is that the underlying set is given by means of linear space, this is no longer true when studying curved geometry. This very feature shaped a too limited characterization for two thousand years of several geometrical concepts such a the one of an oriented line segment connecting two points  $x, y$ . The old view was that those could

be connected by means of a free vector  $y - x$  which is then assumed to be “tight” to the point  $x$ . Crucial herein is the minus sign as an operation suggesting that it is possible to add vectors without caring about their “anchoring” to particular points. Mathematically, this results in the notion of a linear space with the zero displacement 0 as a neutral element mistaken dubbed as the “origin” of the latter space. This preferred origin has been long subject of “theological debate” which has its philosophical side too: is earth the center of the universe which never is in motion? Or must one speak about the sun or another heavenly body in this regard? Newton and his friends were the first to cut the Gordian knot: they introduced the concept of an affine space by allowing for translations removing any preference of origin whatsoever. Indeed, the mapping  $x \rightarrow x + a$  does not commute with the addition given that

$$(x + y) + a \neq (x + a) + (y + a).$$

It leaves however the difference invariant in the sense that

$$(y + a) - (x + a) = y - x$$

such that vectors, bound or free, have a significantly distinct status from points. In Newton’s world, nothing is fixed and that was a grand realization by itself. Mathematicians such as Gauss, Riemann and Cartan did proceed even further on: modern cosmos has no translation symmetry any longer and cannot be described any more in the language of affine spaces. The importation of this realization into physics has been the great achievement of Albert Einstein by means of his theory of general relativity which constitutes by far a superior explanation behind everyday large scale observations in the universe. Euclidean space or an (in)finite dimensional flat geometry is defined henceforth by means of a real vector space  $\mathcal{H}$  as well as scalar product  $\langle v|w \rangle$  where  $v, w \in \mathcal{H}$ . The scalar product between  $v$  and  $w$  is supposed to be equal to the product of the oriented length of the projection of  $w$  upon  $v$  times the length of  $v$ . This quantity satisfies, by means of simple experience, the following properties:

$$\begin{aligned} \langle v|w \rangle &= \langle w|v \rangle \\ \langle v|aw + bu \rangle &= a\langle v|w \rangle + b\langle v|u \rangle \\ \langle v|v \rangle &\geq 0 \text{ where equality holds if and only if } v = 0. \end{aligned}$$

The scalar product henceforth determines the notion of perpendicularity; the very fact that we have here on earth a preferred notion of perpendicularity is of a physical nature. Albert Einstein discovered that this information is encoded partially into the gravitational field. It could be that an alien would experience this gravitational field differently and that it would suggest a different local geometry. One can speak about complex geometries: in such a case, one defines in exactly the same fashion a sesquilinear form where now

$$\langle v|w \rangle = \overline{\langle w|v \rangle}$$

with the complex conjugation defined as usual by means of

$$\overline{a + bi} = a - bi.$$

For example,  $\mathbb{C}$  constitutes a one dimensional Hilbert space with as scalar product  $\bar{v}w$ . As stated in the introduction, a Hilbert space carries some natural topologies; to define those, we show that the scalar product defines in a canonical fashion a metric  $d$ . We first prove that the quantity  $\|v\|$  defined by

$$\|v\| = \sqrt{\langle v|v \rangle}$$

and called a norm has identical properties to those of the modulus of a complex number. An important step herein is the so called Cauchy-Schwartz identity

$$|\langle v|w \rangle| \leq \|v\| \|w\|$$

meaning that the projection of  $w$  on  $v$  multiplied with the length of  $v$  is less or equal to the product of the lengths of  $v$  and  $w$ , a result one expects to hold trivially. The formal proof goes as follows:

$$0 \leq \|v + \lambda w\|^2 = \|v\|^2 + |\lambda|^2 \|w\|^2 + 2\text{Re}(\bar{\lambda}\langle w|v \rangle)$$

where  $\text{Re}(a + ib) = a$  is the real part of the complex number  $z = a + bi$ . One verifies that the real part of the complex number  $z$  may be written as  $\frac{1}{2}(z + \bar{z})$  whereas the imaginary part equals  $-i\frac{1}{2}(z - \bar{z})$ . The modulus of a complex number is defined by means of

$$|z| = \sqrt{z\bar{z}} = \sqrt{a^2 + b^2}$$

and satisfies

$$|z + z'|^2 = |z|^2 + |z'|^2 + (z\bar{z}' + \bar{z}z')$$

whereas the last term equals, up to a factor of two,

$$aa' + bb'$$

and the absolute value is bounded from above by  $|a||a'| + |b||b'|$ . The square of this last expression is given by

$$a^2a'^2 + b^2b'^2 + 2|a||a'||b||b'| \leq (a^2 + b^2)(a'^2 + b'^2) = |z|^2|z'|^2$$

and consequently one has that

$$|z + z'|^2 \leq (|z| + |z'|)^2$$

and hitherto

$$|z + z'| \leq |z| + |z'|$$

a formula known as the triangle inequality. Consequently, we may define a metric on the complex plane by means of

$$d(z, z') = |z - z'|.$$

Returning to the proof of the triangle inequality, one notices that we may pick  $\lambda$  such that

$$\text{Re}(\bar{\lambda}\langle w|v\rangle) = -|\lambda||\langle v|w\rangle|$$

whereas, in general, the left hand side is always larger than the right hand side. Therefore, we have that

$$0 \leq \|v\|^2 + |\lambda|^2 \|w\|^2 - 2|\lambda||\langle v|w\rangle|$$

which is a quadratic polynomial inequality in the positive variable  $|\lambda|$ . The existence of at most one positive root demands that

$$0 \leq 4|\langle v|w\rangle|^2 - 4\|v\|^2\|w\|^2$$

which proves the result and equality only holds if and only if  $w = -\lambda v$ . Consequently,

$$\|v + w\|^2 \leq \|v\|^2 + \|w\|^2 + 2|\langle v|w\rangle| \leq \|v\|^2 + \|w\|^2 + 2\|v\|\|w\| = (\|v\| + \|w\|)^2$$

which proves the triangle inequality for the norm. Consequently, each Hilbert space  $\mathcal{H}$  defines a canonical metric topology by means of

$$d(v, w) = \|v - w\|$$

and we demand that  $\mathcal{H}$  is complete in this topology. This condition is extremely important for the theory of linear operators but let us start by making some preliminary observations. Two non-zero vectors  $v, w$  are perpendicular to one and another if and only if  $\langle v|w\rangle = 0$  and we say  $v$  is normed if and only if  $\|v\| = 1$ . Due to the axiom of choice, any Hilbert space has an orthonormal basis  $(e_i)_{i \in I}$  meaning  $\langle e_i|e_j\rangle = \delta_{ij}$  where  $\delta_{ij}$  equals 0 if  $i \neq j$  and 1 otherwise. The mindful reader notices that  $\delta_j^i$  constitutes a basis invariant whereas  $\delta_{ij}$  is only invariant under orthogonal or unitary transformations. For finite dimensional Hilbert spaces, one has that, with  $v = \sum_{i=1}^n v^i e_i$ , it holds

$$\langle v|w\rangle = \sum_{i,j=1}^n \bar{v}^i w^j \delta_{ij}$$

which constitutes a generalization of the standard in-product in three dimensional Euclidean geometry. Show that by means of a basis transformation  $e'_i = O_i^j e_j$  we have that  $\delta'_{ij} = \langle e'_i|e'_j\rangle = \bar{O}_i^k O_j^l \delta_{kl}$ . Exercise: define Hilbert spaces over the real quaternions.

We now consider some operations or constructions one can perform with real or complex Hilbert spaces.

The best known ones are applied in the theory of quantum mechanics and are given by the tensor product  $\otimes$  as well as direct sum  $\oplus$ . Given two Hilbert spaces  $\mathcal{H}_i$ , the tensor product  $\mathcal{H}_1 \otimes \mathcal{H}_2$  constitutes again a Hilbert space spanned by pure vectors  $v_1 \otimes v_2$  where  $v_i \in \mathcal{H}_i$ . Regarding sums  $\sum_{i=1}^n z_i v^i \otimes w^i$ , the following equivalences are in place

$$\begin{aligned} z(v \otimes w) &\equiv (zv) \otimes w \equiv v \otimes (zw) \\ v \otimes w_1 + v \otimes w_2 &\equiv v \otimes (w_1 + w_2). \end{aligned}$$

We define  $\mathcal{H}$  as the linear space of such equivalence classes and make a completion in the metric topology defined by means of the scalar product

$$\langle v_1 \otimes w_1 | v_2 \otimes w_2 \rangle := \langle v_1 | v_2 \rangle \langle w_1 | w_2 \rangle.$$

In a similar vein, the direct sum  $\mathcal{H}_1 \oplus \mathcal{H}_2$  is defined by means of the equivalences

$$\begin{aligned} z(v \oplus w) &\equiv (zv) \oplus (zw) \\ v_1 \oplus w_1 + v_2 \oplus w_2 &\equiv (v_1 + v_2) \oplus (w_1 + w_2) \end{aligned}$$

with as scalar product

$$\langle v_1 \oplus w_1 | v_2 \oplus w_2 \rangle := \langle v_1 | v_2 \rangle + \langle w_1 | w_2 \rangle.$$

One verifies that a basis for  $\mathcal{H}_1 \otimes \mathcal{H}_2$  is provided by means of  $v_i \otimes w_j$  where the  $v_i$  constitute a basis of  $\mathcal{H}_1$  and  $w_j$  of  $\mathcal{H}_2$ . A basis for  $\mathcal{H}_1 \oplus \mathcal{H}_2$  is provided by  $v_i \oplus 0, 0 \oplus w_j$ .

In a vector space, a basis defines a scalar product and the mapping of bases to Hilbert spaces is surjective. Bases connected by means of a transformation  $O$  satisfying

$$\overline{O}_i^k O_j^l \delta_{kl} = \delta_{ij}$$

determine the same scalar product and reversely alike scalar products define separate bases connected by such a transformation. One verifies that those matrices constitute a group,  $U(n)$  for  $n$  dimensional complex Hilbert spaces and  $O(n)$  in the real case, the so called unitary respectively orthogonal groups. The above formula reads in matrix language

$$O^H O = 1$$

whereas  $O^H = (\overline{O})^T = \overline{(O^T)}$ . Show that in two dimensions the unitary matrices are explicitly given by

$$O = \frac{1}{\sqrt{|a|^2 + |b|^2}} \begin{pmatrix} a & -\bar{b} \\ b & \bar{a} \end{pmatrix}$$

with  $a, b \in \mathbb{C}$ . This group has three real parameters; the reader is advised to determine an alike representation for  $O(2)$ . Given linear operators  $A : \mathcal{H}_1 \rightarrow \mathcal{H}_3$  and  $B : \mathcal{H}_2 \rightarrow \mathcal{H}_4$  then we may define operators

$$A \oplus B : \mathcal{H}_1 \oplus \mathcal{H}_2 \rightarrow \mathcal{H}_3 \oplus \mathcal{H}_4$$

as well as

$$A \otimes B : \mathcal{H}_1 \otimes \mathcal{H}_2 \rightarrow \mathcal{H}_3 \otimes \mathcal{H}_4$$

by means of

$$A \oplus B(v_1 \oplus v_2) = A(v_1) \oplus B(v_2)$$

and

$$A \otimes B(v_1 \otimes v_2) = A(v_1) \otimes B(v_2).$$

The reader should reflect for a moment and convince himself that  $\otimes$  serves for the purpose of combining separate systems; it is to say functions in  $n$  real variables  $f_k : (x_1, \dots, x_n) \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$  and  $m$  real variables  $g_k : (y_1, \dots, y_m) \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$  define functions in  $n + m$  real variables by means of

$$F = \sum_k a_k (f_k \otimes g_k) : \mathbb{R}^{n+m} \rightarrow \mathbb{C} : (x_1, \dots, x_n, y_1, \dots, y_m) \rightarrow$$

$$\sum_k a_k f_k(x_1, \dots, x_n) g_k(y_1, \dots, y_m).$$

Here, one should not regard  $\mathbb{R}^{n+m}$  as a vector space but as a set; in the vector space language, it holds that  $\mathbb{R}^{n+m} = \mathbb{R}^n \oplus \mathbb{R}^m$ . It is a result from real analysis that  $F : \mathbb{R}^{n+m} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$  may be written as  $\sum_k a_k (f_k \otimes g_k)$ ; in other words, one has a complex vector space of functions  $L_2(\mathbb{R}^{n+m})$  which equals  $L_2(\mathbb{R}^n) \otimes L_2(\mathbb{R}^m)$ .

One now makes the following exercises: be  $A : V \rightarrow V$  and  $B : W \rightarrow W$  operators on finite dimensional vector spaces; show that

$$\text{Tr}(A \oplus B) = \text{Tr}(A) + \text{Tr}(B), \text{Tr}(A \otimes B) = \text{Tr}(A)\text{Tr}(B)$$

and

$$\det(A \oplus B) = \det(A)\det(B), \det(A \otimes B) = \det(A)^m \det(B)^n$$

where  $n = \dim(V)$  and  $m = \dim(W)$ . In case  $V, W$  constitute moreover Hilbert spaces; show that

$$(A \oplus B)^H = A^H \oplus B^H, (A \otimes B)^H = A^H \otimes B^H.$$

Prove that the operations  $\oplus, \otimes$  are associative with  $\{0\}, \mathbb{C}$  as identity element respectively; denote with  $\otimes_{\mathcal{F}}$  the mapping on the space of Hilbert spaces defined by  $\otimes_{\mathcal{F}}(\mathcal{H}) = \mathcal{H} \otimes \mathcal{F}$ . Construct a  $i_{\mathcal{F}}$  such that  $i_{\mathcal{F}} \circ (\otimes_{\mathcal{F}}) = \text{id}$  where  $\text{id}$  is given by the identity transformation. Show that  $\otimes_{\mathcal{F}}$  is not surjective unless  $\mathcal{F} = \mathbb{C}$  which shows that there does not exist any  $p_{\mathcal{F}}$  obeying  $(\otimes_{\mathcal{F}}) \circ p_{\mathcal{F}} = \text{id}$ . Make a similar construction for  $\oplus_{\mathcal{F}}$  and notify that nor  $\oplus, \otimes$  are commutative. Here, we have found an example of a mapping, derived from an operation, with a left but no right inverse. Introduce now the concept of an anti-Hilbert space  $\mathcal{F}^{\otimes}$  as a formal right inverse for  $\mathcal{F}$ ; it is to say that

$$\mathcal{F} \otimes \mathcal{F}^{\otimes} = \mathbb{C}.$$

In that case  $i_{\mathcal{F}}$  equals  $\otimes_{\mathcal{F}^{\otimes}}$  on the image of  $\otimes_{\mathcal{F}}$ . This procedure is entirely analogous to taking negative integers or fractions starting from the natural numbers. Do the same for  $\oplus$  and reflect further hereupon. More in particular, denote with  $a_i$  bosonic annihilation operators defined by

$$a_i a_j^{\dagger} - a_j^{\dagger} a_i = \delta_{ij} 1$$

and posit that

$$\mathcal{F} \equiv \{v = \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} \lambda^i a_i | \langle 0 | v v^{\dagger} | 0 \rangle < \infty \text{ with scalar product } \langle v | w \rangle = \langle 0 | w v^{\dagger} | 0 \rangle\}$$

where  $|0\rangle$  constitutes the so called Fock vacuum defined by  $a_i |0\rangle = 0$ .  $\mathcal{F}^{\otimes}$  equals then for example

$$\{v = \lambda^j a_j^{\dagger} | \text{with as scalar product } \langle v | w \rangle = \langle 0 | v^{\dagger} w | 0 \rangle\}$$

such that

$$v \in \mathcal{F} \otimes \mathcal{F}^{\otimes}$$

is given by  $\sum_i \lambda_i \mu_j a_i a_j^{\dagger}$ . The scalar product is given by

$$\sum_i |\lambda_i|^2 |\mu_j|^2 \langle 0 | a_j a_i^{\dagger} a_i a_j^{\dagger} | 0 \rangle$$

which equals  $|\lambda_j|^2 |\mu_j|^2$ . Therefore, all modes in  $\mathcal{F}$  with  $i \neq j$  are killed such that the positive norm requirement is restored. These phantoms need to be eliminated with the purpose of retaining a one dimensional space.

Remark that this non-commutative “product” also appeared in set theory by means of  $\times$ . More precisely, given a set  $A$ , an anti-set obeys

$$A \times A^{\times} = \{1\}$$

where the last one is a set with one element 1 and henceforth serves as the identity element for  $\times$ . To represent an anti-set in the set like fashion; denote that if  $A = \{x | x \in A\}$  and  $A^{\times} = \{\omega_A^{\star}\}$  where  $\omega_A : A \rightarrow \{1\}$  is the constant mapping onto 1 and  $\star$  is the associated duality relation, then

$$A \times \{\omega_A^{\star}\} = \omega_A(A) = \{1\}.$$

Later on, the reader shall deepen his understanding of the fact that Hilbert spaces are employed in physics to describe separated entities such as elementary particles whereas the concept of an anti-Hilbert space can be used to describe particle collisions to create novel types of particles. To collide or not to collide could be mere approximations due to the point description of a particle and the reader is invited, as an exercise of colossal difficulty, to search for a concept of touching.

With this knowledge at hand, it becomes possible to solve standard problems from flat geometry; very strong results are possible here which do not hold in general due to topological as well as metrical complications. The magic of flat geometry is entirely hidden into the vector space structure. For example, on the surface of a ball, any two straight lines, defined as the intersection of the spherical surface with a two dimensional plane containing the barycenter of the sphere, intersect at a length of pi times the radius. In the two dimensional plane on the other hand, there exists a preferential class of parallel lines defined by the property that they do not intersect. In the three dimensional Euclidean space, we call a two dimensional space a plane, a one dimensional a line and a zero dimensional one a point. In Euclidean space, there is only one zero dimensional subspace constituting the neutral element for the addition, denoted by  $\{0\}$ , also called the origin. A straight line or geodesic is parametrized as follows  $r = \{\lambda.v + a | \lambda \in \mathbb{R}, v, a \in \mathbb{R}^3\}$  and a plane as  $vl = \{\lambda.v + \mu.w + a | \lambda, \mu \in \mathbb{R}, v, w, a \in \mathbb{R}^3\}$  where the free vectors  $v, w$  can be chosen to be orthonormal. A straight line can always be written as the intersection of two planes and a plane is completely determined by means of a point and a perpendicular vector. To understand this at a higher level, we introduce the totally anti-symmetrical symbol  $\epsilon_{ijk}$  where  $\epsilon_{123} = 1$  and  $\epsilon_{ijk} = \text{sign} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ i & j & k \end{pmatrix}$  which is merely a convenient notation for the sign of a permutation mapping 1 to  $i$ , 2 to  $j$  and 3 to  $k$ . Henceforth, in this notation,

$$\det(A) = \epsilon_{ijk} A_i^1 A_j^2 A_k^3$$

for a  $3 \times 3$  matrix  $A$ . Here  $i, j, k$  constitute indices with respect to vectors belonging to an orthonormal basis and therefore, the  $\epsilon$  symbol has a geometrical significance. Indeed,  $\delta^{ik} \epsilon_{klm} v^l w^m = (v \times w)^i$  is a vector which is orthogonal to  $v, w$  (use the anti-symmetry for that) and  $\delta^{kl}$  is the inverse of the  $\delta_{ij}$  symbol. It is to say that

$$\delta^{ik} \delta_{kj} = \delta_j^i, \quad \delta_{ik} \delta^{kj} = \delta_j^i.$$

The square length

$$(v \times w)^2 = \epsilon_{lmn} \delta^{li} \epsilon_{ijk} v^m v^j w^n w^k = (\delta_{mj} \delta_{nk} - \delta_{mk} \delta_{nj}) v^m v^j w^n w^k$$

which equals

$$v^2 w^2 - (\langle v | w \rangle)^2$$

and this has the geometrical significance of the surface squared of the parallelepiped spanned by the vectors  $v, w$ . Henceforth, we have construed a unit vector

$$n = \frac{v \times w}{\|v \times w\|}$$

perpendicular to the two dimensional subspace spanned by  $v, w$  equipped with an orientation such that  $v$  rotates right handed into  $w$ . The plane

$$vl = \{\lambda.v + \mu.w + a | \lambda, \mu \in \mathbb{R}, v, w, a \in \mathbb{R}^3\}$$

then consists precisely out of the points  $x$  satisfying the equation

$$\langle n | x - a \rangle = 0$$

which is a linear system in  $x$ . In this case  $x = (x_1, x_2, x_3)$  satisfies an equation of the form

$$n_1(x_1 - a_1) + n_2(x_2 - a_2) + n_3(x_3 - a_3) = 0.$$

Determine the vector perpendicular to the plane determined by  $2x - 3y + z - 12 = 0$  and compute the point which is the closest to the origin.

Other important equations are given by the so called quadratic equations with as an important example, the

$n$  sphere. The latter is defined as the set of all points  $x$  located at a fixed distance  $r$  from the point  $a$ . The corresponding equation is given by

$$\|x - a\|^2 = r^2$$

which reduces in three dimensions to

$$(x_1 - a_1)^2 + (x_2 - a_2)^2 + (x_3 - a_3)^2 = r^2.$$

In exactly the same way, the equation of a circle embedded in  $\mathbb{R}^2$  is provided by

$$(x - a)^2 + (y - b)^2 = r^2.$$

Show in two different ways that the intersection of the two sphere with a plane in three spatial dimensions is either empty, a point or a circle. Prove that the same result holds for the intersection of two spheres. These properties are not valid any longer for so called curved geometries which we shall study later on. In a similar vein, we shall study the concept of a triangle as well as some theorems regarding properties of them in general curved geometries for which the flat case is of special symmetric nature. Due to the symmetry, extremely sophisticated results exist in flat geometry: old books will serve the reader well who is willing to study those. I am however of the opinion that at this point it is much more important to understand the general setup which reveals the “true” inner workings of general geometry. This is indeed much more gratifying than becoming a specialist in studying linear and quadratic equations, an art which can be further generalized, in an intermediate step towards analytic geometry, provided by algebraic geometry.

This wraps up our discussion about Hilbert spaces; we now return to an elaboration on the theory of linear operators as well as delicate topologies defined on such algebra's. This subject is of extreme importance regarding the old operational formulation of quantum mechanics construed by Heisenberg, Jordan and associated gangsters such as Von Neumann. First, we study two distinct topologies on general Hilbert spaces  $\mathcal{H}$  prior to engaging into further discussion of the space of linear operators. On  $\mathcal{H}$ , we did study the norm topology and one proves now the vericacity of the following two statements:

- A set in a finite dimensional Hilbert space is compact in the norm topology if and only if it is closed and bounded.
- In an infinite dimensional Hilbert space with countable basis  $(e_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$ , we have that the unit sphere is no longer compact in the norm topology. Hint: argue briefly that the sequence  $(e_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$  has no convergent sub-sequence.

We now arrive at a weaker topology having all advantages of the finite dimensional norm topology and which coincides with the latter in the finite dimensional case. It is clear that the norm topology is too strong in infinite dimensions and we require a weaker one spanned by linear functionals  $\omega$ , defined as mappings from  $\mathcal{H}$  to  $\mathbb{C}$ , a one dimensional lens through which one perceives the Hilbert space. The space of linear functionals constitutes a vector space called the algebraic dual; we are merely interested in those functionals which are continuous in the norm topology. Such functionals constitute again a vector space called the topological dual  $\mathcal{H}^*$ . Show that for a finite dimensional Hilbert space, the topological and algebraic dual coincide. An important characterization of continuous functionals is that they are bounded, meaning that

$$|\omega(v)| \leq C\|v\|$$

for a certain  $C > 0$ ; reversely, it is clear that any bounded linear functional is continuous in the norm topology. We shall give a proof of the former statement: assume that the functional is *not* bounded, then our task is to show that it is not continuous either. More in particular, there exists a sequence of unit norm vectors  $v_n$  such that  $\omega(v_n) \rightarrow \infty$  in the limit for  $n$  to  $\infty$ . By taking a sub-sequence, we may assume that  $\omega(v_n) > n^2$  and the sequence of vectors  $w_k = \sum_{n=0}^k \frac{1}{n^2} v_n$  converges to  $w = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2} v_n$  of finite norm (show that the sequence  $\sum_{n>0} \frac{1}{n^2}$  converges) whereas  $k < \omega(w_k) \rightarrow \infty$  in contradiction to continuity.

Because a continuous linear functional provides one with a one dimensional view upon Hilbert space, it has to coincide with a projection on a vector  $v$ . It is to say that

$$\omega(w) = \langle v|w \rangle$$

with  $\|v\| < \infty$  and the reader is encouraged to provide for a formal proof of this theorem. This viewpoint is evident from the geometrical view given that  $\omega$  is completely determined by means of its nucleus  $W = \{w | \omega(w) = 0\}$  as well as the action upon its normal vector  $\frac{v}{\|v\|}$ . This motivates the following definition, the sets

$$\mathcal{O}_{\epsilon; v_1, \dots, v_n}(w) = \{w' | |\langle w - w' | v_i \rangle| < \epsilon \text{ for } i = 1 \dots n\}$$

constitute open neighborhoods of  $w$  in dimensions determined by  $v_j$  and constitute a basis for the *weak* or  $\star$ -topology.

Open neighborhoods of  $w$  in the weak topology control henceforth the modulus of the projection of the difference vector  $w - w'$  on a finite dimensional subspace and leave the components perpendicular to it invariant. Given that the norm topology controls all dimensions, it is therefore stronger as the weak one is; in particular, every open set in the weak topology is open in the strong one, a result which follows from the Cauchy Schwartz inequality

$$|\langle w - w' | v_i \rangle| \leq \|w - w'\| \|v_i\|.$$

It is henceforth obvious that the same results hold in the weak topology for all Hilbert spaces and that those coincide with the norm topology in the finite dimensional case. In particular, it holds that a set is compact in any Hilbert space if and only if it is bounded in norm and closed in the weak topology. Show that in case a set is bounded in the norm that it is closed in the weak topology if and only if it is so in the norm topology. This is obvious given that bounded-ness controls an infinite number of dimensions leaving one with a finite number and those are controlled by means of the weak topology. Henceforth, the unit sphere is closed and compact in the weak topology but merely closed in the norm topology a result known as the Hahn Banach theorem. The reverse is also true, a set which is compact in the weak topology is always bounded in norm. We leave the proofs of these statements as challenging exercises for the reader.

We shall now deal with topologies on spaces of linear mappings  $A : \mathcal{H} \rightarrow \mathcal{H}$  as well as prove some important theorems regarding operators having a special geometrical significance such as the unitary operators. In particular, we are interested in situations where one disposes of an orthonormal basis of eigenvectors as well as some limitations on the eigenvalues. One disposes of plenty of topologies on specific classes of operators all of which are equivalent in a finite number of dimensions. We start with the supremum norm topology:

$$\|A\|_{\text{sup}} = \sup_{\|v\|=1} \|Av\|.$$

In case the latter is finite, we call the operator  $A$  bounded (which is again equivalent to continuous) and the entire edifice of bounded operators is poured into the framework of so called  $C^*$ -algebra's. This theory is an abstraction of the concrete situation delineated below and we are not going to pay too much attention to this given that the operators useful in physics are of an unbounded nature. To deal with those devilish objects, we require weaker topologies to probe them, called the strong and weak  $\star$  topologies to name two of them. The first one is defined by means of the open sets

$$\mathcal{O}_{\epsilon; v_1, \dots, v_n}(A) = \{B | \|(B - A)v_k\| < \epsilon \text{ for } k = 1 \dots n\}$$

whereas the latter is defined by means of

$$\mathcal{O}_{\epsilon; v_1, \dots, v_n, w_1, \dots, w_n}(A) = \{B | |\langle (B - A)v_k | w_k \rangle| < \epsilon \text{ for } k = 1 \dots n\}.$$

One shows that both topologies satisfy the Hausdorff property and that the weak- $\star$  topology is weaker as the strong one.

We first introduce some important notions regarding linear operators on Hilbert spaces. The reader may suspect that some subtleties arise which have to do with infinity and were not present in a finite number of dimensions. For example, operators  $A$  do have a domain  $\mathcal{D} \subset \mathcal{H}$ , which we assume to be dense in the norm topology, on which  $A$  is well defined. The adjoint operator  $A^\dagger$  of  $A$  is then retrieved by means of the following procedure. Consider a subspace  $\mathcal{D}^*$  of vectors  $v$  such that

$$|\langle v | Aw \rangle| < C(v) \|w\|$$

for all  $w \in \mathcal{D}$ . Then, we have that the functional  $w \rightarrow \langle v|Aw \rangle$  has a unique continuous extension to  $\mathcal{H}$  due to the density of  $\mathcal{D}$ . We obtain the existence of a vector  $z$  such that

$$\langle v|Aw \rangle = \langle z|w \rangle$$

and we define  $A^\dagger v = z$  and subsequently it easily follows that  $A^\dagger$  is a linear operator. Henceforth, the domain of  $A^\dagger$  is given by  $\mathcal{D}^*$ . Next cases are of extreme importance:

- $A = A^\dagger$  and  $\mathcal{D} = \mathcal{D}^*$  in which case the operator is self adjoint,
- $AA^\dagger = A^\dagger A$  and  $\mathcal{D} = \mathcal{D}^*$  in which case the operator is normal,
- $UU^\dagger = U^\dagger U = 1$  and  $\mathcal{D} = \mathcal{D}^* = \mathcal{H}$  in which case the operator is unitary,
- $P^2 = P = P^\dagger$  and  $\mathcal{D} = \mathcal{D}^* = \mathcal{H}$  in which case the operator constitutes a Hermitian projection.

One verifies that in the finite dimensional case it holds that  $A^\dagger = A^H$  and moreover, unitary operators constitute generalizations of  $U(n)$ . Determine the domain of the operator defined by  $Ae_n = ne_n$  for  $n \in \mathbb{N}$  where  $e_m$  constitutes an orthonormal basis and show that it is dense in  $\mathcal{H}$ ; prove that  $\mathcal{D} \subseteq \mathcal{D}^*$  and that  $A = A^\dagger$  on  $\mathcal{D}$ . We progress now towards the proof of two different theorems: the first one concerns the extension of a special class of operators to Hermitian ones, where the extension of an operator is a new one with a larger domain coinciding with the old operator on its domain. A second result reveals that a normal operator can be decomposed into sums of scalar multiples of Hermitian projection operators in the weak- $\star$  topology.

The importance of the first theorem resides in the second one; this one states that in the finite dimensional case any normal matrix can be diagonalized with respect to an orthonormal basis of eigenvectors. This last aspect is of primary importance to have a probability interpretation such as is the case in quantum theory. Show, by means of an exercise, that in a finite number of dimensions Hermitian operators have only real eigenvalues whereas unitary operators have eigenvalues located on the unit circle in the complex plane. Finally, normal operators can have any complex eigenvalue whatsoever. As said before, one has a connection between unitary and self adjoint operators and in that vein it is easier to deal with the problem of unitary extensions of so called partial isometries  $V$  with as domain  $\mathcal{D}$  which is not necessarily dense. A partial isometry is defined by means of the property that

$$\langle V(v)|V(w) \rangle = \langle v|w \rangle$$

for all  $v, w \in \mathcal{D}$ . By means of continuity, we can extend  $V$  to the closure  $\overline{\mathcal{D}}$  of  $\mathcal{D}$  resulting in a unitary mapping between  $\overline{\mathcal{D}}$  and  $\overline{\text{Im}(V)}$  where  $\text{Im}(V) = \{Vw|w \in \mathcal{D}\}$  constitutes the image of  $V$ . It must be clear to the reader that only in case the orthogonal complements

$$\mathcal{D}^\perp = \{w|\langle w|v \rangle = 0 \forall v \in \mathcal{D}\}$$

and

$$(\text{Im}(V))^\perp$$

have identical dimension that we are in position to extend  $V$  to a unitary operator  $U$  by means of  $W : \overline{\mathcal{D}}^\perp \rightarrow (\text{Im}(V))^\perp$  where  $U = V \oplus W : \mathcal{H} \rightarrow \mathcal{H}$ . The reader notices that given a subspace  $W$ ,  $W^\perp$  is closed in the weak and therefore also norm topology; the sub space  $W^{\perp\perp} := (W^\perp)^\perp$  is moreover equal to the weak closure of  $W$ .

One notices therefore that a partial isometry has many unitary extensions in case the dimensions of the orthogonal complements are the same or none whatsoever in case this is not true. Now, we return to the mapping connecting Hermitian to unitary operators; Von-Neumann knew the so called Cayley transform between Hermitian and unitary operators in finite dimensional Hilbert spaces. A self adjoint operator  $A$  is mapped to

$$U = (A - i1)(A + i1)^{-1}$$

where  $(A \pm i1)$  is invertible in a finite number of dimensions given that  $Av = \mp iv$  which has no solution. One understands this by means of observing that

$$\mp i\|v\|^2 = \langle v|Av \rangle = \langle Av|v \rangle = \pm i\|v\|^2$$

implying that  $v = 0$ . Moreover,  $(A + i1)$  commutes with  $(A - i1)$  leading to unitarity of  $U$  as is confirmed by means of a small computation. Von-Neumann wondered which conditions  $A$  should obey such that  $U$  is a partial isometry. In such a case, an extension can be made towards a unitary operator defining a Hermitian one by means of the inverse Cayley transformation:

$$A = -i(U + 1)(U - 1)^{-1}.$$

The operator  $A \pm i1$  has to be injective so that it becomes possible to take an inverse which suggests that the conditions  $\mathcal{D} \subseteq \mathcal{D}^*$  and  $A = A^\dagger$  on  $\mathcal{D}$  have to be obeyed which is coined by the term of a symmetric operator. In the infinite dimensional case, it is not necessarily so that  $A \pm i1$  is surjective. The Cayley transform is henceforth a linear mapping

$$U : \text{Im}(A + i1) \rightarrow \text{Im}(A - i1)$$

and we have to prove three things : (a) verify that  $U$  constitutes a partial isometry (b) close the operator  $\text{Im}(A \pm i1)$  and finally (c) verify whether  $\text{Im}(A + i1)^\perp$  and  $\text{Im}(A - i1)^\perp$  have the same dimension. Regarding (a) one notices that

$$\langle U(A + i1)v|U(A + i1)w \rangle = \langle (A - i1)v|(A - i1)w \rangle = \langle Av|Aw \rangle + i\langle v|Aw \rangle - i\langle Av|w \rangle + \langle v|w \rangle$$

and this last expression equals, using the symmetry of  $A$ ,

$$\langle Av|Aw \rangle + \langle v|w \rangle = \langle (A + i1)v|(A + i1)w \rangle$$

for all  $v, w \in \mathcal{D}$ . In the standard literature, one closes the operator  $A$  prior to taking the Cayley transformation although this is not mandatory;  $U$  extends trivially to an operator

$$U : \overline{\text{Im}(A + i1)} \rightarrow \overline{\text{Im}(A - i1)}$$

and one requires (c) to extend  $U$  to a unitary operator on  $\mathcal{H}$ . This last condition may be formulated as

$$\text{Im}(A \pm i1)^\perp = \text{Ker}(A^\dagger \mp i1).$$

Indeed,

$$\langle w|(A \pm i1)v \rangle = 0$$

for all  $v \in \mathcal{D}$  is equivalent to  $w \in \mathcal{D}^*$  and

$$\langle (A^\dagger \mp i1)w|v \rangle = 0.$$

The latter is true if and only if  $(A^\dagger \mp i1)w = 0$  because  $\mathcal{D}$  is dense in  $\mathcal{H}$ ; by definition it holds that  $\text{Ker}(B) = \{w|Bw = 0\}$  which produces the right result.

We have just shown our first deep result: symmetric, densely defined operators have self adjoint extensions if and only if the dimensions of the subspaces  $\text{Ker}(A^\dagger \mp i1)$  are equal to one and another. Now we work towards our second main result regarding normal operators  $A$  with as special cases Hermitian and unitary operators. That is, there exists a projection valued measure  $dP(z)$  on the complex plane such that in the weak  $\star$  topology holds that

$$A = \int_{\mathbb{C}} z dP(z).$$

We first encounter here an integral, something which we shall make more or less precise later on. Suppose one would like to achieve such a result, then it is logical that the operator  $(A - z1)$  is not invertible in case  $dP(z) \neq 0$ ; logically, one has three possibilities:

- $(A - z1)$  is not injective, nor surjective; in such a case  $z$  belongs to the discrete spectrum,

- $(A - z1)$  is not injective, but surjective; in such a case  $z$  belongs to the residual spectrum,
- $(A - z1)$  is injective, but not surjective; in such a case  $z$  belongs to the continuous spectrum.

Regarding normal operators, the reader may first show that the residual spectre is empty. Note that if  $A$  is normal, then  $A_z = A - z1$  obeys this property too; moreover,  $A$  is injective if and only if  $A^\dagger$  is also which is equivalent to the statement that  $Av = 0$  if and only if  $A^\dagger v = 0$ . Mind that surjectivity of  $A$  does not imply surjectivity of  $A^\dagger$ . Suppose that  $z$  belongs to the residual spectrum then we have that

$$\langle v|A_z w \rangle = 0$$

for all  $w$  implies that  $v = 0$  due to surjectivity of  $A_z$ . This implies that  $\text{Ker}(A_z^\dagger) = \text{Ker}(A_z) = 0$  which is the necessary contradiction. Henceforth, we have shown that the residual spectrum is empty. In case  $z$  belongs to the discrete spectrum, one can find a unique Hermitian projection operator  $P_z$  on  $\text{Ker}(A_z)$ .  $P_z$  commutes with  $A$ ,  $AP_z = P_z A = zP_z$  because  $\langle v|AP_z w \rangle = z\langle v|P_z w \rangle = \langle \bar{z}P_z v|w \rangle = \langle A^\dagger P_z v|w \rangle = \langle v|P_z A w \rangle$  and the same commutation relations hold between  $A^\dagger$  and  $P_z$  given that the projector is Hermitian. Moreover, suppose that  $z \neq z'$  and both belong to the discrete spectrum, then it holds that  $P_z P_{z'} = 0$  which follows from

$$zP_z P_{z'} = AP_z P_{z'} = z' P_z P_{z'}.$$

This strongly resembles the result we wish to obtain in the sense that on infinite dimensional Hilbert spaces, the discrete spectrum consists at most out of a countable number of points. We procure an example of a bounded linear operator with a compact spectrum (which one can show to be always the case). Given that  $Ae_n = \frac{1}{n}e_n$  for  $n > 0$  and  $e_m$  an orthonormal basis: the discrete spectrum is given by  $\{\frac{1}{n}|n \in \mathbb{N}_0\}$  and 0 belongs to the continuous spectrum given that the vector  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n}e_n$  does not belong to the image of  $A$ . Henceforth, the continuous spectrum may have “measure zero” and henceforth not contribute to the spectral decomposition.

The continuous spectrum is clearly void for normal operators on finite dimensional Hilbert spaces and the reader shows as an easy exercise that

$$A = \sum_{z \in \sigma_d(A)} zP_z$$

where  $\sum_{z \in \sigma_d(A)} P_z = 1$  and  $\sigma_d(A)$  denotes the spectrum consisting entirely out of discrete eigenvalues. One should get used to the following notation: given a unit vector  $v$ , define by means of the expression

$$P = vv^\dagger$$

the operator with as action  $Pw = v\langle v|w \rangle$ . Prove that  $P$  is a rank one Hermitian projection operator with property  $AP = zP$  and in particular  $Av = zv$  implying that  $v$  is an eigenvector. The entire complexity of the theorem regarding the infinitesimal aspect having to do with the integral resides entirely in the treatment of the continuous spectrum in an infinite number of dimensions. We shall not present the matter here at the fullest level of generality because this brings along some technical complications muddling with the main line of argumentation. Note that in the finite dimensional case, we did use the fundamental theorem of complex algebra, namely that every polynomial defined over  $\mathbb{C}$  can be factorized.

In case  $z$  belongs to the continuous spectrum, then we have in particular that the image of the unit sphere under  $A_z$  does not contain an open neighborhood of the origin. Otherwise, we have the property that  $A_z$  is surjective: henceforth, there exists a sequence of unit vectors  $v_n$  such that

$$\|A_z v_n\| \rightarrow 0$$

in the limit for  $n$  towards  $\infty$ . Therefore, elements in the continuous spectrum contain approximate eigenvectors. Henceforth,  $\text{Im}(A_z)^\perp$  vanishes due to injectivity of  $A_z$  implying that  $\text{Im}(A_z)$  is dense in  $\mathcal{H}$ . It holds moreover that for  $z \neq z'$ ,

$$\lim_{n,m \rightarrow \infty} \langle v_n|w_m \rangle = 0$$

where  $(v_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$  corresponds to  $A_z$  and  $(w_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$  with  $A_{z'}$  giving a generalization of the standard orthogonality property for Hermitian projection operators associated to discrete eigenvalues.

Finally, we deal with the construction of the spectral measure: given the measurable set  $\mathcal{O} \subseteq \mathbb{C}$ , one defines

$P_{\mathcal{O}}$  as the smallest Hermitian projection operator having the property that for each  $z \in \sigma(A) \cap \mathcal{O}$  and a sequence of approximating eigenvectors  $(v_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$  associated to  $z$ , it holds that  $\|P_{\mathcal{O}}(v_n) - v_n\| \rightarrow 0$  in the limit for  $n \rightarrow \infty$ . A measurable Borel set is defined by means of:

- every open set can be measured,
- the complement of a measurable set is measurable,
- any union of measurable sets can be measured.

It may be clear that

$$P_{\mathcal{O}}P_{\mathcal{V}} = P_{\mathcal{O} \cap \mathcal{V}}$$

and the diligent reader delivers a proof. Given a countable partition  $(B_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$  of  $\mathbb{C}$  by means of measurable sets<sup>3</sup> we consider

$$A_{(B_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}}} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} z_n P_{B_n}$$

where  $z_n \in B_n$ . The integral is then defined by means of refining the partition and the remainder consists in showing that the sum converges in the weak- $\star$  topology towards the integral as well as  $A$ . The first assertion is true by definition whereas the latter follows from prudent estimates.

This extremely important theorem, known as the spectral theorem, allows one to define measurable functions  $f : \mathbb{C} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$  replacing the complex variable by the normal operator  $A$ . We have that

$$f(A) := \int_{\mathbb{C}} f(z) dP(z)$$

where we have used the spectral decomposition

$$A = \int_{\mathbb{C}} z dP(z).$$

There exist two important generalizations of this theorem: the first one consists in replacing the complex numbers by means of the quaternions  $\mathbb{RQ}$  and to consider quaternion bi-modules with a quaternion valued scalar product. A second generalization consists in dropping the condition

$$\langle v|v \rangle \geq 0$$

and to allow for this quantity to become negative. This kind of generalization is much more subtle and requires amongst others the introduction of conjugated null pairs. These comments wrap up our discussion about linear spaces and functions; as usual, there is much more beef into the cow as made explicit above but these constitute the main results indeed. The reader is now invited to make the following crucial exercises.

### Exercises on Von-Neumann extensions of linear operators.

Consider the operator  $i \frac{d}{d\theta}$  on the space of differentiable functions on the unit circle  $S^1$  with circumference  $2\pi$ . Show that this operator is essentially self adjoint and densely defined on the Hilbert space of square integrable functions on the circle. Consequently, this operator has a unique Von Neumann extension. As an additional exercise, prove that

$$\left[ i \frac{d}{d\theta}, \theta \right] = i((2\pi - 1)\delta(\theta) + 1)$$

where  $\delta(\theta)$  is defined by means of

$$\int d\theta \delta(\theta) f(\theta) = f(0)$$

for any continuous function  $f$  on the unit circle.

Perform now the same study for  $i \frac{d}{dx}$  defined on complex valued functions with as domain  $[a, b]$  by imposing

<sup>3</sup>A partition satisfies the property that  $B_n \cap B_m = \emptyset$  for  $n \neq m$  as well as  $\cup_{n=0}^{\infty} B_n = \mathbb{C}$ .

boundary conditions  $f(a) = f(b) = 0$ . Show that the operator on this function domain  $\mathcal{D}$  is symmetrical and determine the adjoint domain  $\mathcal{D}^*$  (differentiable functions on the line segment without boundary conditions). The closure of  $i\frac{d}{dx}$  requires some weaker boundary conditions. To calculate those, note that the kernels of the operators  $\frac{d}{dx} \pm 1$  are provided by  $a_{\mp N}e^{\mp x}$  where  $a_{\mp N}$  is a suitable normalization constant. One obtains therefore a one parameter group of unitary operators

$$U(\theta) : a_{-N}e^{-x} \rightarrow e^{i\theta} a_{+N}e^x$$

providing for a one parameter family of Von-Neumann extensions.

### Delta-Dirac Distributions

Let  $x \in \mathbb{R}$  be a real variable and  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$  a continuous function, then we define a distribution  $\delta(x)$  by means of

$$\int_{\mathbb{R}} \delta(x)f(x)dx = f(0).$$

The integral representation of  $\widehat{\delta}$  constitutes a linear functional on the complex vector space of complex valued functions  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$  provided by

$$\widehat{\delta}(f) = f(0).$$

The latter is a weak limit of a sequence of continuous functionals construed by means of

$$g_n := n\chi_{[-\frac{1}{2n}, \frac{1}{2n}]}$$

where

$$\chi_A(x) = 1$$

if and only if  $x \in A$  and zero otherwise. More precisely

$$\widehat{\delta}(f) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \int_{\mathbb{R}} g_n(x)f(x) := \int_{\mathbb{R}} \delta(x)f(x)$$

whereby this last notation constitutes a formal representation. Likewise, one may define  $\widehat{\delta}_z$  by means of  $\int_{\mathbb{R}} \delta(x-z)f(x) = f(z)$ . Prove that

$$\int_{\mathbb{R}} \delta(x-z)\delta(x-y)dx = \delta(y-z)$$

by insisting on

$$\int_{\mathbb{R}} dz \int_{\mathbb{R}} \delta(x-z)\delta(x-y)dx f(z) = \int_{\mathbb{R}} dx \delta(x-y) \int_{\mathbb{R}} \delta(x-z)f(z)dz$$

for any continuous function  $f(z)$ . Let  $f, g$  be two continuous functions from  $\mathbb{R}$  onto  $\mathbb{C}$  differing from zero only on a compact set such that

$$\langle f|g \rangle = \int_{\mathbb{R}} \overline{f(x)}g(x)dx$$

is well defined. Show that the latter expression provides for a scalar product and define  $L^2(\mathbb{R}, dx)$  as the Hilbert space defined by means of this scalar product by taking the completion. Define subsequently the following linear operator  $X(f)$  by means of

$$(X(f))(x) = xf(x).$$

Show that the latter is densely defined, essentially self adjoint (vanishing deficiency indices) and that the spectrum is continuous and equals the entire  $\mathbb{R}$ . Finally, the projective measure  $P$  is given by means of

$$P((a, b)) = \chi_{(a, b)}$$

as well as

$$(dP(z)f)(x) = \delta(x-z)f(z)dz$$

such that finally

$$(X(f))(x) = \int_{\mathbb{R}} z\delta(x-z)f(z)dz = xf(x).$$

## Heisenberg Equations

In the traditional operational formulation of quantum theory, one has the so called Heisenberg pair  $(X, P)$ , modeled by means of Hermitian operators on an infinite dimensional Hilbert space

$$[P, X] = i1.$$

Herein, one considers the so called Schrodinger representation on  $L^2(\mathbb{R}, dx)$  where  $X$  has been defined previously and

$$P = i \frac{d}{dx}.$$

The reader is invited to show that the spectrum of  $P$  is given by  $\mathbb{R}$  and that the so called distributional eigenvectors are provided by  $e^{-ikx}$ . The latter define the Fourier transformation. This constitutes the crucial result we were aiming for and which shall be the central topic of the next chapter.

## Chapter 2

# The Language of Psychological Issues

This entire chapter turns around one single topic only: how to mathematically describe an issue. That is, what are the very basics behind human thought and how do we engage in conversations. This may seem at first sight something which is not of direct interest, but the reader shall learn in the next chapter that it leads to a very deep comprehension of mental attraction, spiritual beauty and compassion. Each mode of communication comes with a certain sentiment or emotion and there is a unique mapping from a certain sentence to the emotions with which they are conveyed. Therefore, precision of language will learn us something about the very nature of humanity: you are free to agree or disagree with these conclusions but I can assure you it is not a trivial task to do so. Note that I shall use mathematics which was not explained in the previous chapter and I shall do my utmost best to clarify the meaning of certain formulas in a way which is reasonable to my mind. In discussing issues about the mind, we must learn to be precise; in sharp contrast to the tradition in those fields of study, I shall outline my viewpoint with mathematical precision which might be an unreasonably high standard in those fields but in my view constitute the only path towards discussing these matters in a truly profound way. I shall make a bold conjecture of how our perception of space and time might be related to issues of the mind. It is up to you to agree or to disagree with those viewpoints; at least, it seems to me, there is something nontrivial to it and certainly the mathematics behind it is compelling. So, we shall start here by discussing the kind of mathematics which would be required to break the boost symmetry (which mixes up space and time) of the Poincaré algebra and therefore distinguish space from time. Later on, we shall discuss in depth how this issue, in my view, relates to the dynamics of our mental profile. Space, as we perceive it, appears to allow for rotations and time is completely detached from it - it does not transform in our mental perception no matter what you think or do. In fact, the kind of rotations we should consider are active ones regarding our own body and passive ones regarding the outside world. Indeed, our body actively rotates, but nothing happens to the outside world, it is just our perspective which changes (ignoring backreaction effects on all interaction fields). The reason why we know we rotate is due to the spacetime acceleration we undergo during the process and our senses pick up on that. There is almost a natural definition of the  $x, y, z$  axis associated to the symmetries of our body. The  $z$ -axis is defined by means of the gravitational acceleration we are undergoing in case we are stationary and the  $y$ -axis is the projection of the vector away from our eyes on the plane perpendicular to the  $z, t$  axis. The  $x$ -axis is then fixed; under normal circumstances, this definition agrees respectively with the line connecting our feet to our head, the line of incoming eyesight and finally the line connecting our shoulders. So, biology breaks all free choice of rotation and rotating therefore requires a nontrivial act. Since actions require algebra, this suggests that our experience of time commutes with our experience of space as well as with all rotations thereon. Since this book is intended for those who did not study science, let me tell you a bit about special relativity: this is within reach of the mathematics explained in the previous chapter. I shall later on also use to some extent notions regarding curved geometry, but alas I am not going to explain those but I shall try to give some intuition behind them. The interested reader is referred to any text about Riemannian or Lorentzian geometry, but these matters are not of importance to understand our discussion of an issue, but are mandatory for the dynamics of issues. So, special relativity therefore; as is well known since more than a century, light or electromagnetic waves travel at a fixed speed in any inertial reference frame. This is against the viewpoint of Newton where velocities add up and no such constant could ever exist. Therefore, Einstein concluded we needed a new kind of geometry to describe this phenomenon. At first, he started from a four dimensional real vector-space  $\mathbb{R}^4$ , + with coordinates  $(t, x, y, z)$  where  $t$  denotes time and  $x, y, z$  are the space coordinates. Since time and space are unified in this framework and refer to distinct physical units (of

meter and second), we need a constant  $c > 0$  of dimension meter/second to come to homogeneous dimensions. Therefore, one should consider  $ct, x, y, z$  where  $c$  is then interpreted as the speed of light. He proposed that the correct scalar product defining the geometry was given by

$$\langle (ct, x, y, z) | (ct', x', y', z') \rangle = c^2 tt' - xx' - yy' - zz'$$

and the reader immediately notices the three minus signs. So, this is not the scalar product of Hilbert space which is positive definite, but one of Minkowski which is indefinite. It is important to separate the region where

$$\langle (ct, x, y, z) | (ct, x, y, z) \rangle > 0$$

and the region where is smaller than zero. Vectors with positive norm are time-like, meaning they correspond to a propagation slower than the speed of light and vectors of negative norm are called space-like and correspond to our ordinary perception of space. Null vectors correspond to propagation at the speed of light and this may happen forwards in time  $t > 0$  as well as backwards in time  $t < 0$ . Now, just as is the case for Hilbert spaces, we are interested in the linear transformations which leave this scalar product invariant: they constitute the Lorentz group  $O(1, 3)$ . Since we are interested in bound vectors and not free vectors, the reader notices that also translations in space and time are symmetries since they leave the differences invariant. The translations together with the Lorentz transformations generate what is called the Poincaré group. Now, a trick which we usually apply is to consider transformations which differ slightly from the identity transformation denoted by

$$L = 1 + \epsilon M$$

where  $\epsilon^2 = 0$  for all practical purposes. It is not too difficult to determine the conditions  $M$  should satisfy and finite transformations are given by

$$L = e^M$$

where  $e$  refers to the exponential map. The reader who wants to understand all details is referred to the book of Weinberg [3] or any book on Lie groups and Lie algebra's. Now, to gain insight in what follows, it is important to understand that the above are the defining representations of the Lorentz group. We shall be interested in other representations by which we mean that you can write down the group relations in terms of matrices acting on a complex Hilbert space. Again, the reader who is willing to dig deeper into this topic is referred to the same references. We are interested in those representations in which time and space get an algebraically distinct meaning; there are two of them which are the spin  $(0, \frac{1}{2})$  and  $(\frac{1}{2}, 0)$  representation and not the so called Dirac representation where the "vectors"  $x_a \gamma^a$  transform as Lorentz vectors. The fundamental algebraic components of both representations are given by the so-called Pauli matrices  $\sigma^a$  where  $\sigma^0 = 1$  the  $2 \times 2$  identity matrix and

$$\sigma^1 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \sigma^2 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & i \\ -i & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \sigma^3 = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

and the reader verifies that

$$\sigma^k \sigma^l = \delta^{kl} 1 + i \epsilon^{klm} \sigma^m$$

where the  $\epsilon$  symbol has been explained before. Also,  $(\sigma^k)^H = \sigma^k$ . The Lorentz group consists out of three boosts which mix up space and time and three rotations in space; denoting by  $\vec{a}, \vec{b}$  two three dimensional real vectors generating a rotation and boost respectively, the above representations are implemented by means of

$$D(\vec{b} + i\vec{a}) := e^{(\vec{b} + i\vec{a})_j \sigma^j}, \quad E(\vec{b} + i\vec{a}) := e^{(-\vec{b} + i\vec{a})_j \sigma^j}$$

and one notices that

$$D(\vec{b} + i\vec{a}) = (E(\vec{b} + i\vec{a})^\dagger)^{-1} = \overline{\sigma_2 E(\vec{b} + i\vec{a}) \sigma_2}.$$

All matrices  $A$  in this representation transform of course under a change of basis  $g$  as  $gAg^{-1}$ . A spacetime "vector" is now given by  $x := x_a \sigma^a$  and transforms as

$$D(\vec{b} + i\vec{a}) x D(\vec{b} + i\vec{a})^{-1}$$

and likewise so for  $E(\vec{b} + i\vec{a})$ . Hence, one notices that  $x_0$  remains untouched but the  $x_i$  transform into complex numbers in case  $\vec{b} \neq 0$ . Assuming that the only allowed transformations are those which preserve the reality condition  $x_a \in \mathbb{R}$ , we conclude that  $\vec{b} = 0$  and we obtain a mere rotation around the  $\vec{a}$  axis around an angle

of  $|\vec{a}|$ . Note that in this view, the different directions of space anti-commute. It is worthwhile to mention that the matrices  $D(\vec{b} + i\vec{a})$  constitute all  $2 \times 2$  complex matrices with unit determinant, a group which is denoted by  $SL(2, \mathbb{C})$ . This group is the so-called universal cover of the orthochronous Lorentz group and one can define from complex 2 vectors, real four dimensional vectors, and carry the action of  $SL(2, \mathbb{C})$  on those complex 2 vectors over into an action of the real orthochronous Lorentz group. For sake of completeness, I will give a brief overview of this formalism. Let  $W$  be a two dimensional complex vector space with basis  $e_A$  and volume form  $\epsilon_{AB}$ . In the literature, one puts  $e_1 = o$  and  $e_2 = n : (o, o) := \epsilon_{AB} o^A o^B = (n, n) := \epsilon_{AB} n^A n^B = 0$  and  $(o, n) = 1$ . Clearly,  $SL(2, \mathbb{C})$  leaves the volume form invariant. The complex conjugation sends  $W$  to  $\overline{W}$ , that is  $v \in W \rightarrow \bar{v} \in \overline{W}$  which is spanned by  $\bar{o}, \bar{n}$  with a volume form represented by  $\bar{\epsilon}_{A'B'}$  where we agree that primed indices refer to transformations under the complex conjugate representation.  $W \otimes \overline{W}$  is four dimensional over  $\mathbb{C}$  and one is interested in its real subspace. The latter is spanned (over the real numbers) by

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma^0 &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (o \otimes \bar{o} + n \otimes \bar{n}) \\ \sigma^1 &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (o \otimes \bar{n} + n \otimes \bar{o}) \\ \sigma^2 &= \frac{i}{\sqrt{2}} (o \otimes \bar{n} - n \otimes \bar{o}) \\ \sigma^3 &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (o \otimes \bar{o} - n \otimes \bar{n})\end{aligned}$$

and the reader understands that the  $\sigma^a$  are the usual Pauli matrices but now with indices  $A, A'$  transforming in two different representations. A small computation yields that these vectors are orthonormal with regard to  $\omega \otimes \bar{\omega}$  and obey

$$\sigma_a^{AA'} \sigma_b^{BB'} \omega_{AB} \bar{\omega}_{A'B'} = -\eta_{ab}$$

where  $\eta_{ab}$  is the standard Minkowski metric or scalar product, which we just described before, of signature  $(+ - - -)$ . This suggests an identification with some inertial system  $(t, x, y, z)$  by means a ‘‘solder’’ form

$$\sigma = t\hat{t} + x\hat{x} + y\hat{y} + z\hat{z} := x^a \sigma_a^{AA'}$$

Given all this, it is now an elementary exercise to show that an element  $T \in SL(2, \mathbb{C})$  defines, by means of the solder form, an orthochronous Lorentz transformation on  $x^a$ . This action will become useful when we want to couple spinor currents to spacetime vectors. It is worthwhile to mention that the Pauli matrices correspond to the complex quaternions where minus the unit is a square of each of them. The spin  $(0, \frac{1}{2})$  and  $(\frac{1}{2}, 0)$  representations define the so called mass-less Weyl particles which are, as is well known, Fermions. However, in the mental world, we do not care about the speed of light dictating our unconscious interactions and therefore we will be interested in a quantization which treats them as bosons. Let us now argue why this is interesting from the point of view of psychology in a broader sense beyond the mere issue of spacetime awareness; I will take here the point of view that regarding any issue, be it a question, a thought, a worry, a desire or anything you like, that the fundamental dichotomy which dictates our interactions is one of conservatism, that is taking some definite point of view, versus one of a transformative nature seeing change no matter what a conservative person perceives as a definite state, which is maybe not even desirable for him. Another way of saying this is that conservative people accept this issue as being settled in a particular way, whereas transformative people oppose any settlement and ask for change in a particular way. Transformative people are wanderers, searching for an anchor, but not knowing where to start or what to adhere to. In this regard, it seems natural to postulate that the dynamics of the nature of the questions one asks is one which has a personal tendency towards conservatism - ultimately, we are all happy to take a rest and settle in a particular answer regarding these questions based upon an emergent phenomenon called logic. So, the reader must understand that momentum here is not a real quantity in contrast to standard quantum mechanics of particles! People who are transformative have an imaginary reality, a dreamworld of how it could be in the future whereas for conservative people reality is what it is. This is the way in which the spirit differs from an ordinary particle whose options, in the usual framework, are fixed once and for all and we merely study transitions between those options (this is the Schrodinger point of view). I shall make a further assumption here, which is that the stable ‘‘ground state’’ of a community regarding an issue is one which is precisely in the middle between conservatism and progressiveness. This is a healthy assumption as it allows for a very

dynamical attitude towards anything in life, you are on the one hand attached to the knowledge you have, but on the other hand you are flexible enough to change your mind when facts call upon you; in either, you are never sure but relaxed. I believe this mentality also to be connected to Darwinism as such persons are the ones who thrive in society. In my previous publications on the matter, I have called such a point of view towards a specific topic of “Schwitchenorim” type, simply because I like to play with words. Conservative types were white and transformative types black in analogy with ying and yang; we shall stick to that convention in this work. So, now the question is, how to translate this algebraically and what does it have to do with the fundamental representation of  $SL(2, \mathbb{C})$ ? For simplicity, let us agree that the definite position or validation you can take towards a certain primitive (see chapter 7 for a definition) issue is labeled by a real number  $\lambda$ ; this is just a way of coding things and it allows one to naturally speak about a certain distance between positions. Therefore, we postulate that the white operator  $X$  works on the state of the system  $|\Psi(\lambda)\rangle$  as

$$X|\Psi(\lambda)\rangle = \lambda|\Psi(\lambda)\rangle.$$

Furthermore, a state describes in a way how the world values different definite white points of view on the matter. This operator is clearly linear by definition. Now, the algebraic object  $P$  associated to the transformative or black type must obey the definition of change; hence,

$$[P, X] := PX - XP = 1$$

or  $P = \frac{d}{d\lambda}$ . More in general, we consider

$$[P, X] = c1$$

with  $c \in \mathbb{C}$  and  $X$  Hermitian.  $c$  is real in the spiritual realm and (almost) imaginary in the physical one; more complex situations may be envisaged but have as not yet been realized in nature. It is worthwhile to remark that the above duality applies to one spirit only; each spirit has a voice which confirms or reassures and one which critiques. In case  $c > 0$  we say that the critique is constructive otherwise it is destructive. For  $c$  with a non zero imaginary part, one may uphold an interpretation where mental (or literal) masturbation occurs or where one ends up in a depression caused by lowering oneself. It is very well possible that there occurs an attractive interaction between two distinct spirits where one is, for example, the antagonist of the other. Indeed, the lower side of a person may, by means of a distinct spirit, be attractive. All algebraic relations can be rewritten as

$$(X, P) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} X \\ P \end{pmatrix} = c1$$

where we use a shorthand

$$\omega := \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Hence, the pair

$$\begin{pmatrix} X \\ P \end{pmatrix}$$

can be seen as a two spinor. Indeed, a trivial computation reveals that the symmetry group of our defining relation is given by  $\mathbb{C}\mathbb{R} \times SL(2, \mathbb{C})$  where the latter is defined by means of the relation

$$A^T \omega A = \omega$$

where  $A^T$  is the transpose of  $A$ . The former two have as action  $P \rightarrow dP$ ,  $X \rightarrow rX$  with  $(d, r) \in \mathbb{C} \times \mathbb{R}$ . It is necessary to remark here that we take an Einsteinian point of view regarding the translations  $X \rightarrow X + a$ ,  $P \rightarrow P + b$  which also preserve the algebra but merely recalibrate the very language we use to describe phenomena. Since those things are personal and never change and we shall associate both  $X, P$  with a kind of dimensionless energy, we have to disregard those. The meaning of attributes does not change, which does not mean of course that the attributes attached to a state of the world cannot change. Note that a dynamics regarding the  $A$  matrix is not sufficient in order to deal with spiritual interactions, it just says from which dichotomy you are approaching the world, but you still have to choose one of the opposites! Calling them  $\pi_1, \pi_2$ , where

$$\pi_i : \begin{pmatrix} Z_1 \\ Z_2 \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow Z_i$$

we suggest that in a conversation you do not only change your point of view (dichotomy), but you also must have the freedom to choose for the *upper* (1) or *lower* (2) side; the  $(X, P)$  dichotomy is called the *canonical*

dichotomy and in that case is the projector on the upper side the same as picking the conservative perspective, whereas the projector on the lower side corresponds to the progressive perspective<sup>1</sup>. To say in plain language what I mean, during a conversation, you may look with new glasses at the same issue, but still you can take an upper stance or a lower stance wanting to change that new viewpoint you were just considering. To model such choice function, you could introduce a real variable  $s$  and consider the step function  $\theta(s)$ <sup>2</sup>, smoothen it out a bit around 0, denoted by  $\tilde{\theta}$ , and finally define

$$\pi(s) = \cos\left(\frac{\tilde{\theta}(s)\pi}{2}\right)\pi_1 + \sin\left(\frac{\tilde{\theta}(s)\pi}{2}\right)\pi_2$$

so that there is a fast switching between an upper and lower point of view. The dynamics for  $s$  must be coupled to everything, your physical brain, the current white state, as well as your dichotomy. We shall discuss this at greater depth later on. So, our fundamental dichotomy has the natural symmetry of relativity theory; consider now the transformation

$$A_S = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \in SL(2, \mathbb{C})$$

which we dub as the Schwitchoriem transformation whose second component

$$a = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(X + P)$$

is precisely the “middle” between the white and black perspective which is still a lower choice to make from our point of view. As a small aside, in standard quantum theory, one represents  $X, P$  on a so-called Hilbert space with an Hermitian inner product as explained in detail in the previous section. In this account, we had that  $X^\dagger = X$  and  $P^\dagger = -P$  so that

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} X \\ P \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} a^\dagger \\ a \end{pmatrix}$$

where  $a$  represents the schwitchoriem point of view and  $a^\dagger$  the diametrically opposite point of view. The spiritual meaning of  $\dagger$  is the one of the sword; either it creates or destroys. In any case, it kills and in the former killing is good ( $Z^\dagger = Z$ ) whereas in the latter it is perceived as bad ( $Z^\dagger = -Z$ ) or normal  $ZZ^\dagger = Z^\dagger Z$ . The commutation relation can be understood as

$$PX + (PX)^T = r1$$

which is the union of the marriage of the antagonist with the protagonist and its (sexual) consumption (it must be neutral, that’s why the identity operator appears given that it resides in the center). Note that we used the transpose  $T$  instead of  $\dagger$  as such definition would not be able to take into account the quantum mechanical commutations: it has to be complex linear and not anti-linear. The rules of  $\dagger, T$  also coincide with these interpretations as killing (sex) in a union starts with the submissive part and next the engaging part so that  $(AB)^\dagger = B^\dagger A^\dagger$ . As an aside, one could generalize quantum theory by using

$$PX + (PX)^T = i1$$

as a starting point; then one has finite dimensional quantum systems as exemplified by

$$X = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix}, P = \frac{i}{4} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}.$$

One could try to sharpen this example by making  $P$  Hermitian. Obviously, one has that

$$[a, a^\dagger] = 1$$

by definition. Now, we come to the definition of the ground state  $|0\rangle$  (of an issue) which a free society, in which there is no interaction between issues and therefore no emergent conventions, which require mental energy,

<sup>1</sup>In a previous publication of this work, I used white and black for the upper and lower side regardless of the dichotomy chosen, which may have led to some confusion.

<sup>2</sup> $\theta(s) = 0$  if  $s < 0$  and one otherwise.

by means of a learning process, aspires to reach. It is defined by the property that the Schwitchoriem, who is the ultimate opportunist, perceives it as a cold or neutral world in which he feels relaxed. Mathematically, this reads

$$a|0\rangle = 0.$$

As is usually done in quantum field theory, one may consider the positive operator

$$H = a^\dagger a$$

and one obtains that

$$H|0\rangle = 0$$

which precisely means that the ground state has zero psychological weight for the Schwitchoriem<sup>3</sup>. Here I launch our second principle which is that we project the mental state function down in our mind by using the energy operator attached to the operator  $Z$  representing our viewpoint; indeed, one cannot ask about  $Z$  itself except when  $Z$  is self-adjoint (or normal); this happens only for a four (five) parameter family of profiles given by

$$\begin{pmatrix} a & ib \\ \frac{ad}{b} + i\frac{1-ac}{b} & c + id \end{pmatrix}$$

where  $a, b, c, d \in \mathbb{R}$  (or  $a$  is complex and  $b = ar$  with  $r, c, d \in \mathbb{R}$ ) in case you choose the upper profile and we assume  $b \neq 0$  and likewise so for the lower profile. The reader may utter here that our notion of a dichotomy so far is a strange one given that, classically, one thinks of a dichotomy in terms of two sharp unique opposites whereas here the opposites come in two real colors; indeed, the white profile has as opposites  $P + cX$  where  $c$  is any complex number. One could eliminate this freedom and leave only for 2 complex numbers instead of 3 by demanding that  $AA^\dagger$  is a diagonal matrix, in either that the profiles are perpendicular to one and another. In matrix language this reads

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & \frac{bc+1}{a} \end{pmatrix}$$

assuming  $a$  is nonzero and

$$a\bar{c} + b\frac{\overline{bc+1}}{a} = 0$$

which always has a unique solution given by  $\bar{c}(|a|^2 + |b|^2) = -b$ . Note that the opposite condition  $A^\dagger A$  is diagonal, leads to  $\bar{a}b + \bar{c}\frac{bc+1}{a} = 0$  or  $(|a|^2 + |c|^2)b = -\bar{c}$ . This equation is quadratic in  $c$  instead of linear and does not always have a solution; therefore, the previous condition would be the correct one. Likewise, the complex condition  $AA^T$  is diagonal leads to  $(a^2 + b^2)c = -b$  which has no solution in case  $a^2 = -b^2$  for  $b \neq 0$ . We shall not take this point of view here and allow for the Greek dichotomy to be two dimensional over the real numbers; it is just so that good and bad can have different expressions and we will allow for this.

So, when it comes down to answering a question, we have to choose for a profile and next make a decision between the upper or lower part. The choice is the decision operator and we are interested in describing the situation where it is real or normal with an antagonist which is vague, normal or real and in the latter case unique. Real profiles are defined by sub-unitary Hermitian operators where God is unitary and humanity is somewhat below this. Specifically

$$Z = a + ibP$$

with  $a^2 + b^2 \leq 1$  which has the metric structure of a two disk  $D^2$ . The normal profiles are given by

$$aX + ibP$$

with  $a/b = ir$ ,  $a, b \in \mathbb{C}$ ,  $r \in \mathbb{R}$  and

$$|a|^2 + |b|^2 \leq 1$$

which has the metric structure, of a three disk  $D^3$ . Indefinite profiles have as metric space  $D^4 \setminus D^3$ . The reader is free to investigate the possibilities for the antagonist under the above restrictions of the profile operator. The classical Devil is defined by the requirement that it is Hermitian and has an equal weight between conservatism and progressiveness. This leads to

$$D_r(\pm) := r(X \pm iP)$$

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<sup>3</sup>One can define for every psychological type  $Z$  the intrinsic free weight attached to its profile as  $Z^\dagger Z$ .

with  $r \in \mathcal{K}$ . You can also define normal Devils by

$$D_{r,\theta}(\pm) := r e^{i\theta}(X \pm iP)$$

with  $r \in \mathbb{R}_0^+$ ,  $\theta \in [0, 2\pi]$ . Also, deformed devils can be defined by means of

$$r e^{i\theta}(X \pm i(1 \pm \epsilon)e^{i\psi}P).$$

In what follows, we shall call the result of combining a profile with an upper-lower choice the decision. Obviously, the 5 parameter family of profiles leading to a definite decision has measure zero, the 6 dimensional remainder being called normal. For the latter  $ZZ^\dagger = Z^\dagger Z + r1$  where  $r \neq 0$  (using the adjointness properties of  $X, P$  as well as the commutation relations). In that sense are the Schwitchoriem and anti-Schwitchoriem profiles given by

$$\begin{pmatrix} a^\dagger \\ a \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a \\ -a^\dagger \end{pmatrix}$$

the most symmetrical normal ones. The former being hermitian, whereas the latter is the anti-hermitian conjugate. This requires further reflection as a white person will only require no mental energy when he sees at the universe in the distributional state with  $\lambda = 0$ . As mentioned before, only a three parameter family of decisions is capable of further reduction of the wave function; he or she cannot only answer “I look at it from that point of view, which is maybe complex, with such an intensity (energy)” but also state in a compatible way, “I see it like that”. In this sense are almost all tests most psychologists give too limited since they force you to engage in their specific (not necessarily even white) real reality (not even a complex or imaginary one) given that they are not interested in how you feel about their task, whereas the truth is that the person simply does not want to or cannot give any answer in this way. Since, you just fill in something to please them, they draw entirely bogus conclusions on the nature of “reality”. The reader may of course wonder about the correspondence between answers on a certain issue  $X$  and the corresponding states and eigenvalues. This is something we can impossibly capture in full understanding and detail; every question which has no binary or ternary answer such as yes, no or I don’t know has an infinitely long explanation to it since few words can never capture the full reality. So, it is true that the white states are of continuous cardinality but in practice, given a certain language, we must make some truncation in the number of letters, words or sentences so that we arrive at a discrete number of states. To set the divine benchmark, we must ask all people in the world speaking this language to ascribe a liking in terms of a real number to this text which provides for a Hermitian operator on a finite dimensional Hilbert space. So, the extrapolation to the infinite dimensional case is totally simple since all we need are the real numbers anyway! The interpretation of the other normal profiles in terms of a textual explanation (conception of reality) needs to be experimentally established by means of the observed psychic radiation ascribed to the operator versus the actual content of what the person says. This is a very hard task in general and I am rather skeptic towards any attempt to find a deeper mathematical theory of comprehension. The process we have in mind is the following: suppose we raise an issue (a command or a question),  $X$  with its Heisenberg conjugate  $P$ ; then activating the (third) Eye spirit by means of the command  $E = -\frac{i}{2}(XP + PX)$  and obtaining an approximate eigenstate  $\Psi^E$  which has a description in terms of commands  $X_j^{\Psi^E}$  activating several lower gheists in the Eye, which after an action, return the state  $\Psi_j^E$  ensuring that the corresponding product state evolves to an approximate eigenstate  $\Psi^X$  in that center of the brain where the person’s spirit is located. Regarding the psychologists, they don’t even know what reality is: it is far more complex than the world in which they operate, the latter being one of definite, real, pre-cooked answers! Now, unlike the doctrine in physics where individual systems aspire to be in the lowest energy state possible, humans do enjoy mental effort and like to spend energy in things. Our description of variables attached to an issue seems at first sight ad odds with the existence of mathematical certainties which require only binary answers. However, I shall argue later how, by means of a learning process in which classical logic is dynamically embedded, classical logic, as we practise it may be an emergent phenomenon. This will be discussed at length in the following chapter. Obviously, the stable ground state of our, interacting, world costs energy for the Schwitchoriem as there exist many issues which are poured into more or less definite white pointer states. Indeed, these conventions are called law, logic and truth causing for a polarization of Schwitchoriem vacuum. Before we proceed, let us write down some interesting first order dynamics a psychological type given by a matrix  $A(t)$  might undergo; up to third order we have

$$\frac{d}{dt}A(t) = aYA(t) + bA^{-1}(t)ZA^2(t)$$

where  $a, b$  are arbitrary complex numbers and  $Y, Z$  arbitrary trace-less complex matrix fields which therefore belong to the Lie algebra of  $SL(2, \mathbb{C})$ . Indeed, one immediately verifies that

$$\frac{d}{dt} \det(A(t)) = \det(A(t)) \text{Tr} \left( \left( \frac{d}{dt} A(t) \right) A^{-1}(t) \right) = 0.$$

Another, more insightful proof (which is important later on) reads

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d}{dt} (A(t)^T \omega A(t)) &= A(t)^T \omega (aY A(t) + bA^{-1}(t) Z A^2(t)) - \text{Transpose} = \\ &\omega (aA^{-1}(t) Y A(t) + bA^{-2}(t) Z A^2(t)) - \text{Transpose} = 0 \end{aligned}$$

simply because any trace-less matrix  $X$  obeys  $X^T \omega = -\omega X = -(\omega X)^T$  since  $\omega^T = -\omega$ . So, in finding a general interaction theory for (multiple) issues, we shall look for “inter-twiners” obeying these “commutation” relations. Nature has thought us that the best way to construct such an interaction theory, is by making it as symmetrical as possible, meaning in this case that it should be a local  $SL(2, \mathbb{C})$  “gauge theory” with  $Y$  a connection and  $Z = 0$ . What follows is a bit technical and uses notions from differential geometry and fiber bundle theory. The reader may ignore this paragraph if he is not willing to study this in detail, but the general idea is that we want to find an appropriate substitute for the operator  $\frac{d}{dt}$  which expresses that time is defined by the matter currents in our brain. A connection is in the very basic meaning of the word nothing but an intermediator which allows one to define equations of motion which are not dependent upon a particular representation of  $A$ , meaning that it does not feel the impact of a “gauge” transformation  $A \rightarrow gAg^{-1}$ . Now comes the real beef of the story; we already have such a connection which is the gravitational spin connection! Now, the gravitational spin connection really is not a gauge field in the sense that upon performing a Lorentz transformation, the predictions of our theory transform covariantly instead of remaining invariant; in that sense should observables in quantum gravity be diffeomorphism covariant and not invariant as certain luminaries proclaim. In that vein do we claim that a change of reference frame is the result of a mental intervention, one which changes the conditions of the psyche leading to a different evolution. In other words, it is an active transformation and not just one associated to the redundancy of the description. In that vein, let  $J(x)$ , where  $g(J(x), J(x)) = 1$ , denote the effective classical current describing our brain activity; every nanosecond or so, it gets updated by measuring the real quantum current, then we fix a mental vierbein  $\tilde{e}_a$ , whose equations of motion are just Fermi transported along the classical neural current

$$\begin{aligned} \nabla_{J(x)}^F \tilde{e}_a(x) &:= \\ \nabla_{J(x)} \tilde{e}_a(x) + g(\tilde{e}_a(x), \nabla_{J(x)} J(x)) J(x) - g(\tilde{e}_a(x), J(x)) \nabla_{J(x)} J(x) &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

with  $\tilde{e}_0(x) = J(x)$ . The reader immediately notices that Fermi transport is not covariant under local rotations of the  $\tilde{e}_j(x)$ . It is crucial to understand that this must be so: a change of a reference frame attached to a physical observer requires not only a conscious intervention but also the necessary energy to realize that (ignoring even back-reactions on the spacetime fabric itself). As long as no such intervention occurs is there no freedom to rotate. Boosting is very much like an adiabatic process, it takes a while and the changes per unit time are infinitesimal; hence we take the viewpoint that such process is correctly described by

$$\nabla_{J(x)}^F \tilde{e}^a(x) - \alpha_b^a(t) \tilde{e}^b(x) = 0$$

where  $\alpha_b^a(t) dt$  is the boost executed at time  $t$  and  $t$  is defined with respect to a dynamical coordinate system as follows. Take  $\Sigma_0$  as a spatial hyper-surface, just at the moment prior to contemplating to change your reference frame and  $t$  is then simply defined by means of  $\partial_t = \tilde{e}_0$  and  $t = 0$  on  $\Sigma_0$ . The attentive reader must have noticed that the latter equation breaks the relation  $\tilde{e}_0 = J(x)$ , however, an infinitesimal moment in time later  $J(x)$  re-aligns itself with  $\tilde{e}_0$  meaning that

$$J^\nu(x^\mu + J^\mu(x) dt) := \tilde{e}_0(x^\mu + J^\mu(x) dt).$$

So, there is an inherent discontinuity in the process given that  $\nabla_{J(x)} J(x)$  is determined by the classical effective equations of motion; but the latter are never integrated when the mind intervenes. The accelerations merely serve as an extra initial condition in defining the Fermi derivative locally. There is no way of explicitly integrating these equations but they should be programmed on a computer taking finite time steps  $\delta t$  and take the limit  $\delta t$  to zero. The reader checks that our equation preserves the orthonormal character of the

basis given that  $\alpha_{ab}(t) = -\alpha_{ba}(t)$ . Actually, I am using nonstandard infinitesimal analysis here, but the correct time derivative is given by

$$\nabla_{J(x)}^C := \nabla_{J(x)} + \tilde{\omega}_b^a + \frac{i}{2} \tilde{\omega}_{cd} \mathcal{J}^{cd}$$

where  $\mathcal{J}^{cd}$  are the generators of the Lorentz group in the spin  $(\frac{1}{2}, 0)$  representation and  $\tilde{\omega}_b^a = -\tilde{e}_{bv} \nabla_{J(x)} \tilde{e}^{av}$ . A spinor  $C(x)$  undergoes then an infinitesimal boost

$$C(x) \rightarrow e^{i\alpha_{ab}(t) dt \mathcal{J}^{ab}} C(x)$$

and the equations of motion are covariant with respect to this procedure. Note also that the connection  $\tilde{\omega}_b^a$  does not vanish in case no change of reference frame takes place (which would have been the case if we would have defined  $\hat{\omega}_b^a = -\tilde{e}_{bv} \nabla_{J(x)}^F \tilde{e}^{av}$ ) thereby allowing for interactions between the profile fields and acceleration of the matter distribution. This must be so and later in this chapter shall we discuss couplings of a nonlinear nature. Now, before we proceed to the more general case of multiple issues, let us discuss the ramifications of this idea a bit further. In this regard, it is of crucial importance to note that the canonical dichotomy, which corresponds to the identity matrix, does not change under Lorentz boosts as it should be!! Indeed, our eyes are suddenly not taking a mixed perspective regarding the incoming electromagnetic radiation; they keep on measuring as usual and also preserve their upper perspective. Fact of the matter is that for more complex issues, even the knowledge of mathematical theorems are not approached from the canonical dichotomy (it almost is, but not quite). For example, when a mathematician walking on the street is being asked for his views on a certain mathematical statement, he might very well answer that he is just walking and you should ask this question later again when he is at home sitting at his desk. In this sense is revealing of mathematical knowledge not a canonical dichotomy, but one which is intertwined with other issues such as your state of motion. However, you might ask him a simpler question requiring a trinary answer - which is much more easy to give - whether this particular statement is true or not? He can then quickly say, yes/no or I don't know. So, this is a very bold conjecture, that mixed issues transform under your change of reference frame; even a simple rotation might cause you to reflect differently on mixed issues; for example a professor sitting at his desk, rotating his chair for 180 degrees so that he is sitting with his back to the desk might suddenly conclude that he cannot think in this way, he needs his desk in front of him to write things down on paper and order his thoughts. So, the fact that he does not see his desk, which is encoded in the accelerations of his new brain current changes his profile on thinking.

## 2.1 Intermezzo

We shall further deepen our understanding of the above regarding two different aspects. The first is that so far, we have looked upon the defining white-black relations from the point of view of complex geometry; here we develop the perspective from the Hermitian point of view and draw analogies between both. Indeed, instead of taking as defining relation

$$(X, P) \sigma_2 \begin{pmatrix} X \\ P \end{pmatrix} = -i1$$

we could as well have used

$$(X, P)^\dagger \sigma_1 \begin{pmatrix} X \\ P \end{pmatrix} = -1$$

leading one to a group of transformations  $A$  defined by

$$A^\dagger \sigma_1 A = \sigma_1.$$

The latter is four dimensional and not six dimensional and consists out of a  $U(1)$  part and something isomorphic to  $SO(1, 2)$  consisting out of boosts in the 2, 3 direction and a rotation around the 1 axis, realized by  $K^2 := -\frac{i}{2} \sigma^2$ ,  $K^3 := -\frac{i}{2} \sigma^3$ ,  $J^1 := \frac{1}{2} \sigma^1$  respectively, obeying

$$[K^2, K^3] = -iJ^1, [J^1, K^2] = iK^3, [J^1, K^3] = -iK^2.$$

Basically, we also have those generators in our  $SL(2, \mathbb{C})$  Lie algebra and we can identify them. We shall come back to this duality in point of view later on in the next chapter of this book.

A second issue regards a natural representation of our profile operators, in particular, consider the following

operators

$$\begin{aligned}
E &= \frac{-i}{2}(X, P)\sigma_1 \begin{pmatrix} X \\ P \end{pmatrix} \\
&= \frac{-1}{2}(X, P)(-i\sigma_2)(i\sigma^3) \begin{pmatrix} X \\ P \end{pmatrix} \\
&= \frac{-i}{2}(2XP + 1) \\
&= (X, P)^\dagger(-i\sigma^1)\left(\frac{1}{2}\sigma_3\right) \begin{pmatrix} X \\ P \end{pmatrix} \\
&= \frac{-1}{2}(X, P)^\dagger\sigma^2 \begin{pmatrix} X \\ P \end{pmatrix} \\
T &= i(X, P)\sigma_2 \begin{pmatrix} X \\ P \end{pmatrix} \\
&= i(X, P)(-i\sigma_2)(i1_2) \begin{pmatrix} X \\ P \end{pmatrix} \\
&= 1_2 \\
&= -(X, P)^\dagger\sigma_1 \begin{pmatrix} X \\ P \end{pmatrix} \\
&= (X, P)^\dagger(-i\sigma_1)(-i1_2) \begin{pmatrix} X \\ P \end{pmatrix} \\
-H &= \frac{1}{2}(X, P)\sigma_3 \begin{pmatrix} X \\ P \end{pmatrix} \\
&= \frac{1}{2}(X, P)(-i\sigma^2)(-\sigma^1) \begin{pmatrix} X \\ P \end{pmatrix} \\
&= \frac{1}{2}(-X^2 + P^2) \\
&= \frac{-1}{2}(X, P)^\dagger 1_2 \begin{pmatrix} X \\ P \end{pmatrix} \\
&= (X, P)^\dagger(-i\sigma^1)\left(-\frac{i}{2}\sigma^1\right) \begin{pmatrix} X \\ P \end{pmatrix} \\
B &= \frac{1}{2}(X, P)1_2 \begin{pmatrix} X \\ P \end{pmatrix} \\
&= \frac{1}{2}(X, P)(-i\sigma^2)(i\sigma^2) \begin{pmatrix} X \\ P \end{pmatrix} \\
&= \frac{1}{2}(X^2 + P^2) \\
&= \frac{-1}{2}(X, P)^\dagger\sigma_3 \begin{pmatrix} X \\ P \end{pmatrix} \\
&= (X, P)^\dagger(-i\sigma^1)\left(-\frac{\sigma^2}{2}\right) \begin{pmatrix} X \\ P \end{pmatrix}
\end{aligned}$$

Before we proceed, let us mention that these expressions suggest a deeper relationship between  $\sigma^1, -i\sigma^2, -\sigma^3, 1_2, i\sigma^2$  on the other<sup>4</sup>. This almost suggests that the 1-axis and time are of the same kind and likewise so for the 2 – 3 axis; which is the case for the gravitational field on the earth where the 1 axis equals the  $z$  axis and is given by  $\partial_r$  and time is related to height. The only freedom which is still left is rotation around the 1 axis, which connects the 2 – 3 axis in which biological creatures can move without effort. The reader also

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<sup>4</sup>Note that the Hermitian geometry only provides for  $i\sigma^2 = \sigma^3$  and  $\sigma^1 = -1_2$ ; all other relations arise from the correspondence with the complex geometry which gives  $i\sigma^1 = \sigma^2$  and  $\sigma^3 = -1_2$

notices that there is a reflection symmetry around all axis which amounts to space-time reversal. I was very interested in this observation when I noticed it for the first time and we shall try to make sense out of it later on. One notices that  $E, H, B$  are self-adjoint operators and that:

$$[H, E] = 2iB, [B, H] = 2iE, [B, E] = 2iH$$

which is the algebra of  $SO(1, 2)$  with  $J^1 = \frac{1}{2}H, -\frac{1}{2}B = K^2, \frac{1}{2}E = K^3$  and not  $SU(2)$ . The reader may enjoy understanding that these insights result from quantization of a 1+0 dimensional complex spinor field theory with as real action

$$S = i \int dt \begin{pmatrix} \Phi(t) \\ \Psi(t) \end{pmatrix}^\dagger \sigma^1 \frac{d}{dt} \begin{pmatrix} \Phi(t) \\ \Psi(t) \end{pmatrix}$$

which is clearly  $U(1) \times SO(1, 2)$  invariant. A small computation reveals that there exist two independent real components and two imaginary ones forming two conjugate pairs which decouple in the usual Poisson bracket. The correct bracket to quantize however is the Dirac bracket which gives half of the identity (putting  $\hbar = 1$ ) for the conjugate variables. Restricting to one canonical pair, we have that  $X = \text{Re}(\Phi(t)), P = 2\text{Im}(\Psi(t))$  since the canonical momentum of  $\text{Re}(\Phi)$  equals  $\text{Im}(\Psi) = \frac{iP}{2}$  and likewise the canonical momentum of  $\text{Im}(\Psi)$  is  $-\text{Re}(\Phi) = -X$  so that everything is consistent. I dropped the time dependency here because the Hamiltonian is exactly zero. The charges associated to the symmetry group are therefore (ignoring the other conjugate pair)

$$\begin{aligned} 1_2 &\rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} X \\ P \end{pmatrix}^\dagger \sigma^1 \begin{pmatrix} X \\ P \end{pmatrix} \\ \frac{1}{2}\sigma^1 &\rightarrow \frac{1}{4} \begin{pmatrix} X \\ P \end{pmatrix}^\dagger 1_2 \begin{pmatrix} X \\ P \end{pmatrix} \\ -i\frac{1}{2}\sigma^2 &\rightarrow \frac{1}{4} \begin{pmatrix} X \\ P \end{pmatrix}^\dagger \sigma^3 \begin{pmatrix} X \\ P \end{pmatrix} \\ -i\frac{1}{2}\sigma^3 &\rightarrow -\frac{1}{4} \begin{pmatrix} X \\ P \end{pmatrix}^\dagger \sigma^2 \begin{pmatrix} X \\ P \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

so that it is clear that the algebra is preserved<sup>5</sup>. To turn it into  $SU(2)$  we need to analytically continue and state that  $J^1 = -\frac{1}{2}H, J^3 = -\frac{1}{2}iE, J^2 = -\frac{1}{2}iB$  which means that the rotations around the 2 – 3 axis correspond to anti-Hermitian operators. That this constitutes the right point of view is exemplified by considering the adjoint actions

$$\begin{aligned} [J^3, X] &= -\frac{1}{2}X \\ [J^3, P] &= \frac{1}{2}P \\ [J^2, X] &= -\frac{i}{2}P \\ [J^2, P] &= \frac{i}{2}X \\ [J^1, X] &= \frac{1}{2}P \\ [J^1, P] &= \frac{1}{2}X \end{aligned}$$

Upon identifying  $X$  with  $(1, 0)^T$  and  $P$  with  $(0, 1)^T$  one sees that  $J^j \equiv \frac{1}{2}\sigma^j$  which confirms our previous analysis. Notice that there is another interesting observation here; in a way, the representation of  $SO(1, 3)$  is broken down to one of  $SO(1, 2)$  given that the latter constitutes the unitary part of the former. The attentive reader must have noticed that there is a slight ambiguity in the above determination of the charges and that

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<sup>5</sup>Note that we have changed sign of  $\sigma^1 = -\frac{1}{2}H$  and  $\sigma^3 = -\frac{1}{2}E$  but that is inconsequential.

we could equally well have considered

$$\begin{aligned}
1_2 &\rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} X \\ P/2 \end{pmatrix}^\dagger \sigma^1 \begin{pmatrix} X \\ P/2 \end{pmatrix} \\
&= -\frac{1}{2}1 \\
\frac{1}{2}\sigma^1 &\rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} X \\ P/2 \end{pmatrix}^\dagger 1_2 \begin{pmatrix} X \\ P/2 \end{pmatrix} \\
&= \frac{1}{2} \left( X^2 - \frac{P^2}{4} \right) \\
-i\frac{1}{2}\sigma^2 &\rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} X \\ P/2 \end{pmatrix}^\dagger \sigma^3 \begin{pmatrix} X \\ P/2 \end{pmatrix} \\
&= -\frac{1}{2} \left( X^2 + \frac{P^2}{4} \right) \\
-i\frac{1}{2}\sigma^3 &\rightarrow -\frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} X \\ P/2 \end{pmatrix}^\dagger \sigma^2 \begin{pmatrix} X \\ P/2 \end{pmatrix} \\
&= -\frac{i}{2} \left( XP + \frac{1}{2} \right).
\end{aligned}$$

which changes the appearance on the right hand side by a factor of 2. Perhaps, there is something deeply hidden in this and that all (inverse) powers of 2 and  $-1$  are encoded into nature.

Finally, note that there is another Hermitian way of encoding the commutation relations which is given by

$$\begin{pmatrix} X \\ iP \end{pmatrix}^\dagger \sigma^2 \begin{pmatrix} X \\ iP \end{pmatrix} = 1.$$

The symmetries of this relation are again given by  $U(1) \times SO(1,2)$  but this time the rotation is around the 2 axis. This leads to an identification of  $-\sigma^1 = \sigma^2$  which causes for the entire theory to be invariant under the symmetry  $1 \rightarrow i$ ; this has been suggested into the work of 't Hooft and Nobbenhuis regarding the cosmological constant. Note that the associated complex geometry given by

$$\begin{pmatrix} X \\ iP \end{pmatrix}^T \sigma^2 \begin{pmatrix} X \\ iP \end{pmatrix} = 1$$

is redundant and does not provide for any new information: its symmetry group is given by

$$A^T \sigma_2 A = \sigma_2$$

and is again the usual  $SL(2, \mathbb{C})$ . Finally, note that the Schwitchoriem duality is not included in any of the two Hermitian geometries meaning there is no way, by means of the associated symmetries, to rotate the free particle into the Harmonic oscillator or into a particle with no kinetic term at all. This is why all viewpoints seem to be important. Note here that reality itself, that is the psychic wave function for all observers is taken to be static so far, it are the perspectives or profiles which change and reality changes only by means of by means of measurement. This is certainly a part of the game, but on the other hand do we know that psychic reality changes if material reality does and this has nothing to do with your decision, that may be perfectly white! So, your local white world evolves too: for example, when you see someone hurt, you will most likely help her so that reality changed in the sense that this became the most likely answer. Of course, this particular information regarding the image of the hurt person must be hidden into you brain currents, another reason why we must take the complex geometry of our commutation relations most seriously given it provides for a  $(\frac{1}{2}, 0)$  representation of the Lorentz group and therefore allows for a quadratic coupling to those currents. Indeed, the coupling itself must be Lorentz invariant: the psyche is attached to the body, it is just so that you will have different brain currents when moving relative to one and another compared to when you are in rest to each other simply because incoming signals shift accordingly. For example, when driving a car, you are less likely to stop for someone in need on the street as when meeting this person on

foot. We shall not go into this matter further in this book as we clearly lack experimental data of how our psyche couples precisely to our brain currents and how our moral values are affected by what we see from at the level of molecules and so on. A computer again can be just fed with billions of pictures or conversations of the same person so that it eventually recognizes when this person is sad or happy, if the programmer just attached these words to those pictures in the first place, which is something very different from having an understanding of these words. Again, all of this has its limits, but perhaps nature causes complicated “machines” not to be a machine any longer, by means of something we cannot comprehend. Finally, remark that the only symmetry which is common to all viewpoints is a boost around the 3 or  $y$  axis associated to the  $E$  operator; we shall come back to this in the next chapter.

## 2.2 Further Exploration of the Dynamics of the Profile Matrix

Since any profile matrix can be identified with  $A(x) = e^{\vec{a}(x) \cdot \vec{\sigma}}$  where  $\vec{a}$  is a complex vector, we have a canonical isomorphism mapping it to

$$\widehat{A} = e^{\vec{a} \cdot \vec{J}}$$

where as mentioned previously  $J_1^\dagger = J_1$ ,  $J_2^\dagger = -J_2$ ,  $J_3^\dagger = -J_3$ . This allows one to couple the profile matrices to the wave-function describing the white reality. At this point, it is necessary to mention that all representation Hilbert spaces used in physics carry a natural complex structure, meaning that one can tell whether a vector is real or imaginary. In that vein, can we define the complex conjugate of an operator and both  $X, P$  obey

$$\overline{X} = X, \overline{P} = P$$

which leads to

$$\overline{J_1} = J_1, \overline{J_2} = -J_2, \overline{J_3} = J_3.$$

Therefore, we can relate the adjoint representation to the inverse of the complex conjugate representation if we find an operator  $S$  obeying  $S^2 = 1$  such that

$$J_j^\dagger S = -S \overline{J_j}.$$

In the standard  $su(2)$  representation, this is easily seen to be given by  $\pm\sigma^2$ ; in our framework however, we have to focus on  $J^3$  (which is of course fully equivalent) given that

$$J_1 S = -S J_1, J_2 S = -S J_2, J_3 S = S J_3.$$

I have not seen any discussion of this “charge conjugation” in the literature but it is obvious from the well known representation theory of  $su(2)$  that there is precisely (upon a sign), for each irreducible representation, one  $S$  satisfying these equations and one has moreover that  $S^\dagger = S$ . The latter is given by  $S_{\sigma, \sigma'} = \delta_{\sigma, \sigma'} (-1)^{\sigma - j}$  where  $\sigma$  is half integer in case  $j$  is and runs from  $-j \dots j$ . In general, our operators  $X, P$  are the usual multiplication and differential operators with respect to  $\alpha$  and are represented on the Hilbert space of square integrable functions in those psychological variables at any point in spacetime. The associated representation, by means of the  $J^j$ , of the rotation group is obviously reducible and can be written as an infinite direct sum of irreducible representations; hence the only freedom in the choice of  $S$  is a relative sign  $\pm 1$  in each representation block. Hence, we shall be interested in couplings of the kind

$$K(A(x), \Psi(x)) := \frac{\int ds \overline{\Psi}(x, s) S \widehat{A}(x) \Psi(x, s)}{\int ds \overline{\Psi}(x, s) S \overline{\Psi}(x, s)}$$

where  $\Psi(x, s)$ ,  $\widehat{A}(x)$  transform under an (infinitesimal) Lorentz transformation  $\Lambda^{\frac{1}{2}}(x) = e^{i\vec{b}(x) \cdot \vec{\sigma}}$  as

$$\frac{\widehat{\Lambda^{\frac{1}{2}}(x) \Psi(x, s)}}{\int ds \overline{\Psi}(x, s) \Psi(x, s)}, \widehat{\Lambda^{\frac{1}{2}}(x) \widehat{A}(x) \Lambda^{-\frac{1}{2}}(x)}$$

such that  $K(A(x), \Psi(x))$  remains an invariant. This principle reflects that the evolution of your profile regarding the mental state remains the same if you change motion. Note that  $\widehat{\Lambda^{\frac{1}{2}}(x)}$  is not a unitary operator and that therefore change of reference frame changes (slightly) your notion of orthonormal basis which means

that you have a different reality - a change from the traditional viewpoint upon quantum mechanics (note that we renormalized the wave and therefore had to consider the denominator in the definition of  $K(A(x), \Psi(x))$  which we assume to be nonzero). Before we proceed, let us think about this a bit further; this viewpoint is exactly the same as we had for the change an external state underwent if the hypothetical observer boosted; the latter description, as we shall explain in full depth in the next chapter, is just a rule of thumb. What really happens is that the state of your brain changes relative to the exterior world which is equivalent to an apparent change in the outer world! We will comment further upon that when discussing issues which boost into one and another when changing frame of reference, such as the different components of your brain currents themselves which just reflect that the state of your brain has altered regarding its coupling with the external world. Indeed, we see colors slightly differently when moving, lengths of objects contract and so on. There is another change with regard to traditional quantum field theory here, which is that the profile field acts upon the upper-lower variables which constitute a “quantum system” themselves. Also this is a novel extension of the usual lore where everything is put on the same level; in the psyche, there are different levels, there are issues, profiles on issues, issues on profiles of issues and so on. The psyche works as such, it is a reflection of intelligence. If you want artificial intelligence to be able to partially reason as a human, you would simply have to feed it with all infinite conversations between humans to obtain a level of speech which is somewhat coherent. All AI can do up till now is give an encyclopedic overview of what is known, but it will actually never make any choice by itself and even if it would (which you can program by means of a random generator) then still you would have to program it as such in order for successive profiles to be coherent. Therefore, AI will never be able to do any original research. Let us also mention that the dynamics for the profile matrix must be as such that the identity matrix is a fixed point and attractor. It is important to notice that the action of the profile matrices (and therefore the action of the symmetry group) is not a unitary one, which leads in general to complex action principles instead of real ones.

## 2.3 Multiple Issues

In a way, this is a system of one issue; going over to  $N$  independent (meaning there is no particular order between them) primitive issues we obtain  $N$  operators  $X_i$  and  $P_j$  satisfying

$$[P_i, X_j] = \delta_{ij} 1$$

as well as

$$[X_i, X_j] = [P_i, P_j] = 0$$

and we look for symmetries of this algebra<sup>6</sup>. Those include the so-called Bogoliubov transformations which map Schwitchoriems on pure issues to Schwitchoriems on mixed issues; but since the world of issues is classical, those mixed issues are not seen as defining the ground state of society. The full matrix algebra has complex dimension  $(2N)^2$  for which the quadratic forms associated to  $N$  matrices  $T^i$  are put to the identity and the remaining quadratic forms associated to  $2N(N-1)$  different matrices  $S_{ab}^{[ij]}$  are mapped to the zero operator. Here,  $(T^i)^{ka} = \delta_i^k \delta_k^a \omega_b^a$  and  $S_{ab}^{[ij]} = E_{ij} F_{ab} - E_{ji} F_{ba}$ , where  $E_{ij}$  is the  $N \times N$  matrix with all zero entries except for  $(ij)$  where it equals one and  $F_{ab}$  is the two times two matrix given by  $(F_{ab})_{cd} = \delta_{ac} \delta_{bd}$ , are all anti-symmetric matrices. The reader may enjoy proving that preservation of these constraints is equivalent to

$$\text{Tr}(A^T T^j A \omega_N) = -2, \quad \text{Tr}(A^T S_{ab}^{[ij]} A \omega_N) = 0$$

where

$$\omega_N = 1_N \otimes \omega$$

and  $1_N$  is the  $N \times N$  identity matrix. So, this leaves us with a  $4N^2 - 2N(N-1) - N = 2N^2 + N$  dimensional complex Lie algebra of symmetry transformations. indeed, as the reader may verify, the above constraints are equivalent to

$$A^T T^i A = \lambda_j^i T^j + a_{jk}^i S_{ab}^{[jk]}, \quad A^T S_{ab}^{[ij]} A = b_{ab[kl]}^{[ij]} S_{cd}^{[kl]} + \kappa_{abk}^{[ij]} T^k$$

where  $\lambda, b$  are invertible matrices and moreover

$$\sum_j \lambda_j^i = 1, \quad \sum_k \kappa_{abk}^{[ij]} = 0.$$

<sup>6</sup>Here it is worthwhile to notice that although we consider the direct sum construction in determining the distinct profiles, we shall of course take the tensor-product of the “one issue Hilbert spaces” when representing the issue operators.

From this, the group properties are easily verified. As we knew already, for  $N = 1$ , we have three generators, naturally associated to space if our question regards the being or perception of space and we added “time” to this picture as the identity matrix. Note that in the exceptional case of the fundamental representation of  $SL(2, \mathbb{C})$ , the generators do not only constitute a Lie algebra but naturally give rise to a complex algebra with time added. There was another way spacetime arose from this representation and that was by taking the tensor product with its complex conjugate representation and taking real sections. So, in a way, there are two natural algebraic connections between the different psychological types, regarding a certain issue, and the four dimensional nature of spacetime - this might lead to a useful idea when formulating dynamical laws for psychological types. The tensor product construction is the most easy one to generalize<sup>7</sup>; indeed; one may consider a  $2N$  dimensional complex vector space defined by

$$W \sim \oplus_{j=1}^N \begin{pmatrix} X_j \\ P_j \end{pmatrix}$$

then insisting that our symmetry transformations preserve the natural symplectic form  $\omega_N$  imposes  $\frac{N(N+1)}{2} - 1$  extra constraints. Hence, going over  $W \otimes \bar{W}$  and taking real sections, we have a natural *complex* action of our symmetry group on  $\otimes_N(M^4)$  where  $M^4$  is 4 dimensional (complex) Minkowski spacetime. In more detail, consider

$$-\delta_{ij}\eta_{ab} = \delta_{ij}\sigma_a^{AA'}\sigma_b^{BB'}\omega_{AB}\bar{\omega}_{A'B'}$$

and

$$(\Lambda)_{jb}^{ia} := \sigma_{AA'}^a\sigma_b^{BB'}A_{kB}^{iA}\bar{A}_{jB'}^{kA'}$$

then elementary algebra reveals that they constitute elements of  $SO(N, 3N; \mathbb{C})$ . Indeed, it is generally not so that  $(\Lambda)_{jb}^{ia}$  is a real matrix albeit this is certainly so for  $N = 1$ . To demand it is real is equivalent to the supplementary conditions

$$A_{kB}^{iA}\bar{A}_{jB'}^{kA'} = \bar{A}_{kB'}^{iA'}A_{kjB}^{kA}$$

or equivalently that the  $N \times N$  matrices  $A_B^A$  satisfy the following 8 complex conditions

$$\bar{A}_{B'}^{A'}A_B^A = A_B^A\bar{A}_{B'}^{A'}$$

Note that if you would insist upon a real embedding of the entire group without any additional reality conditions then you would need to embed it into  $SO(N^2, 3N^2; \mathbb{R})$  and we shall leave this as an exercise to the reader. In the sequel, we shall not go over to any reduced symmetry group, but merely consider gauge transformations which do preserve  $\omega_N$  which is all we really need. Now, we come to an important point, we must couple spacetime currents (which display the motion of our spirit attached to our body) with the evolution of these matrices and we can use this isomorphism between  $N$  copies of the tangent bundle and our mental habitat of  $N$  questions, denoting by  $\mathcal{J}^{ab}$  the generators of the spin  $(\frac{1}{2}, 0)$  representation<sup>8</sup>, we can take

$$\mathbf{J}^{N ab} = \sum_{j=1}^N 0_2 \oplus_1 \dots \oplus_{j-1} 0_2 \oplus_{j-1} \mathcal{J}^{ab} \oplus_j 0_2 \dots \oplus_{N-1} 0_2$$

where  $0_2$  is the zero matrix in 2 dimensions. Clearly, this is an element of the Lie algebra of our symmetry group (the direct sum representation); now lets consider the spin connection

$$\nabla_{J(x)}^{C,N} := \nabla_{J(x)} + \frac{i}{2}\tilde{\omega}_{ab}\mathbf{J}^{N ab}$$

which is mandatory to make the dynamics of the  $(2N) \times (2N)$  matrices  $A$  belonging to our symmetry group covariant under a change of reference frame. There is an interesting thing to mention here, the inter-twiners governing the interactions of profiles have to be dynamical objects themselves in contrast to what happens in particle theory. From a mental point of view, this is entirely logical since the interactions between two identical profiles vary in time; I suggest that those matrices only couple to the mental variables and not the

<sup>7</sup>The solder form here can be taken to be static, however alternative theories of gravitation may be developed using dynamical solder forms.

<sup>8</sup> $\mathcal{J}^{0j} = \frac{i}{2}\sigma^j$ ,  $\mathcal{J}^{jk} = \epsilon_{jkl}\frac{1}{2}\sigma^l$

type operators themselves<sup>9</sup>. Here, it is of course understood that a  $2N$  complex “mind vector”  $V$  transforms under a local Lorentz transformation as

$$V \rightarrow e^{i\zeta_{ab}J^{ab}}V$$

where  $\zeta_{ab}$  is real an anti-symmetric and generates a Lorentz transformation on the vectors by means of

$$e^{\zeta_{ab}J^{ab}}$$

where the  $J^{ab}$  are the real anti symmetric generators of the defining representation and  $J^{ab} = -J^{ba}$ . Likewise can the reader now construct more general inter twiners allowing for different issues to mix with one and another as well as to change your perspective upon things. We now come back to our projectors  $\pi_{A,j}(s_j)$  where  $A = 1, 2$  and  $j : 1 \dots N$  onto the conservative or progressive side of your dichotomy. I did not mention this previously, but the tensor  $\pi_{A_k}(s_j; j = 1 \dots N) : \mathbb{C}^{2N} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$  simply is the identity matrix so that everything is manifestly Lorentz covariant. It is obvious that one should construct the Lie algebra of our Lie group in terms of the Pauli matrices such that the new quantum generators can be constructed by means of the identical procedure; for  $N = 2$  the reader may verify that the complex Lie algebra is generated by

$$R^j := \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \sigma^j \\ \sigma^j & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad T := \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -i \\ i & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

and

$$P^j = \begin{pmatrix} \sigma^j & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad Q^j := \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \sigma^j \end{pmatrix}.$$

The commutation relations are

$$[R^j, R^k] = 2i\epsilon_{jkl}(P^l + Q^l), \quad [R^j, P^k] = -iT\delta^{jk} + i\epsilon_{jkl}R^l, \quad [R^j, Q^k] = iT\delta^{jk} + i\epsilon_{jkl}R^l,$$

$$[P^j, Q^k] = 0, \quad [R^j, T] = 2i(P^k - Q^j), \quad [P^j, T] = -iR^j, \quad [Q^j, T] = iR^j$$

and

$$[P^j, P^k] = 2i\epsilon_{jkl}P^l, \quad [Q^j, Q^k] = 2i\epsilon_{jkl}Q^l.$$

Mapping each generator  $S$  to

$$S \rightarrow \hat{S} := \frac{1}{2}(X_1, P_1, X_2, P_2) \begin{pmatrix} i\sigma^2 & 0 \\ 0 & i\sigma^2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} X_1 \\ P_1 \\ X_2 \\ P_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

leads to

$$R^1 \rightarrow i(-X_1X_2 + P_1P_2) \tag{2.1}$$

$$R^2 \rightarrow -(X_1X_2 + P_1P_2) \tag{2.2}$$

$$R^3 \rightarrow -i(X_1P_2 + P_1X_2) \tag{2.3}$$

$$T \rightarrow i(X_1P_2 - P_1X_2) \tag{2.4}$$

$$P^1 \rightarrow -iH_1 \tag{2.5}$$

$$P^2 \rightarrow -B_1 \tag{2.6}$$

$$P^3 \rightarrow E_1 \tag{2.7}$$

$$\tag{2.8}$$

and likewise for  $Q^j$  with one and two interchanged. We already know we have to analytically continue  $\hat{P}^1 \rightarrow -i\hat{P}^1$ ,  $\hat{P}^2 \rightarrow i\hat{P}^2$ ,  $\hat{P}^3 \rightarrow -i\hat{P}^3$  and likewise for  $\hat{Q}^j$  to get the correct Lie algebra of  $SU(2)$ . Assuming this has been done and upon using the same symbols for the redefined meanings, one sees that one needs to perform the following analytic continuation

$$\hat{R}^1 \rightarrow i\hat{R}^1, \quad \hat{R}^2 \rightarrow -i\hat{R}^2, \quad \hat{R}^3 \rightarrow i\hat{R}^3$$

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<sup>9</sup>Note that everything is consistent here given that upon applying a spin  $\frac{1}{2}$  Lorentz transformation  $g$  to  $X$  results in  $(\omega g X g^{-1})^T = -(g^{-1})^T X^T g^T \omega = \omega g X g^{-1}$  by using the properties  $X^T \omega = -\omega X$  and  $g^T \omega g = \omega$ .

to ensure consistency of the first commutation relations and the reader may verify that all other remaining commutation relations are satisfied. This concludes, up to this point, the very mathematical setting behind our line of thought on the fundamental dichotomy which is conjectured to largely determine the way we interact with one and another. Sociology and psychology as it has been practised so far are not even close to properly addressing those issues from a foundational point of view. It seems that the way both pseudosciences are used by policy makers is to impose a restriction upon free will and behavior and, even if you committed no real offense, to put you away in some asylum to “protect” yourself as well as your surroundings. Psychiatrists have become the modern inquisition aimed at taming and re-educating undesirable elements in society, and it is just horrible that they proclaim their gratuitous “diseases” have some objective scientific value. Those, who interested in those power games, please, throw this book away since this is not of my interest. I want to gain a deeper understanding of why people react in a certain way with the goal of an inclusive, modern society and not an exclusive, medieval one which judges and prosecutes. Only Italians seem to have understood this profound message and gave up upon mental asylums due to the work of a psychiatrist in Trieste: long live Italy and maybe I will go on retirement there. Of course, issues are not the only thing our psyche turns around, there is also the issue of consciousness and any theory involving communication of issues must also consider whether this happens in a conscious (c) or unconscious (u) way regarding reception (R) and sending (S) of “signals”. This constitutes our second dichotomy which is also of fundamental importance in psychology, but unlike our first dichotomy, where one is free to choose ones point of view and the quantum mechanical description is the accurate one, consciousness is something which simply seems happen to us; it seems rather perverted that one would “pose the question” (unconsciously of course) regarding ones awareness about other questions of the mind. Although there is no strict logical contradiction here as far as I can understand, we will treat consciousness on a classical level of geometry. In particular, we will make a completeness assumption that every send signal is also received so that in a sending-reception process there are two parameters involved indicating the degree of awareness. We shall describe the world in the white basis; that is, we work with real variables attached to issues and study how these values as well as the issues propagate. Ultimately, the real state is a complex wave-function in as well the issues (which cause for a discrete labelling  $j$ ), the values (which are just real numbers  $\alpha_j$ ) and the spacetime location. A signal transmits information which we write down by the letters  $\alpha, \beta$  (which are taken as vectorial quantities); now, it is not so that the received information equals the transmitted one, the receiver may attach a different value to a certain sentence or he might slightly store the message in a different wording in his brain (possibly also with a different appreciation) and thereby mixing the vector components. We must still, for each message, attach the degree of awareness to it; indeed, we have learned that between dichotomies there must exist a continuous spectrum of possibilities. You may not be fully aware of something or largely unaware, but have a gut feeling that you saw something vague but don’t quite remember what. Therefore, each entry in the vector  $\alpha$  is replaced by a couple  $(\alpha_j, t_j)$  where  $t_j \in (-\infty, +\infty)$  and  $t = -\infty$  equals u and  $t = +\infty$  equals c. Keeping this in mind, we use the symbol  $\bar{\alpha}$  in this new sense (so it is a  $2N$  dimensional vector instead of a  $N$  dimensional vector). Now, we must still add the flat  $2N$  dimensional complex space of psychological profiles on top of this construction and then we are done. So now that we know how our total space should look like (locally), let us ask some questions regarding the metric. As said before, the bundle of types should be flat (in the bundle coordinates), but there must be some non-trivial dependency of the “profile operators”  $A$  on the psychological variables  $\bar{\alpha}$  but not really upon the spacetime coordinate  $x$  (apart from the influence through the spin connection) since physical signals almost never influence our questions; it is just the level of awareness regarding those signals which get influenced, for example when you are in pain. So, to speak into the language of the next Part of this book, we must find free propagators for the material particles, psychological variables and profile operators separately and then construct inter-twiners between them. This should be inter-twiners (a) relating the matter propagators (in either incoming physical signals) to the propagators of the psychological variables and (b) relating the psychological variables and types amongst each other. In order to realize this one must have a “learning field”  $T_{\alpha_j t_k}^{A_j}(x, \bar{\alpha})$  where  $k, j : 1 \dots N$  and  $A = 1, 2$  where the latter transform under local Lorentz transformations and the  $\alpha_j, t_k$  coordinates do not transform at all given that they are canonically associated to the operators  $X_j, P_j$  and those are not dynamical. Note that this somewhat Newtonian stance is justified since those variables, unlike (instantaneous) physical attributes<sup>10</sup> of a particle do not depend upon the state of motion relative to the observer but they pertain to the inner kitchen of the observer himself! In a way, it is logical that your state of physical motion in as well the gravitational field as the other force fields

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<sup>10</sup>In classical theories these attributes transform under local Lorentz transformations but as discussed at length before, this is not the case in quantum theory.

interacts with your dichotomy regarding certain issues<sup>11</sup>. Indeed, any motion in the background scenery requires work to be done by the body so that *internal* positions are influenced by that very activity; for example, when asked “what speed you are considering in moving towards the fridge (while sitting in your armchair) to get some beer”, you might at first say that you don’t know, that you are currently sitting in your chair and that this question is irrelevant to you (mixed profile, it bothers you in a certain sense). Next, when you stand up to get the beer and being asked the same question again, you might say, I consider going at 5 km an hour because that is the optimal speed to get my beer (white profile), whereas finally, upon approaching the fridge you answer to the same question again that you consider slowing down (white profile) otherwise you might walk past the fridge. Actually, what you call speed is expressed in the number of steps you make per unit time times the step length, but the only way to step is to use your muscles! Indeed, any single rigid object on the surface of the earth which cannot transform its internal energy into labor will either remain stationary or experience a varying force field (in space) due to the surface of the earth (gravity, as Einstein beautifully expressed it, is not a force and you don’t feel it). This is the very crucial distinction between Einstein’s view (which is the correct one) and Newton’s view upon gravitation. Newton would say there are two forces working on the body, a gravitational one and one due to the surface of the earth conspiring as to keep you on the surface of the earth and there is *almost* no net force felt when you are moving. Einstein, on the other hand, would say that that such a body really is accelerating all the time because it does not move on a geodesic in the gravitational field. Our *interpretation* of speed really regards an acceleration in the Einsteinian sense and that is the reason why we do not only feel speed<sup>12</sup> to some extend but also our own weight! However, the variation of the force field due to the surface of the earth is *interpreted* in a different way: for example, a cylindrical body will experience that this contact force varies as a delta peak  $F\delta(\theta - \alpha t)\vec{e}_\theta$ , where  $\vec{e}_\theta$  is naturally associated to its polar coordinate system, whereas an outside observer would say that the contact force is a delta peak  $F\delta(x + R\alpha t)\vec{e}_z$ , where the  $z$  axis is fixed with respect to him. It are the interpretations which are crucial for the evolution of the profile operators: indeed regarding the issue “what is the angular speed cylinder John is rolling with on the floor?”, John himself might take the mixed point of view and say that he does not know whether he is rolling or not, but he feels stinges upon his mantle which continuously move over the entire mantle whereas previously, they were in one place only. Maybe, some evil deamon is playing a game with him? He doesn’t know, it is complicated. An observer from the outside will of course give a definite answer. When asking then to John to which extend he would like the stinges to be in one place only, he might give a definite very high appreciation. The psychological appreciation (in the white perspective in terms of the  $\alpha$  variables) of walking towards the fridge would roughly be the same in all three circumstances (prior to applying your profile operator). Indeed, at any instant would you have answered that 5 km an hour is the preferred speed *if* you would want to go to the fridge in the first place. Likewise, to give another example, do you look differently at abstract intellectual thought when you are walking on the street; you will most likely say that you do not engage in thought right now and that such activity is to be done when you are sitting quietly at your desk at home. To illustrate these previous thoughts with a specific calculation we attach a Newtonian frame of reference to the center of the earth in polar coordinates  $(r, \theta, \phi)$ ; then upon keeping  $(r, \phi)$  fixed, say  $r = R$ ,  $\phi = 0$  where  $R$  is the radius of the earth, then we would say that the motion  $\theta(t) = \alpha t$  with  $\alpha$  a ridiculously small number is one of constant velocity. However, in Cartesian coordinates, the resulting vector  $\vec{r}(t)$  satisfies

$$\frac{d^2}{dt^2}\vec{r}(t) = -\alpha^2\vec{r}(t)$$

resulting in a magnitude of acceleration squared of  $\alpha^4 R^2$  which is a ridiculously small number. In Einsteins view, the spacetime geometry is to a good approximation given by

$$ds^2 = \left(1 - \frac{2GM}{rc^2}\right) c^2 dt^2 - dr^2 - r^2 (d\theta^2 + \sin^2(\theta)d\phi^2)$$

and upon renormalizing our velocity field we get the quantity

$$U(t) = \frac{c}{\sqrt{c^2 - R^2\alpha^2 - \frac{GM}{R}}} (c\partial_t + \alpha\partial_\theta).$$

<sup>11</sup>Certainly not issues regarding your perception of the outside world; that one is always white unless you get a stroke or something like that.

<sup>12</sup>The way we feel speed depends of course upon the means we use to move; for example, when going on foot, I have a different experience than driving a bicycle.

Calculating the acceleration gives, with  $d\tau = \frac{cdt}{\sqrt{c^2 - R^2\alpha^2 - \frac{GM}{R}}}$ ,

$$\frac{D}{d\tau}U(t) = -\frac{(R\alpha^2 + \frac{GM}{R^2})c^2}{c^2 - R^2\alpha^2 - \frac{GM}{R}}\partial_r.$$

The magnitude squared of this vector is

$$\left(\frac{(R\alpha^2 + \frac{GM}{R^2})c^2}{c^2 - R^2\alpha^2 - \frac{GM}{R}}\right)^2$$

which is in order of  $\alpha$  given by

$$\sim R^2\alpha^4 + \left(\frac{GM}{R^2}\right)^2 + 2R\alpha^2\frac{GM}{R^2}$$

ignoring the denominator divided by  $c$ , since the latter is close to unity. Hence, the Newtonian velocity squared divided by  $R$  appears in this formula which of order  $10R = 67000000$  larger (in standard units) than the Newtonian acceleration for  $R\alpha \sim 1$ . So, to wrap up, there is no feeling and no change of perspective associated to Einsteinian velocity of a free body, but what we call speed here on earth really regards an acceleration and we do feel that. These considerations are crucial when you couple our sensors to the electromagnetic field which is really responsible for the brain activity in our body; those change substantially in Einstein's view given that stationary matter (in Newton's theory) is accelerating all the time causing for electromagnetic radiation and therefore nontrivial neural activity. In our work above, regarding the evolution of the profile field, we considered a first order differential equation which means that it couples directly to the electrical currents in the brain. Regarding our geometry of our psychological space, we now conjecture that it is **locally**, meaning associated to a **classical** part of the brain, where classicality is a product of the spirit which is impossible to describe in any mathematical way, is given by

$$g_{\mu\nu}(x)dx^\mu \otimes dx^\nu + \Omega^2(x)(\delta_{j,k}d\tilde{\alpha}_j \otimes d\tilde{\alpha}_k + \delta_{jk}dt_j \otimes dt_k).$$

To obtain this formula for the psychological variables, we assume the different  $X_j$  all to be independent in two meanings: (a) the algebraic one, they commute as operators (b) the statistical one, since they canonically define stochastic variables on a universe and they are independent in the sense that the joint measure is just the product measure over the individual ones  $d\mu_X$ . The latter is Gaussian with a personal mean  $a$  and standard deviation  $b > 0$ . The reason for this is that a person likes to reside in its equilibrium state and voluntarily moves to one side or the other at a fixed step length. in reality, this willingness may reach limits or have a left or right skewed tendency but all these considerations are due to the person asking higher questions in the meantime which influence the prior statistical distribution which is there for the mindless creature at that level of spirituality (see later for what this means). Going over to the variables  $\alpha = b\tilde{\alpha} + a$  leads to a measure of the kind

$$d\mu_n(\tilde{\alpha}) = \omega^n \sqrt{\pi^n b_1 \dots b_n} e^{-\|\tilde{\alpha}\|^2}$$

where  $\omega^{2n}$  equals the determinant of the metric. For this measure to be of volume one and for the metric to have the same symmetries as the measure, we obtain our previous formula with

$$\omega^2 = \left(\frac{1}{\pi^n b_1 \dots b_n}\right)^{\frac{1}{n}}.$$

On top of this, you have to consider the  $2N$  dimensional complex profile bundle. Indeed, the point behind coupling the profile operators to our state of motion is that we can now write down interaction terms coupling possibly distinct matter currents quadratically to our profile operators<sup>13</sup> by means of the following inter-twiners

$$\mathbf{Z}_{\mathbf{r},\mathbf{s}}^{\mathbf{t},\mathbf{u}}{}^{ab(B,l)(B',m)}{}_{(A,j)(A',k)} := \delta_j^t \delta_k^u \delta_r^l \delta_s^m \sigma^{aB'B} \sigma_{A'A}^b$$

<sup>13</sup>Here, we stress again that not every part of the brain has the same effective complexity, or number of degrees of freedom albeit the fundamental prescription at level zero is entirely democratic and does not divide the brain into cells, neurons and so on. Indeed, it is the mind which does that in a totally mysterious way and therefore the total bundle is dependent upon the localization in brain. This is most conveniently modeled by neural networks associated to the mental level where the nodes are associated to the "brain entities" and the lines connecting the nodes are associated to electrical circuits. Each line can be thought of as carrying an issue and a profile operator and the nodes really live in the direct sum of those lines regarding the profile operators and in the direct product regarding the Hilbert spaces on which these issues are represented. This is similar to a spin network in Loop Quantum Gravity.

where  $\sigma^{aB'B} = \sigma_{C'C}^a \bar{\omega}^{B'C'} \omega^{BC}$ . So, this allows for brain currents and their derivatives not only to guide our profile, but also to interact with it in a non-linear fashion. For example, one may consider the Lorentz tensor  $g(\tilde{e}^a(x), \nabla_{J(x)}^C \tilde{e}^b(x))$  coupling to  $A_{IB}^{JA}(x) \bar{A}_{mB'}^{kA'}(x)$  in the equation of motion  $\nabla_{J(x)}^{C,N} A = \dots$ . There is one exceptional question or issue, which one may call the primary question and it is, “what do I think”. Indeed, in a conversation, it is not enough to simply adjust your points of view on several issues, but you must also know what issue to speak about regarding what has been said before. You also have to think, to select the relevant sentence of all possible things you might be able to say at that very moment in time! Note that I claim something very different from AI which can learn how to think by digesting loads of text and seeing correlations between them; humans, on the other hand seem to bypass this issue being well capable of reasoning about things with very little or no input indeed.

The reader must reflect further here, given that language contains a certain duality; indeed, given an issue  $(X, P)$  one can wonder “what is my profile on that issue”, which naively results in a pair  $(X^*, P^*)$  where  $X^*$  is the white perspective on that matter, meaning I give you a definite profile, and  $P^*$  is the black perspective meaning I want to change any profile on that matter. This is a legitimate question which also has the white-black perspective build in. So, there is a distinction between the questions “what state is your country in?” and “how do you perceive the state of your country?”; indeed, if you would answer the second question from a from a non-white perspective, then there is no way you can answer the first one in the way we have anticipated before. Indeed, you can also say, I look at it from a mixed point of view or I have no point of view on the matter, it is complex. This game of embedded questions is in principle infinite and the dynamics should be as such as to stimulate whiteness at a certain level. So, we must add  $N$  new variables  $q_j$  to our description above of the geometry taking trinary values 0, 1, 2 where 0 means “no point of view, its complex”, 1 a mixed point of view and 2 a definite profile. A comment of a more technical nature is in place here: the profile space of  $(X, P)$  is a six dimensional real manifold so  $X^*$  cannot just be a linear operator which severely complicates our algebraic point of view. In this book, we shall concern ourselves with primary issues meaning (a) they do not refer to one and another and (b) anyone has a distinct point of view upon them; as explained here, this is a huge simplification of reality - even worse, most computers are simply white and give totally nonsensical answers to questions they have not been trained for. Another kind of duality, which is compatible with our framework, regards the question  $(X^*, P^*)$  whether “how you see some issue  $(X, P)$  changing?”. In that case, the white perspective  $X^*$  is given by  $iP$  and  $P^* = iX$ ; hence, one notices that  $X^{**} = -X$ ,  $P^{**} = -P$  meaning that “your vision upon the change of your vision of the change of a certain issue” is the same as the opposite vision on that issue. This is an interesting consequence of our language which goes beyond mere word play. As a final example of issues which do refer to one and another regarding the spacetime symmetries, one may consider the components of the energy momentum vector of a particle, here the white realities attached to each of them boost in one and another upon changing your own motion. So, albeit the operators do not change, a point of view we also took in our work upon the operational formulation of quantum field theory, and albeit the decision is white, the wave-function itself must transform under a different representation as the one considered here. Indeed, we have only considered questions so far which do not “rotate” into one and another upon changing your reference frame, but the extension is fairly easy to make: denote by  $(M^{ab})^c_d = \eta^{ac} \delta^b_d - \eta^{bc} \delta^a_d$  then transforming the white momentum operators  $X^b$  of your brain currents as  $\Lambda^a_b X^b$  and the associated anti-Hermitian “position operators”  $P^c$  as  $((\Lambda^{-1})^c_b)^c P^b$  clearly preserves the algebra (note that we raise and lower indices here with respect to the Euclidean metric), given that

$$(\Lambda^{-1})^c_b \Lambda^a_d [P^b, X^d] = (\Lambda^{-1})^{bc} \Lambda^{ab} 1 = \delta^{ac} 1$$

Then, a Lorentz transformation is given by

$$\widehat{\Lambda} := e^{-2\alpha_{j0} M^{j0} \otimes \sigma^3 + \alpha_{jk} M^{jk} \otimes 1_2}$$

and the reader verifies that

$$\widehat{\Lambda}^T \omega_4 \widehat{\Lambda} = \omega_4$$

as well as

$$\widehat{\Lambda}^\dagger 1_4 \otimes i\sigma^1 \widehat{\Lambda} = 1_4 \otimes i\sigma^1$$

as it should. This last property implies that all associated charges are Hermitian as they should. One notices furthermore that the Lorentz transformations leave the  $A$  indices invariant and therefore it is possible to just consider the components  $A_{j0}^{i0}$  of the profile matrices which transform as a matrix in the defining representation

of the Lorentz group; hence, it is possible to couple those with the classical currents  $g(\tilde{e}_a(x), \nabla_{J(x)}^C \tilde{e}^b(x))$ .

As a final comment, we must mention that the mental world is inherently, at its core, definite and classical; for example the consciousness parameters<sup>14</sup>  $t_j$  and the profile matrices  $A$  are classical whereas the choice projectors  $\pi_{j,A}$  constitute a finite dimensional quantum system of  $2N$  states. Regarding definiteness, we clearly argued, by means of our first duality where you question the white reality of a profile attached to an issue, that there has to be a certain level at which we are all white otherwise nothing of value can be communicated in this world. This makes the dynamics of the profile and choice variables trivial at that level. At lower levels of embedded issues, nature aspires definiteness so that the entire dynamics for one issue, which has 9 free real variables, has a 3 dimensional sub-manifold as attractor. That the world is inherently classical has been stressed many times by the founding fathers of quantum theory and it seems to be somewhat of a forgotten lesson for those who aspire an exclusive quantum view on the world. In that regard are the brain currents guiding the equations of motion of the profile matrices as well as the choice projectors classical between two conscious observations. These classical currents must of course be related to their quantum counterparts as determined by the last observation of the latter; (undergoing a classical dynamics which is the “classical limit” of the quantum dynamics) but I shall not engage in a precise description here, that is way beyond our current level of understanding. So keep this in mind when I discuss these issues further in the next chapter.

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<sup>14</sup>They are also crucial for determining when a measurement of some quantal issue should occur.

## Chapter 3

# Deeper Exploration and Consequences

Now that we have discussed in some detail the appropriate language of issues, thoughts and feelings, let me now come to the more interesting part, which is the dynamics. This shall be subject of this chapter; the next one will deal with further nontrivial insights regarding the mechanism of social interactions which are even more complicated as I have outlined so far. Note that we shall draw nontrivial conclusions from our mere language only and those should be subject of further investigation.

### 3.1 General Discussion

In this part, we shall further engage in the kinematical setup explained in the previous chapter meaning we shall try to formulate some constraints upon the dynamics; ultimately, the goal is that you should be able to program this theory on a computer such that the different persona in your program engage in a meaningful conversation. This what I call psychology and I can assure you that the standards are way higher as those of accredited psychologists. This work is a result of the reflection of someone who studied Jung and Freud's works at the age of 13 and later went on to study exact sciences, more in particular physics and mathematics. Jung and Freud's writings are muddled, mystical and lack any grounding in a more fundamental way of reflection about the world. Moreover, there is no clear separation between morality, sociology and psychology and one experiences as well a profound lack of understanding regarding the biophysical underpinning of their "science". I thought of Freud's ideas as banal, way too simple to be even considered; this was just story telling, there was no process of falsification, I mean this was "not even wrong" to state Wolfgang Pauli. Jung was far more interesting what concerned his observations; for example, he would find out several examples of the same symbols, paintings, artwork in different cultures which lived on distinct continents and never had any contact with each other! This suggests that there are many things we have in common which go beyond our perceptions and even our history. Randomness of the Darwinian process would suggest a wild variety of different traits, but that did not appear to be the case. He gave a place in our psyche which should "explain" this phenomenon, which is our collective unconsciousness. Now Jung did propagate a lot of ideas which are, in my view total nonsense. One of them is that the goal of life is to discover and become your true self. It seems obvious to me that you are always your true self even if you tell lies to others or hide your ideas where you would prefer them to be in the open. What the grand-master suggested is that we should engage in our unconsciousness; a totally ridiculous thing to do. My unconsciousness regards all fine processes in my brain or even in a separate spiritual world which are simply not communicated to me on a level I am unaware of. I don't care about such things as any decent scientist should! Only mystics and mentally troubled people (including many professional mental healthcare workers), who have even not the slightest understanding of the miraculous ways our physical world operates, indulge themselves in that kind of "armchair" philosophy. In this book, I make a serious effort to be precise, so you can agree or disagree with me; but, at least, we can discuss about something! This is not to say that their descriptive approach is not worthwhile studying but one is left with very little if no understanding at all as well as with a myriad of epistemological adventures which belong to Alice in Wonderland. In other words, the approach is not scientific, just as botany and anthropology are not. The aim of this part, is a modest attempt to fill in that gap; to provide for very accurate definitions and to *explain* why things are the way they are from very simple principles. In other words, we enter the area of *predictive* psychology based upon very few observations which are usually not

behaviorist in nature.

The limitations set upon our kinematical framework, as explained in detail in the previous chapter imply that we shall study mentality at a level of poor “intelligence” albeit I shall, as promised previously discuss a bit of how logical principles embedded into the dynamics might lead to emergent rationality; this is for now the best we can do. An approach to higher intelligence will require new *principles* of language formation, something which is still beyond our grasp at this moment in time. Further ideas regarding this topic will follow at the end of this book but are by no means complete nor at the stage where proper quantitative, but nevertheless qualitative, investigation becomes feasible. It is my philosophy that any person in society deserves an optimal satisfaction as long as gratuitous murder and world domination do not belong to the personal desiderata; indeed, this might be part of the ultimate goal of societal life and could very well be encrypted in the dynamics. It is my hope that at least the viewpoints put forwards in this book will constitute a ground for reflection. Discussions about morality and ideology, in my opinion, belong to the lofty saloons where big men can enjoy cocky woman and Cuban cigars.

Up till now, it must be clear for the reader that I completely negate the delusion that one can know the intend behind someones actions, that it is possible to know someones emotions and certainly that it is pointless to contradict a person speaking openly about his or her intentions or emotions. There is no way to know these things and therefore it is pointless to discuss it from a scientific point of view. People should just stop thinking in this way regarding societal interactions which is the well known foundation for religious murder. Long live Copenhagen quantum theory in this regard, that its pragmatism may serve as a lesson for peaceful and respectful communication. On the other hand, a person yearns for epistemology, for an explanation why we are the way we are and where our thoughts originate from even if this subject is dead from the scientific point of view. That is, an irrational urge for an explanation behind human rationality is a firm part of our being and it needs to be dealt with too. Privately please and not by general policy makers! Historically, the church fulfilled that part and nowadays meditation centers as well as private psychologists, as intelligent conversation partners, are there to fill in that part of our lives if mandatory. In this regard, total privacy as well as absence of any reporting should be guaranteed. The psychologist is no doctor and in case of serious worries about a client should do everything in his or her power to send him off to a medical doctor; by no means should he directly contact a physician himself. This book is not about learning how to be a wicked conversational partner but about the basic physico-spiritual laws behind low intelligence psychic interactions. I will explain why these laws are the way they are and discuss the basic observational ramifications.

## 3.2 Dynamics of Questions

In this chapter, we shall put forwards some further principles any suitable theory behind basal psychological interactions should satisfy. Intelligent conversations usually require something as creativity and insight and it appears to be difficult to find out a theory about that. Indeed, current AI is limited to finding statistical distributions associated to standard answers to certain types of questions by feeding the system with a lot of text. Once you would ask it something which is weakly correlated to the texts it has devoured, the probability of getting garbage is pretty large. This is not how the human mind works given that AI reads many more books as humans do; we also know how to deal with conflicting information and critically make up our own mind, I presume AI is nowhere close to that level. Up till now, we have dealt with positions and dichotomies regarding issues, but we have not suggested any basic theory behind the very nature of the formulation of those issues. Here, I believe that computer scientists have added a valuable point of view by means of binary codification of data as well as commands (questions, actions). Binary numbers are 1 and 0, whereas words are of the form 1001011 . . . , sequences which are shaped in time, where at each instant, a letter is chosen. Quantum mechanically, we consider qubits

$$\cos(\theta)|0\rangle + e^{i\beta} \sin(\theta)|1\rangle$$

indicating the probabilities for  $|0\rangle, |1\rangle$  to be chosen as well as the interference between both. This means that at each instant, both 0 and 1 are allowed for and that interference between 0 and 1 is possible with measurement giving 0 with probability  $\cos(\theta)^2$  and 1 with probability  $\sin(\theta)^2$ . In standard probability theory, one would only dispose of two positive real numbers which sum up to one and not dispose of an angle  $\beta$  which is “forgotten” but plays a dynamical role for sure. Indeed,  $\beta$  can be seen as mystery, an unknown factor in

our ways of communication which can only be measured if we know exactly how to replicate the state

$$\Psi = \cos(\theta)|0\rangle + e^{i\beta} \sin(\theta)|1\rangle.$$

This is approximately true in simple experiments in physics with an infinite number of degrees of freedom where the circumstances are so rough that the details of the state do not really matter in the outcome of the experiment; for example, variations on tiny length scales do not matter if the experiment probes for the behavior on scales far larger than those. Indeed, the behavior of humans in the desert does not really differ from one and another whereas interactions with a beautiful companion of the “opposite” sex might differ substantially. This unknown factor indicates also that different realities co-exist at the same time; in the binary system above, two distinct questions do suffice.

In physics, we call such a simple quantum-system a qubit: it is the fundamental ingredient behind quantum computing, where a system can only be in two quantum states. Putting  $N$  qubits after one and another, we have the potentiality to form  $2^N$  words of length  $N$  with  $2^N - 1$  real components of mystery. So, the degree of disorder in such system is  $N+1$  which is nothing but  $\log_2(2^{N+1})$  which is the Shannon-Von Neumann entropy associated to this system. Indeed, it is meaningful to regard disorder in this way as a word is equivalent to one message no matter how long it is. However, the complexity of the message usually increases with the length of the word or the number of words and therefore  $N$  could equally stand for that. So in a way, the higher the disorder, the more complex it becomes and this is also how we experience society. So, a language is therefore always embedded in

$$W := \bigoplus_{j=1}^S \infty \otimes_j V$$

where  $V$  is the one qubit space,  $\otimes_j V$  is the  $j$ -qubit space and  $\bigoplus^S$  means that we sum up over words of different length in any order<sup>1</sup>. It is reasonable to assume that at any instant in time, a person has at least one element out of quantal word space  $W$  in mind. In case this is not so, then the person is totally dead; otherwise, depending upon the complexity of the quantal word, it is gradually more (un)consciously alive. Usually, what we call a dead person, is still alive in a way; it is just so that the spirit of the body is totally dead, meaning no quantal words are formed anymore at the highest operational level of the person, but the atoms and molecules making up the person are certainly still alive. This is the most accurate definition possible of being dead or alive. Notice that alive does not imply conscious, so this goes beyond the usual “*je pense donc j'existe*” if thought is being restricted to conscious acts.

In this regard, the language formation process has to be interpreted as a process where more complex text  $T \in D$ , where

$$D := \bigoplus_{j=0}^{\infty} W$$

is a possibly infinite ordered collection of sentences, can be formulated. In this book, we mainly study the dynamics of  $V$  which we define as the lowest level of complexity possible; speculation about higher language formation and principles valid therein shall be postponed for the future. Here, a comment is in place, I am talking about language formation and not language recognition, something which Chatgpt is very good at; the latter is no miracle indeed, if you feed enough text (to learn it how to build sentences) to the system as well as the complete Oxford dictionary, where you define an equivalence between words and indicate which ones are more posh than others, then you can effectively learn it how to reformulate a text in a posh language. Here, we are interested if one could describe the origin of language as arising from a simple dynamical process, a (Darwinian) evolution. If this were not possible, then we have to conclude that our speech is in the hands of the creator, just as we create the ability of computers to recognize patterns, that it is a gift which cannot be understood. Likewise, with the development of language, comes the development of attributes  $\alpha_j$  to words, sentences and text. So, in a dynamical picture of evolution where not the entire Platonic space of ideas has been encoded upfront (in principle of course), we must conclude that the manifold as well as the vector bundle grows in dimension through the intervention of intelligence and not measurement (which sticks to questions already known); so, if such an evolution could at all be described in a mathematical language, then this needs to be of a historical origin which goes way beyond our own lifespan and needs to be passed on to our siblings who are totally unconscious of it; to be a bit provocative here, even elementary particles should have some innate property of collectivity build in, leading to atom and molecule formation as they project down often enough on the pure energy atom state. Indeed, why should an electron be in a stationary orbit around the nucleus? It could “free” itself from the tyranny of the photon field by spontaneous localization

<sup>1</sup>Note that  $W$  also contains the empty sentence.

and then slowly drifting away by being in a superposition of higher energy states which are farther removed from the nucleus.

Most scientists, including myself, are interested in finding biological markers for our mental capacities, which, as mentioned previously, is only part of the explanation; but it is for sure an important topic to study to what extend our physical constitution “lifts” towards the spirit, meaning that we dissect the person as much as possible and see how far our reductionist point of view on the world carries. It could simply be, in a way, that spirits attached to  $N$  binary composite entities cannot give “meaning” to the full space of  $2^N$  classical words; in either complexity or disorder does not simply add up, in our definition it is sub-additive; indeed, not every  $N$  letter word has a meaningful interpretation such as **cdkz** does not make any sense in English. Therefore, the complexity of an  $N$ -bit spirit is less or equal to the sum of the complexities of the individual ones; and in practice it is much-much less as we know that a gas in equilibrium forgets about all the small details of the colliding atoms and can be effectively described in terms of 3 intensive ( $T, p, \mu$ ) and 3 extensive ( $S, V, N$ ) variables. The problem with collective spirits usually is that its complexity might be less than the one of its “members” due to destructive interference processes, a well known phenomenon in societal life where the community is usually much less refined than its most complex individuals. Complex life forms require basic laws of nature which offer room for stability on sufficiently long time-scales; only gravitation and electromagnetism, which, in a way, make life possible, are also in position to destroy the universe in the long run. Therefore, some scientists say, that the mere existence of humans, with their complex form of interaction, who create societies whose ingenuity may oscillate in time and not even have a mean positive growth factor, is equivalent to evidence that, when it really becomes necessary, the human enterprise is a divine one (cosmologists think our universe is a fix and physicists are entertaining the anthropic principle in these days). I, on the other hand, still want to advocate a kind of Darwinian universe where spirits with extreme complexity come and go periodically; given our current poor understanding of such issues, I proclaim that happy indifference is the best way to live with this uncertainty. If the Gods play it as such, then they are for sure compassionate with me; otherwise, in absence of their existence, I am for sure more devilish than I know of.

Given a lack of a natural bio-physical understanding at this point, albeit recent research has correlated brain activity to certain “presumed conditions of the mind”, we shall confine ourselves in the sequel in discussing the interactions between the vectors determining the probabilities of which choice projector  $\pi_{A,j}$  to apply (for any  $j$ ) on one side and the perspective dichotomy matrices on the other. More direct interactions between matter currents and those matrices-vectors must exist but these issues are far too complex to consider at this point. We shall discuss this issue in detail in the next chapter.

A practical question is how to find out the natural values  $\alpha_j$  corresponding to white perception of issues? In physics, we are pretty lucky that the gravitational field (as well as the external electromagnetic field) is weak and as good as time independent so that a metal bar does not change in length in our perception. The natural measure stick therefore is one where meters are expressed in fractions of a metal bar and where the kilogram is defined in a similar way. Again, we are lucky here; in principle Einstein’s theory about the relationship between spacetime geometry and the stress energy tensor of matter, assuming the independence of the gravitational motion of an object regarding its internal constitution, except for its rest-mass<sup>2</sup> leads to an infinite mass renormalization and a slight warping of spacetime around that object. In quasi-static gravitational fields, this renormalized mass is almost constant which allows again for the introduction of a unit of mass. Likewise, do atomic clocks determine a natural unit of time and it is a miracle that in those units, which are associated to physical processes, the local speed of light is constant in all directions of space! Regarding our mental variables, we are by far not that lucky; first of all, quantities such as length and time are easily associated to real numbers, but how about feelings or perceptions? Even if they could be modeled by a real number (which we assumed so far), what would be the natural unit, the divine reference frame? We can only guess and it would for sure be helpful if one could measure the physical brain energy consumed by a mental thought!

Given a finite set of  $N$  issues, as well as natural flat inertial coordinates in psychological space associated to rigid local space-time measure sticks (since we are searching for a physical-spiritual correspondence), we shall now look for technical generalizations of this idea. Up till now, we have assumed that the psychological

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<sup>2</sup>Actually he started from the assumption that the motion of such particle should not depend upon its mass.

variables covered the entire real line, which is easy from a technical point of view since it provides for a unique representation of our Lie algebra; in case the domain would be a finite interval, then we have ambiguities originating from the boundary conditions and technically, it is impossible for one of the white-black operators to have a finite spectrum. The psychological space (we just concentrate on the  $\alpha_j$  variables here) at hand is empirically (as most scales in psychological tests are) determined as an  $N$ -dimensional convex space with the barycenter as origin. A convex space of dimension  $N$  is a part of  $\mathbb{R}^N$  such that the line element connecting any two points belonging to it, also belongs to it. So, in one dimension, there is exactly one line element whereas in two dimensions we have a polygon. A convex space is bounded by sub-spaces of lower dimension. Those of dimension zero, in either points, are called extremal elements; that is, they cannot be the midpoint of any nontrivial line segment within the body. A piece-wise flat simplicial manifold is a space which is formed by means of gluing convex spaces together along the boundaries. The flat space metric is given by

$$s^2(x_1, x_2) = \sum_{i=1}^N (x_1^i - x_2^i)^2.$$

It is important here to ensure consistency of this procedure by ensuring that axes with a different dimension (unit) cannot rotate into one and another and that scaling always has to occur with respect to space-time units. This means, that if we take rigid objects determining mass and length, then scaling of the length or time by  $\lambda$  induces a scaling of the mass by  $\lambda^{-1}$  (holding  $c, \hbar$  fixed) which means that a metric of the type

$$s^2(p_1, p_2) = (x_1 - x_2)^2 + (y_1 - y_2)^2$$

will transform as

$$s^2(p_1, p_2) = \lambda^2(x_1 - x_2)^2 + \lambda^{-2}(y_1 - y_2)^2$$

in case  $x$  denotes length and  $y$  mass. In general relativity, such scalings also renormalize Newton's constant by  $\lambda^2$  so that on very small scales (small  $\lambda$ ) masses blow up, but  $G$  goes to zero. In our setup, it does not make sense to consider scale invariance of the white operators  $X$  by a factor of  $\lambda$  and  $P$  by the inverse of  $\lambda$  since such a transformation coincides precisely with a boost around the  $z$  axis; there is no need to treat the  $z$ -axis different from any of the other spatial directions. At first sight, you might object and say that meter and kilogram are mere conventions and we should be able to redefine them at will; you are free to do that in the material world and the mental world will automatically follow the new conventions and rescale its appreciations (which of course coincide with measurement) appropriately.

As mentioned previously, an important part of the dynamics of an individual's profile and choice regards its interaction with others, even elementary particles seem to have this trait at a very basic level. So, the way communities organize themselves must be the consequence of a balance equation between personal desirata of the spirit on one hand and the will to socialize on the other. If you want to convince others about your profile and choice (as well as the particular state of another (related) issue in case you take the conservative viewpoint there, but that appears to be of secondary importance<sup>3</sup>) regarding a certain issue in order to reach more harmony, then you will have to be extremely wicked and cautious in order to succeed. This appears to be another balance equation which is that the urge to change others in their way of approaching an issue, comes with great care and effort. I believe our innate profile is full of balance equations as such and it would definitely be interesting to find a more basic description behind those.

In general, each mental characteristic must manifest itself in physical reality by means of actions; the trouble is that most of our actions are an effective product of many distinct "traits" and that it is generally impossible for an outside observer to disentangle those (albeit they would like to believe they can). Mathematically, actions form a closed system, a mathematical group which must translate as a projection of our brain state. It is maybe useful to comment upon why we choose to work with the real number system in quantifying states of issues, emotions and so on. The idea is again an operational one of to unite and divide, that is plus and quotient; if we choose one nontrivial unit, then the addition leads to the natural numbers whereas division leads to the positive rational numbers. Introducing the neutral element as well as an antagonist or the opposite includes the negative rational numbers. Closing those in the difference metric gives one the real

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<sup>3</sup>For example, in an attempt to convince others to be progressive regarding the state of their country and focus on its change instead of on their fixed perception, you might convince them that it is reasonable to rebel and eventually reach a consensus on where to go in the long run. It is usually of primary importance to make them rebellious, the rest are details to be discussed later on.

numbers. The fact that division and addition separately do not depend upon the order of its arguments are called the principles of commutativity and associativity and mathematicians have played around with non-commutative and non-associative systems such as the octonions which may express a higher awareness. Given that we think elementary particles are rather silly and simple, the real number system is more as sufficient for these purposes and different dimensions are assumed to commute. However, elementary particles in the quantum world have shown to add a slight complication to this idea be somewhat more complex being that your current manifestation does not commute with the current impetus (change of manifestation). In a way, we are forced into the Einsteinian view (regarding the generality of the basic laws) as too strict theories, with little or no internal symmetries, who attempt to predict someones profile and conservative choices without allowing for any liberty usually run into conflict with reality. For example, too strict constraints and balance equations could lead to a humanity where everyone is the same: a society without great leaders or scientists. As a final comment of a technical nature, we discuss the particular origination of the metric, as well on spacetime as on the appreciation-consciousness space, from a scalar product. The latter is completely determined by the requirement that the act of projection preserves the addition on the smallest scales; that is, the projection of a sum of two quantities is given by the sum of the projections. It is an expression of the fact that God loves peaceful recognition at the shortest possible scales. In that vein, chaotic or fractal geometries are not considered.

### 3.3 Dynamics of the Choice Projectors

In our discussion in the previous chapter, we related the symmetries of the local profile matrices to the spacetime action of the local Lorentz group. I believe that the mental attraction or repulsion between two minds is not in the first place dominated by the way we look at things (dichotomy) but by the (upper or lower) choice we make regarding those issues. The combination of the dichotomy and the profile choice is what we call the decision; the reader must understand that two distinct profiles can make the same decision, even a realistic (either self adjoint) one, but they may differ in upper-lower choice. In other words, the angle (choice) from which you sell your decision is more important than the decision itself and can lead to repulsion either attraction. For example, realistic profiles on the lower side are given by

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{-i(ca+1+ida)}{b} & c + id \\ a & ib \end{pmatrix}$$

assuming  $b \neq 0$ . This is in my experience a true fact of life, often it happens that two persons say the same thing but from different angles and one person gets accepted whereas the other one rejected. To initiate the discussion, notice that in the theory of Dirac particles, all local symmetries of the scalar product

$$\bar{\psi}(x)\psi(x)$$

are given by  $SO(3,1) \times_T U(1) \times U(1)$  where  $T$  stands for twisted. Indeed, one  $U(1)$  is associated to the  $4 \times 4$  identity matrix, and another one is associated to  $\gamma^0$ , but this generator anti-commutes with all boost matrices  $\mathcal{J}^{0j}$  so that the action gets a twist. The twist has not been accounted for yet in physics, but the remaining part has; the effective local symmetry group of the Dirac particle being  $SO(3,1) \times U(1)$  where the connection associated to the first group is delivered automatically by the vierbein and the  $U(1)$  part is the usual electromagnetic 4 vector field. In this vein, one can always choose a gauge where the Dirac field consists out of one real spacetime field only. The choice variables for one issue form a complex two vector satisfying

$$C(x) = \begin{pmatrix} \Phi(x) \\ \Psi(x) \end{pmatrix}$$

and the only thing that we require is that

$$C^\dagger(x)C(x) = 1.$$

The full symmetry of this scalar product is of course  $U(1) \times SU(2)$  which is precisely the same as the internal symmetry group of the electroweak interactions. In contrast to the case of the profile operators, it does not make sense to associate the  $SU(2)$  part with rotations in some eigen-space given that a rotation around 90 degrees would turn an upper choice into a lower choice, which is of course utter nonsense. So, the whole group is an internal group; but just as happens in the electroweak interactions, where one has a proper definition of

an electron and neutrino (breaking the  $SU(2)$  gauge invariance), likewise do we have here a proper distinction between upper and lower choices. This suggests for a pretty identical application of the Higgs mechanism by adding upper and lower  $SU(2)$  singlets (as a replacement for the right handed electrons and neutrino's) to the theory and coupling those to the doublet and Higgs spinor in order to create different masses for the upper and lower profiles. I leave it up to the reader to decide whether he insists upon this implementation of the Higgs mechanism to be classical or quantum and therefore looking upon the  $C(x)$  spinor as a classical or quantum constrained entity satisfying  $C(x)^\dagger C(x) = 1$ . From a classical point of view, which is somewhat more unusual, one can understand the symmetry breaking<sup>4</sup> at several levels: (a) the physical Higgs field  $H$  should have suitable falloff conditions towards spatial infinity such that there exists no realistic operation which can turn one ground state value  $v$  for the Higgs into another one (boundary conditions) (b) the physical Higgs field  $H$  is much smaller in absolute value as  $v$  is (in case the universe is spatially compact) so that you limit the possible space of solutions. There are some distinctions with the electroweak theory however, some of which are certain and others maybe uncertain meaning we don't have enough data here to make the decision. To illustrate those, let us start by making the following observations:

- lower profiles regarding an issue flock more together in large groups with high density (that is another reason why I called lower profiles in the canonical dichotomy black, since they cause for "spiritual black holes"),
- upper profiles are more solitary amongst one and another and attract each other more on larger distances
- lower and upper profiles repel one and another on short distance scales to the effect that the conversation shifts in topic where reconsilliation can be achieved
- lower people act faster regarding this particular issue as upper profiles do; acting to change something requires less time and effort than actions wanting to sustain a definite point of view.

These mere observations would suggest, from a traditional point of view, that the interaction fields have as source term minus the charge density of the choice field, so that alike charged particles attract one and another; more in particular, the unbroken  $U(1)$  part must lead to universal attraction between both types, meaning they have charges of the same sign; whereas the broken  $SU(2)$  part would lead to a dominant short range repulsion between the two opposites. So, the spiritual world seems to be the opposite in that regard of the physical world, possibly creating instabilities, whereas the latter has a steady lowest energy state. Another remark is that one would like to couple the choice field to the profile field as well as to the psychic reality (the wave function). Regarding the latter, it is clear that the choice field has no canonical action (since it is no group for instance) on the mental state and therefore cannot couple to it directly; we have to use the coupling to the profile field instead. But there is still another possibility, we can use our unitary representation of  $SO(1, 2)$  which is a non-unitary representation of  $SU(2)$  as well as  $SO(1, 3) \sim SL(2, \mathbb{C})$  to provide for a non-unitary action of the  $su(2)$  gauge field strength on the mental state of the universe. Indeed, for our  $U(1) \times SU(2)$  gauge field  $A_\mu^a(x)$  where  $a$  runs from 0 to 3, we could take the operator

$$F_{\mu\nu}^a(x)J_a(x)$$

where  $J^0(x) = 1$  and the  $J^j(x)$  have been defined previously and the generalization thereof to multiple issues is canonical. Note that those operators are spacetime dependent; indeed the  $X_j, P_k$  operators, pertaining to distinct issues, were also thought of as belonging to a single mind localized at a spacetime point which we assumed to be somewhat smeared out so that one has effectively a countable number of minds only. The mind was assumed to evolve according to the classical currents  $J(x)$ , so that our issue operators (but not the wave-function itself) are effectively dragged along those currents. Note that we really use two different times here: on one hand you have the psychological time  $t_p$  which is associated to the wave-function and the latter

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<sup>4</sup>Actually, there does not exist any agreement in the literature upon what it means for a dynamical symmetry to be broken classically; some simply say that if a particular solution breaks this symmetry, meaning that the orbit is not invariant under this symmetry, then the symmetry is spontaneously broken. This is not a very useful point of view, another definition would be that you define the class of a configuration as all configurations which can be reached by means of a physical (exterior) operation. One then says that the symmetry is spontaneously broken if such class is not invariant under the symmetry transformations. Of course, a moot point here is how to define precisely what you mean by a physical operation; usually, this is thought of as being associated to an observer, but how to change the orbit of planets around the sun (which are not circular)?

is supposed to collapse in this time whereas the time  $t_j$  we aspire here is the “personal mental time” which is associated to the classical body of the  $j$ ’th observer. So, beware, this is not traditional quantum field theory! Of course, given an initial hyper-surface  $\Sigma$  of constant time  $t_p$ , we can all set our times  $t_j$  such that  $t_j = t_p$  and the position of our body is given by  $\vec{x}_j$ . Hence, for later times  $t_j, t_p$  there is a unique mapping from all spacetime points  $y$  reached by an observer, as long as two observers do not occupy the same point, something which we exclude, to the index  $j$  of the observer. So, we really should have denoted  $X_k^j, P_k^j$  where  $j$  denotes the observer and  $k$  the issue at hand. Regarding the profile matrices, choice fields and gauge fields, which do not depend upon the psychological variables, we already did that since those depended upon the spacetime location  $y$  and the profile and choice fields were attached to the observer: they do not evolve according to a partial differential equation, but merely obey an ODE with respect to the personal currents  $J(x)$ . The gauge fields on the other hand do obey a partial differential equation which causes for propagation of profiles and choices. To make these ideas concrete, one must reflect that a local gauge transformation correspondingly affects psychic reality; indeed, if the probabilities for an upper-lower choice shift, then also reality shifts non-trivially! This is an extension of what is usually meant by spontaneous symmetry breaking, that the state on which the theory acts does not possess the symmetries of the dynamics and, moreover, that the questions we ask are not gauge invariant themselves. Since the generators  $J^2, J^3$  are anti-Hermitian, we must again import an operator  $T$ , like in section 4.2 which commutes with  $J^1$  but anti-commutes with  $J^2, J^3$  (there  $S$  did the same thing but then with respect to  $J^3$  instead of  $J^1$ ), so that we can construct scalar products of the kind

$$\langle \Psi | T F_{\mu\nu}^a(x) J_a(x) | \Psi \rangle, \quad \langle \Psi | T F^{\mu\nu b}(x) F_{\mu\nu}^a(x) J_b(x) J_a(x) | \Psi \rangle$$

where the first term can be coupled to something anti-symmetric such as

$$J^\mu(x) \nabla_{J(x)} J^{\nu}(x).$$

Under a gauge transformation  $U(x) = e^{i\alpha^a \frac{\sigma_a}{2}}$  which acts upon the wavefunction as  $\widehat{U}(x) := e^{i\alpha^a J_a(x)}$  one has that  $|\Psi\rangle \rightarrow \widehat{U}(x)|\Psi\rangle$  and  $(F_{\mu\nu}^a(x) \frac{\sigma_a}{2}) \rightarrow U(x)(F_{\mu\nu}^a(x) \frac{\sigma_a}{2})U^\dagger(x)$  where the latter yields for infinitesimal  $\alpha^b$  that  $F_{\mu\nu}^a(x) \rightarrow (\delta_c^a + f_{cb}^a \alpha^b) F_{\mu\nu}^c(x)$  whereas  $\langle \Psi | T J_a(x) | \Psi \rangle$  transforms as

$$(\delta_a^d - f_{ae}^d \alpha^e) \langle \Psi | T J_d(x) | \Psi \rangle$$

so that both combined give

$$(\delta_c^a + f_{cb}^a \alpha^b)(\delta_a^d - f_{ae}^d \alpha^e) = \delta_c^d - f_{cb}^d \alpha^b + f_{cb}^d \alpha^b = \delta_c^d$$

as it should. Note that ideally, we would give explicit formulae for  $T, S$  but it appears that this requires further study of the particular (non-unitary) representation of those operators on Hilbert space and we shall leave such investigations for the future. It is my mere intention here to show that everything is consistent and that three different kind of groups are represented on the wave function by means of the same operators. Finally, in the above, it is understood that  $\Psi(\alpha_k^j)$  and that  $J_a(x)$  acts according to  $X_k^j, P_k^j$  for one particular  $j$  and that the scalar product is taken over all  $\alpha_i^k$ , thus over all issues and all minds (observers). It must be understood here that we work of course in the unitary gauge and that gauge transformations are never performed; they are just an aspect of the dynamics and not of the interpretation thereof. Given that  $\widehat{U}(x)$  is non unitary, we have to renormalize and therefore divide the interaction terms through

$$\langle \Psi | T | \Psi \rangle$$

which we assume to be nonzero.

The above view opens the door for psychic interactions given that the state is entangled which, in a way, are very real. Sometimes people are attracted towards one and another without any good reason or prior communication. Concerning the choice field, we shall give a brief qualitative view here and resort to the so-called dipole “Coulomb” approximation, ignoring mass terms and Yukawa type corrections to the potential due to the broken  $SU(2)$  part. Regarding the situation of  $N$  spatially separated persons and one issue only, we obtain that the spatially integrated densities

$$\Phi_i := \frac{\int_{\mathcal{B}_i} \Phi(x) \sqrt{h(x)} d^3 \vec{x}}{\sqrt{\int_{\mathcal{B}_i} \sqrt{h(x)} d^3 \vec{x}}}$$

with upper-lower components integrated over the spatial bodies of the person and with  $\Phi(x)$  of slow variation over the body. Then, one could consider corrections to the “perspective mass” of the  $i$ 'th individual, due to interactions, as follows

$$M_i = a_i \|\Phi_i\|^2 + a_{ij} \sum_{j \neq i} |\langle \Phi_i | \Phi_j \rangle| + b_{ij} \sum_{j \neq i} \|\Phi_i\| \|\Phi_j\|$$

is the most general formula possible where the  $a_{ij}, b_{ij}, c_{ij}$  are coupling functions depending upon other physico-spiritual entities as well as an average distance between the bodies using the length scales set by the coupling constants of the theory. In a way, those are needed to include the last term which does not depend upon  $\Phi_i$  and  $b_{ij} > |a_{ij}| > 0$  given that otherwise  $M_i$  can always become negative which is forbidden. The coupling functions vanish in the limit for distances  $r_{ij}$  experience dictates that sexuality plays an important role in the interactions. One may consider what kind of other issues would mix with the dynamical law for this particular single issue. In the next chapter, I shall discuss some issues which I believe to be a foundational importance, in a way resembling the holy trinity in religion, meaning that they interfere with any issue and clothe our communication. One such variable is sexuality, modeling it by means of a binary variable  $S_i$  where  $S_i = -1$  if and only if the subject is male and  $+1$  if it is female, then a simple expansion gives

$$a_{ij}(r_{ij}, S_i, S_j) = \frac{\tilde{a}_{ij} + \hat{a}_{ij} S_i S_j + \dots}{r_{ij}}$$

and likewise so for  $b_{ij}$ . Resorting terms gives

$$M_i = a_i \|\Phi_i\|^2 + \sum_{i \neq j} \frac{\tilde{a}_{ij} |\langle \Phi_i | \Phi_j \rangle| + \tilde{b}_{ij} \|\Phi_i\| \|\Phi_j\|}{r_{ij}} + S_i \sum_{i \neq j} S_j \frac{\hat{a}_{ij} |\langle \Phi_i | \Phi_j \rangle| + \hat{b}_{ij} \|\Phi_i\| \|\Phi_j\|}{r_{ij}}$$

leading to the conclusion that  $\tilde{b}_{ij} > 0$  (the potential energy of upper-lower communication is positive, leading to repulsion) and  $\tilde{a}_{ij} < -\tilde{b}_{ij}$  since identical choices should overall attract and therefore lower the energy. There are corrections to this depending upon the sexuality; in this regard, we take the viewpoint that interactions between opposite sexes with identical choices have negative contribution (causing for more attraction) meaning that

$$-(\tilde{a}_{ij} + \tilde{b}_{ij}) > \hat{a}_{ij} + \hat{b}_{ij} > 0.$$

Furthermore, we assume that opposite sexes with the opposite choice leads to less repulsion (and maybe even attraction), leading to  $\hat{b}_{ij} > 0$  ( $\hat{b}_{ij} > \tilde{b}_{ij}$ ). This formula then suggests the following observations:

- interactions between upper-upper (lower - lower) choices result in overall decrease of the mental energy of each individual leading to attraction and a feeling of lightness (this effect is stronger between opposite sexes as between the same sexes)
- interactions between upper-lower choices lead to repulsion in the case of opposite sexes (increase of individual mass, a heavy feeling), but still might cause for attraction between the opposite sexes.

### 3.4 Further symmetries.

There exist plenty of issues which we can think about, and wonder about our profile. Next, we may consider taking an action (which contains as well information regarding an issue and possibly your profile thereupon) of expressing yourself. Now, there exist several possibilities here; either this new issue (consideration) refers to your previous thought, or it is only tangential to it. In case it refers to your previous thought and profile thereupon, would you also express your profile and if you would express a profile, would it be the same as the one you just considered? For example, I can wonder about punching someone on his face and think I definitely have a straight answer in mind (white profile) regarding this issue, but I could just communicate that I was thinking about it and, in case I decide to express my profile, I might utter that it is complicated, that there there are pro's and con's. We shall now concentrate on this very last possibility, that you faithfully express the issue you were considering but you may lie a bit about your profile. Actually, what I claim really

matters is not the concealing of your true thoughts, everyone does that to some extent, but the way you alter your expressions accordingly when your thoughts change. To be precise, we have an action profile matrix  $q_a$  and a thought profile matrix  $q_t$ , the latter which can undergo a change by means of an *action*  $q_i$  and we must ask how this change affects the action profile matrix. For example,

$$q_a \rightarrow q_i q_a, q_t \rightarrow q_i q_t$$

defines straight types, meaning the action responds in the same way as the mind does, and

$$q_a \rightarrow q_a q_i^\dagger, q_t \rightarrow q_i q_t$$

defines the maximally twisted types, meaning the action is just the opposite. Mixed types are those who twist themselves to some degree, meaning for example that

$$(\beta_\lambda(e^q))(q_a) = e^{(1-\lambda)q} q_a e^{\lambda q^\dagger}$$

where  $\lambda \in [0, 1]$  and the reader notices that

$$\beta_\lambda(e^q e^w) \neq \beta_\lambda(e^q) \beta_\lambda(e^w)$$

due to non-commutativity of  $q, w$  except in the cases  $\lambda = 0, 1$ . Mathematically, the reader should get used to the terminology that  $\beta_0, \beta_1$  are called the vector and conjugate vector representations,  $(\beta_{\frac{1}{2}})^2$  is the usual conjugate representation which is equivalent to a Lorentz transformation in the defining representation. It must be said that it is possible to just consider those types as actions of a change  $e^q$  on action profiles not necessarily referring to a corresponding change in the thought profile by means of the vector representation. There exist two distinct natural conjugations on the profile operators  $q$ , which are the complex conjugation  $\bar{q}$  and the charge conjugation  $q^c := \sigma_2 \bar{q} \sigma_2$  and

$$q^\dagger = -q^c$$

in case  $q$  has vanishing trace. Now, one may wonder to what extent they should relate to symmetries of interactions between two distinct spiritual beings regarding this particular issue. We define  $w$  to be self-dual in case  $w^c = w$  (or  $\bar{w} = w$ ) or anti self-dual in case  $w^c = -w$  (or  $\bar{w} = -w$ ). The first condition means that  $w$  has no charge whereas the second one says that its charge conjugate is minus itself. We say that  $w$  and  $w^c$  transform accordingly if and only if

$$(\beta_\lambda^c(e^q))w^c = ((\beta_\lambda(e^q))w)^c$$

and likewise so for the complex conjugate. We can now consider a pair of action profiles, located at nearby spatial locations and consider the joint profile as a single profile by means of the following

$$w \otimes v^c \rightarrow q = wv^c; \text{ with action } (\beta_\lambda(e^x) \otimes \beta_\mu^c(e^y))(w \otimes v^c) \rightarrow (\beta_\lambda(e^x)w)(\beta_\mu^c(e^y)v^c)$$

as well as

$$w \otimes v \rightarrow q = wv; \text{ with action } (\beta_\lambda(e^x) \otimes \beta_\mu(e^y))(w \otimes v) \rightarrow (\beta_\lambda(e^x)w)(\beta_\mu(e^y)v)$$

and

$$w \otimes \bar{v} \rightarrow q = w\bar{v}; \text{ with action } (\beta_\lambda(e^x) \otimes \bar{\beta}_\mu(e^y))(w \otimes \bar{v}) \rightarrow (\beta_\lambda(e^x)w)(\bar{\beta}_\mu(e^y)\bar{v}).$$

In some exceptional cases, these projections do define actions themselves; for example

$$(\beta_\lambda(e^x)w) (\beta_{1-\lambda}^c(e^{-(x^\dagger)^c})v^c) = e^{\lambda x} (wv^c) e^{-\lambda x} := \gamma(e^{\lambda x})(wv^c)$$

and the reader should notice that  $(x^\dagger)^c = -x$  since  $x$  must be trace-less. Similar results hold for the other two choices:

$$(\beta_\lambda(e^x)w) (\beta_{1-\lambda}(e^{-(x^\dagger)})v) = e^{\lambda x} (wv) e^{-\lambda x} := \gamma(e^{\lambda x})(wv)$$

and

$$(\beta_\lambda(e^x)w) (\bar{\beta}_{1-\lambda}(e^{-\bar{x}^\dagger})\bar{v}) = e^{\lambda x} (w\bar{v}) e^{-\lambda x} := \gamma(e^{\lambda x})(w\bar{v}).$$

One notices that  $\lambda = \frac{1}{2}$  is special and in all cases, we would first look at the associated transformations  $e^x$  that preserve duality meaning respectively that  $x^\dagger = -x^c$  (which is identically satisfied)  $x^\dagger = -x$  and finally  $x^\dagger = -\bar{x}$ . One notices furthermore that such ‘‘aligned actions’’ on action profiles naturally lead to invariants (conservation laws) such as are given by  $\text{Tr}(wv^c), \det(wv^c)$  in the first case. They are for sure useful in everyday conversations where people are adaptive to one and another. It remains to be seen how these mathematical symmetries should further reflect in the dynamics.

## Chapter 4

# Psychic Symbols and Social Interactions

This chapter is by far the most outlandish one in this book; we have argued so far that there are very close parallelisms between the physical and mental world with one huge exception which was that mental energy appears to be negative and that therefore, the spirit has an unstable ground state, craving for action and physical energy consumption. Ultimately, the body runs out of energy by means of the mind-matter correspondence and tames the spirit in its tendency to consume. Indeed, to further elaborate on this, a human eats, drinks, thinks, moves around by itself very much in contrast to, say, a (steam) engine where the burning of fuel forces the cylinders to compress. If you would not couple an engine to a heat bath, it wouldn't do anything at all and remain at rest. The mind therefore is distinguished by a will to live, to be active; I don't claim that in the future highly advanced artificial intelligence would not be able to look for its own energy resources to be active and therefore also to have an effective will to live, even if not programmed to do so, given that I see no rational basis for the claim that such aspects of life should be limited to organic structures only. But what I do claim is that such a thing would require a change upon the traditional viewpoint of the lowest energy state in physics. It is for the moment, as far as I know, an open question as to where the electrical signals in the brain come from; for example, in a computer, a vibrating crystal is responsible for keeping track of time even if the power has been switched off. Maybe, our brain also contains such vibrating structures with a certain lifetime, sending impulses to the heart to pump and to the lungs to breathe. Even if that were the case, then it would still not explain why we feed ourselves or even why we know such a thing as hunger or appetite in order to survive. We are "programmed" as such and it costs energy to maintain all those functions; physical systems don't feed themselves, they simply undergo and survive most comfortably in the common lowest energy state possible. They harmonize in this sense, whereas the spirit does not. When I first wrote the text below, I was very much attracted to the idea of mental energy centers in the physical body, correlated to our state of mind and behavior, which closely resemble the chakra's in the Indian literature. I will without any shame use this terminology and speak about it in a realist sense beyond mere philosophy even if I cannot pinpoint as such a physiological grounding at this moment in time. Aside from that, I also tend to think that there must have been an (evolutionary?) mechanism in our psyche based upon mental images and concepts, which I shall call archetypes. As usual, I will try to be as mathematical as possible as this opens new perspectives to old ideas.

I shall use words here which are mostly used by mystics, such as astral eye, which basically refers to the divine light in you which you can actually see. Many schizophrenic people see shadows and hear things which most people don't; instead of calling it a disease or disorder, which explains nothing, I will take a more scientific point of view here and try to explain why we would see such things in the first place! From the point of view of physics, this is entirely possible, we are blind and deaf as hell; we only see a tiny bandwidth of the electromagnetic spectrum and our ears likewise have a limited range. My tolerance here towards such a viewpoint stems from the fact that I have once in my life experienced such a thing for a couple of months myself, something which lawmakers and psychiatrists call psychosis. I can confess to you that my experience was nothing like what DSM V describes; these images are very real, I could see the most complex three dimensional figures in my mind spinning and oscillating at random in the utmost detail. My perception was much more sharp as it now is, you start to see connections everywhere, nothing is random any longer and

likewise is this so for the voices which definitely seem to come from outside of your brain. I have no mercy, neither any affiliation with those butchers of the mind who look only at the most superficial and irrelevant things. I know of people who claim they can see aura's attached to physical bodies; it is not so that they want to be interesting or heard and who would I be to judge that this is delusional. Even if I would say it is, that is still no explanation of why they see such things in the first place and it is a downright insult to those cultures in the world who do recognize the existence of such a thing. As explained in part 1, there is definitely something connecting us all which goes beyond our observations, so let us carry this idea a bit further and maybe develop some theory. Other mental "reference subjects" which I shall use are the belly and the heart, where the former refers to both food and gut feeling whereas the latter is the source of life and compassion in the symbolic sense. What I want to suggest here is that those physical and metaphysical meanings are not formed by accident and deeply ingrained into the dynamics which shapes humanity as we know it. Indeed, the association of life with mercy is deeply embedded in any religion and we all recognize this as valuable and something to aspire. Finally, I will employ such terms as marriage and sexuality as being central to the human endeavor. As always, our fundamental dichotomy remains the upper-lower choice one can take; let us now further introduce what I want to speak about.

Since we have rationally identified mental interactions with gauge theories, we must take the concept of psychic or mental radiation seriously. Indeed, sometimes you are in awe (or just the opposite) for a certain person without knowing why; he or she seems to radiate something quite mysterious and it is not that there is any rational ground for it regarding our basic senses such as smell and eyesight. Indeed, the girl in question may even not be physically very appealing or having a sweaty odor, she is nevertheless breathtaking for a completely unknown reason. She radiates! I believe that we subconsciously detect such thing all the time and that we are drawn by such mechanisms to a likes; you just knew there was a click from the very beginning. You did not have to talk to her, you did not have to experience her naked body, you just felt that she was fine for you. I think there is no rational ground to dismiss this as an illusion, quite the contrary! Another ramification of our findings so far is that upper-lower fields destroy the positivity of mass (so the mind anti-gravitates) whereas the gauge bosons obey it and therefore gravitate. Hence, people with a huge amount of (negative) psychic energy within themselves have the experience of being lighter in the head (floating in the air). This is also very real, I feel light in my head when thinking deeply, but after a while the body protests due to the enormous amount of fuel I am burning and I have to take a nap and some food. In the subsequent discussion, special attention will be paid to the Switchorium as he was the reference person of the free theory without facts, logic and so on which all favor an upper profile in the end as evidence builds up. I will further define the astral (or third) eye here as being able to see this psychic radiation, allowing one to probe the "soul" of another person (of course from your perspective, so there is little or no objective value to that). The mental belly reflects then how someone feels in a given context; these are two distinct things, you can be drawn to a person by her beauty but still it might not feel all right. Last but not least, you have the heart which shows mercy or empathy; a heart can be so called warm or cold and likewise so for the belly and eye. These three symbols or functions are not issues, there is no profile neither (upper-lower) choice in them, but they constitute mere (quantum) variables which are not only functions of the psychic variables but also act upon them as to define a closed algebra<sup>1</sup>; just as consciousness was a (classical) variable and not an issue. Another few comments are in place here, first of all physicist's don't speak about issues but about variables. I illustrated this by means of our eyes who seem to have no freedom to take a profile, neither choice: for them, everything can effectively be described at the level of the conservative variable operator (unless you turn blind or so). Second, so far we have assumed that all our conservative/progressive issue operators were commuting and that you could mix them. This is not true in general either, in nature, it is very well possible to construct variables (conservative issues) which do not commute and do not constitute our fundamental dichotomy either; moreover it often does not make sense to mix arbitrary issues as that amounts to comparing apples with pears. The really daring thing I propose here is that the way you primarily interact with people by preferring either your perception of the heart, the eye, or the belly, will have ramifications on your physical constitution; the way you look, whether or not you get fat during a marriage and so on. I believe that distinct

<sup>1</sup>By this physicists usually mean that some function of the dynamical variables  $F(z)$  defines an action on any other function  $g(z)$  of the dynamical variables by means of, for example,  $F(z) \star g(z) - g(z) \star F(z)$  where  $\star$  is the Moyal product (which amounts to the usual definition of the Poisson bracket by means of  $\{f(z), g(z)\} = \lim_{\hbar \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{i\hbar} (f(z) \star g(z) - g(z) \star f(z))$ ). The requirement that several functions  $F_i(z)$  constitute a Lie algebra amounts then to the condition that  $F_i(z) \star F_j(z) - F_j(z) \star F_i(z) = \sum_k c_{ijk} F_k(z)$  with  $c_{ijk}$  a complex number. One could even strengthen this for  $\hbar \neq 0$  by demanding that  $F_i(z) \star F_j(z) = \sum_k d_{ijk} F_k(z) + d_{ij} \mathbb{1}$  where  $\mathbb{1}$  denotes the canonical central extension of your algebra. In any way, in a system with the operation a Lie algebra, one can always look of course for representations, which possess a natural product underlying the Lie bracket, such that the resulting algebra is a mere central extension.

cultures also have different traditions of approaching the way they prefer to interact with others in the sense to what element of the above trinity they find the most important one; that is a second conjecture if you want.

A parameter which is important in the way people interact, and can be seen as a white appreciation of the issue "to what degree am I energized mentally?" (so there is no need to enlarge our language here, we just have to include one extra issue), regards the mental energy they use (radiate?). If a person mentally engaged in a conversation speaks to someone who uses way less energy, then either the other person can upgrade and engage in more activity or, on the other hand, try to downgrade the speaker either by shifting the topic of the conversation or serving some food which lowers mental activity. As said, the astral eye can see the psychic person but still then, it remains to determine whether this information results in an attraction or repulsion as the two extreme opposites; the former being called the hot eye and the latter the cold one meaning that (minus) the average energy of the eye is high or extremely low. This coincides with our previous philosophy which was that the mind loves to increase (minus) its energy and is therefore attracted to anything which amounts to this effect and repulsed towards anything which causes for the opposite. Life is not that simple and we involve in a much more complicated way with one and another mixing the eye, belly and heart. It might be worthwhile to quantify this more as it appears to me that nature has foreseen that, in engaging with one and another, there usually is a minimal "temperature" associated to the trinity (which in physics would amount to a choice of density matrix, a kinematical and not dynamical constraint); this implies that, for example, even if the expectation values of the individual energies attached to the eye, heart and belly are close to zero, we still engage ourselves with a minimal amount of psychic energy leading to an overall satisfaction in engaging with others even if not very gratifying on several points (so, we use a different "Hamiltonian" as just the three separate individual "Hamiltonians"). I say, usually the case, because some people are cold as hell and still thrive in society at a formal high level; very dangerous I must add. A third conjecture I make is that this overall temperature (an effective parameter describing the more detailed and complicated upper-lower interactions) constitutes the main foundation of societal interactions which goes way beyond things such as intellect and money. For example, you may have a deep friendship with a person who does not resonate with you on an intellectual level, whereas you might want to restrict the number of contact hours with a person with whom you intellectually thrive but otherwise are rather cold of. Let me also mention that the association of the belly to "gut feeling" is by no means a gratuitous play of language, given that eating and drinking together while talking leads in general to a better feeling (and therefore more patience) regarding the person/conversation. Indeed, family gatherings over dinner or meetings between partners in the restaurant are aspects of fostering community life in many cultures. I claim even more than this which is that your psyche (upper-lower choice, profile, white reality parameters, consciousness parameters) is correlated to the kind of food you like and which in a way is the best for you.

In a way, the trinity expresses how we see, feel and relate; three cornerstones of human interactions. But we already had four cornerstones of upper-lower interactions, those were given by the generators of the classical  $U(1) \times SU(2)$  gauge theory (the profile operators did not define a new gauge field as explained in part 1). Now comes the real beef, we have discussed in part 1 upon how we can associate the Pauli matrices with (anti) hermitian operators on the Hilbert space of square integrable functions in the white variables so that classical variables can couple in a nontrivial way to a quantum system; what we proclaim now is (you may call that conjecture four) that the trinity coincides with the  $SO(1, 2)$  part and its associated local charges (which are globally conserved)<sup>2</sup>. This implies that overall, in the entire society, global empathy, spiritual perception and feeling are conserved quantities; they do not evolve in time. At the level of a single individual, which we shall discuss first in full detail, this implies that the correct evolution operator in the psychic variables is given by a multiple of the identity operator if one takes quantum corrections into account (classically the Hamiltonian vanishes)! Pretty boring indeed, but a reflection of the fact that without social engagements or any exterior world, our conceptions of what some of us think what is and what is not (note that the notions of back and white are collective ones, since any individual can choose its own profile) do not alter. If we were only to interact with "simple" matter, then there is little or no engagement and the reality, as seen by some of us, remains the same. In a way, this expresses conservation of three distinct types of energies; this is a pretty damning constraint upon humanity which I believe to have been experimentally verified already over

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<sup>2</sup>Note that the algebra holds at a local level of charges for local gauge symmetries, for example as is the case for the  $su(2)$  gauge transformations in loop quantum gravity by means of the Ashtekar variables or in non abelian gauge theory by means of the time component of the Noether charges. For global symmetries, the situation is not far worse given that integrated charges will only deviate from the correct algebra by means of boundary terms.

history. Humanity does not change fundamentally, we still go to war for the most silly reasons, most of us have very limited empathy and are mostly interested in telling about themselves, enlightened minds keep on having difficulties with authorities, life does not feel any different now as it did in the middle ages and so on. The only way humanity progresses is by means of paradigm shifts; meaning an old lunatic now has become sane, but at the same time a new category of lunatics is born providing for a counter-effect. Never ever has society reached the only valid conclusion, after so many generations, which is that lunatics don't exist, only enlightened spirits think as such and there are not too many of them. Concretely, the heart corresponds to  $H \sim -\sigma^1$ , the belly to  $B \sim i\sigma^2$  and the eye to  $E \sim i\sigma^3$ . How those operators were connected to the other Pauli matrices and what suggestive relationships exist between them has been discussed in part 1. The heart is nothing but the Schitchoriem energy plus  $\frac{1}{2}$ , which is related to time not only by means of the Schrodinger equation but also by means of its very definition as a Hermitian quadratic form associated to the identity matrix! The eye preserves white and white and is therefore associated to  $E$  whereas the belly  $B$  mixes them; the curious thing is that for any operator  $O$ , which is a linear combination of  $X, P$  holds that

$$[B, [E, O]] = i[H, O]$$

and more in general

$$[B, [E, V]] - [E, [B, V]] = 2i[H, V]$$

for any operator  $V$ . The spiritual heart is therefore associated to the “awareness-impetus” or conservative-progressive. Hence, it is meaningful to consider thermal states with respect to the heart or Schwitchoriem Hamiltonian and calculate expectation values of all other operators, such as

$$\frac{\text{Tr}(Ee^{-\beta H})}{\text{Tr}(e^{-\beta H})} = \epsilon$$

where  $\beta$  is the inverse temperature of the state and  $\epsilon$  the mean energy corresponding to the eye. Regarding the spiritual belly operator,  $i\sigma^2 \sim B$ , we notice the following conjugation

$$([B, O])^c := [iE, [B, O]^\dagger] = [iE, [B, -O^\dagger]] = [B, [iE, O^\dagger]] = [B, O]$$

for  $O$  a real linear combination of  $X, P$  and the superscript  $c$  denotes the charge conjugate by means of  $(i)$  the eye operator. This is completely equivalent to

$$(\sigma^2 v)^c := -\sigma^3 \overline{(\sigma^2 v)} = \sigma^3 \sigma^2 \bar{v} = -\sigma^2 \sigma^3 \bar{v} = \sigma^2 v$$

where  $v = (aX, bP)^T$  with  $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$  and  $\bar{v} = (\bar{a}X^\dagger, \bar{b}P^\dagger)^T$ . So this means that the conjugate action of  $iE$  on the adjoint action of  $B$  equals the adjoint action of  $B$  and therefore charge conjugation intertwines between both actions. A similar result holds for the heart operator. The heart operator is positive definite and has a discrete spectrum of the form  $n + \frac{1}{2}$  where  $n \in \mathbb{N}$  meaning it is always activated.  $B, E$  on the other hand have a continuous spectrum which covers the entire real line; for example, the eigenstates associated to  $E$  are given by

$$\left(-is \frac{d}{ds} - \frac{i}{2}\right) \Psi_\alpha(s) = \alpha \Psi_\alpha(s)$$

resulting in

$$\Psi_\alpha(s) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} e^{\frac{i}{4}(2\alpha+i) \ln(s^2)}$$

and the reader may verify that all orthogonality properties are satisfied meaning

$$\int ds \overline{\Psi_\beta(s)} \Psi_\alpha(s) = \delta(\alpha - \beta).$$

Regarding the belly

$$B = e^{-\frac{i\pi}{4}[H, \cdot]} E$$

which is a unitary transformation and hence preserves the spectral decomposition. So therefore, either the belly or the eye can be off, meaning having zero eigenvalue. It is furthermore possible to consider states which are invariant under  $e^{i\frac{\pi}{4}H}$  up to a unitary factor; these regard super-positions of the form

$$\Phi_k := \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_{k,n} |8n + k\rangle$$

where  $k \in \mathbb{N}$ . In this case,

$$e^{i\frac{\pi}{4}H}\Phi_k = e^{i\frac{\pi(2k+1)}{8}}\Phi_k$$

so that

$$\langle \Phi_k | E | \Phi_k \rangle = \langle \Phi_k | B | \Phi_k \rangle.$$

In particular do we have that for thermal density matrices

$$\frac{\text{Tr}(Ee^{-\beta H})}{\text{Tr}(e^{-\beta H})} = \frac{\text{Tr}(Be^{-\beta H})}{\text{Tr}(e^{-\beta H})}$$

so that both have the same energy and

$$\frac{\text{Tr}(He^{-\beta H})}{\text{Tr}(e^{-\beta H})} = -\frac{d}{d\beta} \ln(\text{Tr} e^{-\beta H}) = \frac{\beta}{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta}{2}\right)$$

as a small computation reveals. Another interesting observation is that  $H - B = -P^2 \geq 0$  and therefore  $H \geq B$ ; by means of our rotation, we likewise obtain that  $H \geq E$  meaning the heart is dominant over the eye and belly. As mentioned in part 1, when thinking about an issue, we use the dichotomy and upper-lower choice to get an operator  $Z = aX + bP$  and we can only measure its energy defined by

$$\begin{aligned} Z^\dagger Z &= |a|^2 X^2 - |b|^2 P^2 + (\bar{a}b - \bar{b}a)(XP + \frac{1}{2}) - \frac{1}{2}(\bar{a}b + \bar{b}a)1 = \\ &(|a|^2 - |b|^2)B + (|a|^2 + |b|^2)H + i(\bar{a}b - \bar{b}a)E - \frac{1}{2}(\bar{a}b + \bar{b}a)1. \end{aligned}$$

Hence, any decision operator canonically defines the way we communicate with one and another: a remarkable conclusion! For example, Schwitchoriems communicate by the heart, white people by  $H + B$  and black people by  $H - B$ . Also note that the heart is the only pure (non mixed) choice regarding the trinity you can make. To communicate with the eye, you need  $b = i\lambda a$  with  $\lambda \in \mathbb{R}$ , this results in

$$|a|^2(-2\lambda E + (1 - \lambda^2)B + (1 + \lambda^2)H).$$

Now, before we come to the fascinating issue of mental superposition between two partners, where they forget about anything whatsoever and are consumed by a blissful feeling, something which happens when you are quietly sitting with your wife in the couch and think about nothing, time passes quickly and you just experience “temperature”. To make the analogy with Wagner’s Tristan und Isolde when she is going to serve him on the ship the love potion which will make him forget about who he is and join in a blissful union. First, we shall treat distinctions between several nationalities which I have observed in the past and which approximately seem to hold. To be precise, the Belgians and the Dutch communicate maximally by means of the belly, meaning they are either white or black and there is no grey zone; the result is that those people either have an opinion about everything or they revolt the system. Indeed, the Dutch, which are black, are known for their outspoken opinions even if there is no rational, compelling reason to be as such: this leads to a vibrant debate culture with lots of specific suggestions being made; the downside is that this leads to a society where everything is classified and subject to social conventions and the Dutch are as such indeed, leading to a serious embedding of psychiatric institutions to cure those who are different. Belgians are somewhat more white-black mixed leading to less rules but more conflicts and social anxiety. Both cultures have the tradition of heavy food, beer and a complete absence of spirituality, something which resides in the eye. The Catholic church in Belgium is almost dead and the Lutheran church in the Netherlands is not one of spiritual beauty and contemplation, but one of strict adherence to rules and debates about biblical interpretations. They just don’t live through a religious ceremony, and I even guess they do not understand what this is supposed to mean. The Polish and the Italians mainly go by the eye, they are very spiritual and kind hearted people; the Polish also seem to involve the belly to a higher degree as the Italians do. Indeed, their food is also certainly more healthy as the one in Belgium and Holland, but very basic and certainly not as light and delicious as Italians cook. Polish also drink beer, but by far not as much as the Belgians and the Dutch and they consume more spiritus which, as the name says it, stimulates the eye and not as much the belly. Italians on the other hand drink more wine and liquor which are drinks of the heart and are somewhat a bit more spiritual as the Polish. Indeed, Italians and Polish are known for story telling, not debating; this results in somewhat a less dynamical atmosphere as the one in Belgium and Holland, but opens the avenue

for long and thoughtful conversations and loads of creativity. Indeed, Italy has long been the cultural center of the world and food consumption there merely accompanies a long conversation and social gathering, just as this is the case in Poland, whereas Belgians and certainly the Dutch are “functional eaters” spending little time at the table. The French and Swiss in my opinion almost equally share the belly and eye and the heart, leading to healthy, solid food with a good culture of wine and a bit of beer and a nice spirituality: those operators are given by  $s \leq r \leq (\sqrt{2} + 1)s$  or  $r \leq s \leq (\sqrt{2} + 1)r$  such that  $\frac{r^2 - s^2}{2rs} = \sin(\theta - \psi)$  and  $a = re^\theta$ ,  $b = se^{i\psi}$  leading to

$$(r^2 + s^2)H + (r^2 - s^2)B + (r^2 - s^2)E$$

and the reader verifies that the ratio  $\frac{r^2 - s^2}{r^2 + s^2}$  is optimal at  $r = (\sqrt{2} + 1)s$  resulting in  $\frac{2(1 + \sqrt{2})}{2(2 + \sqrt{2})}$  leading to  $H \geq \pm \frac{(1 + \sqrt{2})}{(2 + \sqrt{2})}(B + E) \sim \pm 0.707(B + E)$ . It must be clear here that I am speaking of issues for which no logical settlement has been established yet; but there is more than that, in conversations people will always have the tendency to select the issue as such that such communication mode is justified. For example, when talking to a Dutch person about a mathematical theorem, he will simply give an answer and that’s it. Italians, on the other hand, might start discussing the underlying assumptions, the beauty or the ugliness of the result, and novel ideas regarding counterexamples if some assumptions are dropped or generalizations thereof. In my opinion, as far as experience with both cultures reaches, this is indeed the case.

## 4.1 Spiritual bounds.

Now, we come to the discussion of joint states or spiritual marriages if one wants to. Many of us have had the strange feeling of synchronicity by which I mean that highly correlated events occur without an obvious causal explanation from known mechanisms. Now, science tends to dismiss those as pure coincidences, but I think the coincidences are just too high to be explained as such as is the case for the speed of evolution of the human species, suggesting for something way beyond random selection. Now, of course, I am realistic enough to set bounds to which this can be realized in practice, just like Schrodinger’s cat will probably never materialize. So, channeling of conscious thoughts does seem to require too much information for such mechanisms to carry; but I am speaking of phenomena people often experience, like for instance me calling my ex wife or vice versa and she saying, “I was just thinking about you and thought you maybe you felt like this”. Or, people traveling around the globe going to places where they have never been before and meeting people as if it were predestined to be as such, as if they knew these persons for their entire life. I am fed up with the priests of modern science who wish to impose upon you (even by law) that this is an illusion of some kind; that we are all classical separated individuals who can be detached from society with razor blade precision. Some of them even try to ridicule the idea by so called designing “objective” tests without realizing that, by this very act, they fall in the same category as all those people, which they call crackpots themselves, denying quantum mechanics because they never have seen a Schrodinger’s cat. I hear you already say, surely mister Noldus, I am sane of mind, I also have noticed those things but I do not see why they could not be ascribed to a classical mechanism. I can only say, why bother? I mean, ultimately, each mystery of quantum theory may be ascribed to a classical underlying mechanism. But the point is that if this were the case, then our view upon what a particle really is and how it behaves energetically should be radically overthrown! For example, you can explain the Schrodinger equation as being the result of a kind of self-field interaction of the particle, causing it to spontaneously accelerate and self-interfere; nobody has ever constructed such equations but it may very well be possible. Likewise could entanglement be explained by the opening of wormholes which are stable for a while; but this requires negative (mental?) energy, so is a particle mentally active? Does it microscopically change our very perspective upon spacetime; that we are blind to such things. In the previous section, we explained that the full wave function lives in an infinite tensor product

$$\mathcal{H}_T := \otimes_{i=1}^{\infty} \mathcal{H}_i$$

where  $\mathcal{H}_i$  denotes the Hilbert space of square integrable functions with respect to the flat metric attached to the mental issues defining spirit  $i$ . These Hilbert spaces all have a representation on spacetime which is evolving towards the future. Hence, we already have that spirits are entangled, but here we shall go one step further by considering entangled operators or so called “contracts”, as I prefer to call them, where individual observers take expectation values of the individual heart, belly and eye operators coupled to other

eye, heart and belly operators after projecting down the communal state by means of their own mental energy profile operator (and possibly the profile itself if the latter is definite). This is the weak form of contracts, where people still think for themselves but care about the feelings of others. The stronger form is when you effectively do not project down by means of an individual operator, but society projects down on a complex entanglement of individual operators, so that you effectively stop thinking and feel the resulting state from other product operators attached to the heart, belly and eye respectively. They continue to live in a complicated superposition of product states attached to common values of the society of which they are not aware at the level of (maybe unconscious) thought, which presupposes individuality, but merely experience a certain temperature regarding an interaction operator which they freely choose (in either they feel the response of others regarding things they care about). The strongest form of gathering happens when you feel those things precisely in the way society wants you to feel them, that is when the individual heart, belly and eye operators are canonically defined by means of the communal operator used to perform the reduction of the communal wave-function. This viewpoint is the mathematical realization of the dichotomy of individualism versus gathering at four possible levels (the fourth one being that you only consider your own isolated feelings and not how they interact with others); as mentioned previously, an isolated heart always feels (luke) warm but individual hearts in a collective gathering can be either very warm or cruel (negative temperature) as happens in bad marriages or oppressive regimes. Let us therefore refer to the isolated heart as the bored heart; there is a lot to say for it, but ultimately we all crave for variation and not necessarily in the positive way (more empathy, or hotter heart) but also in the negative way where people enjoy being cruel towards one and another and have destructive tendencies.

Let me stress that this is a rather unusual extension of quantum theory which always presupposes that each observer must independently ask him or herself an isolated question and that different observers are asking questions at slightly different times. There are two issues here, if two distinct local observers would ask two different questions at the same time then there is only one collapse of the wave-function and albeit the order in which the questions are asked does not matter, there is only given one answer which is a communal one, in either the product of both eigenvalues. This is the reflection of the fact that in quantum theory, there is only one global observer really who controls the entire universe, so in order to correct that you would have to change the usual interpretation in the sense that both observers should be aware of the result of their individual questions and this is indeed a well defined notion in relativistic (but not Euclidean) Quantum Field Theory due to causality of the local observables. In our approach to quantum theory, we refined this issue even more: we did not care about coordinates, so when a measurement apparatus measures the so called position of a particle, it does not produce any number, the latter is an interpretation a local human gives regarding the change of state of the measurement apparatus. There are really two different processes here which are usually identified as one and all details are swept under the carpet which causes for a terrible confusion. The first thing is that in first instance, nobody cares about the eigenvalue of some global product operator (which is a meaningless quantity), but they only deal with the projection itself which changes the state of each individual measurement apparatus and this is the only thing which is “felt” by the apparatus in some way. This is a radical change of perspective on quantum theory where observables pertaining to the relation between the outside world and inner world of the observers, a position Bohr very much defended, are not confined any longer to one local observer only and therefore one may forget about the eigenvalue (that only serves God). The real measured eigenvalue by the local observers regards some operator pertaining to the inside world of the observer who is measuring himself accordingly without further changing the outside world. In this vein is the measurement apparatus “aware” of something hitting it by observing the currents of its constituting variables. We, as humans, come second in line, we observe photons scattering on the changed measurement apparatus and we presume that the measurement apparatus is faithful or static towards us in the sense that it did not alter its appearance between the moment it responded to the interaction with the particle and us interacting with the measurement apparatus by means of photons. Likewise, the observation our eyes make is one of local electrical currents which are coupled to the photon field and not the photon field itself; we just assume the photons project down accordingly and interpret the feeling (which we express as a number) attached to the state of our eyes, after all eyes in the universe have measured photons at the same time, as corresponding to an objective property of the photon. The measurement apparatus does exactly the same thing when so called measuring the position of a particle hitting it, I really measures “unusual” internal currents due to the impact of the particle arriving there, it only “knows” about the particle through perception of its own state and comparing it with its bias of what is it and what is the rest! So, an eye is getting classical at least every nanosecond and its state is what we ascribe to light with all its colors attached.

For the mathematicians under us, you would say that this can be described within category theory where true observation happens on the level of objects and the impact of it reflects on the level of functions. Indeed, I claim that we cannot observe the outside world really but we can only know the response of our own body regarding the interactions with the outside world. We just have to assume that all photon measurement apparatus are the same and producing commensurable results otherwise there would be no possibility for us to deduce any laws. I did not discuss energy-momentum observations of photons as yet in this book, but the reader may very well take a simplistic approach and forget about the electrical currents inside the eye and just do Fourier analysis as usual of the photons as defined with regards to the local observers as if one were projecting down the photon field in first instance. This is something we do all the time in science to the extend that most even fail to comprehend that they are doing it. The observer is always swept under the carpet and people wrongly attach meaning to the values some abstract global operator attaches to the interaction of the observer with the outside world. As said, this is not what we can measure directly, we are only aware of our own body and ascribe some aspects of it as due to some unknown interaction with the environment, we are just guessing basically. The fact that we are guessing reflects in distinct opinions regarding what is internal or holistic: indeed, stomach pain could be thought of as extraneous due to demons pinching needles there. In the middle ages, this could have been the standard view, whereas nowadays we think of either bacteria or too much acid being responsible for the sensation. In the first case, it is still an “exterior” cause whereas no doctor would say that the universe is leaking extra acids into you stomach by means of wormholes. He would just say that you produce yourself these acids without even being able to understand the mechanism of how this happens: it is just a convention. This is what I would call a mental inertia principle, that we presume something happens when we experience something internally which we do not ascribe to ourselves, but this differs from person to person! Psychiatrists have the illusion that their idea of the interior-exterior world is the true objective one and that they can decide whether your senses are appropriate or not given that they presume their observation of the outside world and interpretation thereof to be the holy one; meanwhile, he or she is just having the same trust in this very principle. The reader must understand here that there is no truth in all of this: the reason why we value the doctors opinion regarding the acids in the stomach is because he prescribes calcium based medication or zantac and this helps. So, he has free will and can act to cure the evil. But nothing prevents you to deny that this is all just a matter of biochemistry, but that there is a deeper underlying reality in which the calcium serves as an offer to the spirits so that they stop putting acids in you. The reason why western society does not uphold such view anymore is because it is redundant in many ways; now, unlike zantac, psychiatric drugs have no effect whatsoever but just put you asleep so that the “issue” does not occur. It is very much like putting someone in prison in very many different meanings.

In this section, we go another step further, as mentioned previously, an observer in a community stops asking individualized questions (all questions themselves are entangled), it does not engage into independent thought any longer but merely feels, just like we feel temperature which is also not an observable quantity, the impact of society upon its emotions without adding anything to it. Indeed, when being individualized, you just take expectation values, which is a form of higher awareness, of your individual heart, belly and eye operators with respect to an (approximate) eigenstate of your decision operator; in a way, this is how you feel about yourself when dealing with your thoughts without thinking about others. Everyone, who is individualist, feels he is a compassionate person. In the previous edition of this book, I described the joint situation, which I want to discuss, as being the result of a measurement done by a higher joint spirit who sees us as quantum; I changed my mind of presenting it in that way because, albeit such a point of view is holistic in nature, there is nothing higher about this spirit at all in the sense explained in part 1 since you can always break free out of it at a higher level and return to individualism (consciously or unconsciously) at a lower level of issues. For example, in a two person society, the relevant operator may be

$$H \otimes (aE + bH + cB) + B \otimes (dH + eE)$$

where we have done the canonical decomposition with respect to the first individual. In case the two person spiritual state is  $|\Psi\rangle$  then I define the “feeling” of the heart of the first observer as being given by

$$\langle \Psi | H \otimes (aE + bH + cB) | \Psi \rangle$$

and that may very well be a negative number indeed. Note that at this point, as mentioned before, you are not dealing with this issue in your mind at that level, it is not that it is mixed with other issues, which is a very different thing, but it is just not even definite. It pertains to questions about how others relate

to your individual decisions regarding the decisions they have taken themselves. As I said, you basically stop thinking about your current profile on these matters (consciously or unconsciously) but you just feel the communal response at a higher level. Now, there is another higher awareness regarding this feeling in the communal spirit and that pertains to the issue of whether you like this feeling or not; for example, you have people who crave on complete adversity towards others. As mentioned in part one, we have excluded so far these higher questions referring to more basic questions (of possibly different observers) since in general, you cannot ask for a decision and heart at the same time unless you are a Schwitchoriem where all those notions coincide. So the best you can do is ask for an expectation value regarding those issues. In that way is individualism the safest strategy to go through life, you are inherently peaceful, mercy is the dominant force whereas in society you might become a killer such as happened, for example, to the Germans in the 1930s when peaceful people got in the grip of fascism and started to haunt Jews, something they would never do on an individual basis. People, who have a bad feeling when immersed in the collective “reality” might want to withdraw and isolate themselves becoming peaceful again; usually, this is seen as a danger to society as, especially prominent, members wish to cancel their engagement. In that way is the church of immense importance since it urges us to be, in the first place, one with God and Jesus and they are warm, constructive in nature and hence offer a, perhaps imaginary, reinforcement of an individualist kind of attitude towards others. Indeed, religious life is a solitary one, far removed from the hustle and bustle of society, at least in the very best case. The importance of this cannot be stressed enough for example by means of the Polish people, where religion was the state enemy during communist times and people remained friendly overall due to the immersion in the beauty (spiritual eye) of the creation. Poles have finally stood up against communism and fascism during for example, the Warsaw uprising. It makes them into an extremely resilient, creative and warm nation where I was happy to reside for a while. A not unwise suggestion regarding the societal and spiritual enhancement of slight to fair sinners, which constitute the main audience of the church (good people have no place in church at this moment), would be to form a local “stadt” community church geist attached to the local church division which one chooses. Obviously, wise governance and diversification along distinct religious subbranches (reformist, protestant, catholic, evangelical, anglican, jewish) is here in place as is largely so for the Swiss country geist albeit that would preferably be split up in a multi-plet of kantonal geists in that vein. Places in Europe with such a diversity of religious branches, which is mandatory to mitigate corroboration risks attached to the desires of local overly enthusiast priests, are for example York in the UK and Basel and Zurich in die Schweiz. I will just give away some further examples of compound operators and try to formulate some principles behind them; not all compound operators are realized, actually very few of them, and one ultimately has to come up with some selection principle.

Before we proceed to that, let us introduce the notion of sex conjugation (another dichotomy, woman versus man) interchanging men and woman as well as their profiles/choices and all that: a Hermitian operator  $S$  which acts on  $\mathcal{H}_T$  and for which the state of the universe is neutral (that is has eigenvalue close to zero). Here, it must be taken into account that there exist different dominant notions of rationality (logic) between the different sexes who aspire precisely the opposite. This has nothing to do with white and black as we all aspire to become white eventually and alikes still attract. Let me explain what I mean by means of some examples: men who aspire classical logic, which has been the driving seat of progress in humanity, study sciences, engineering ... whereas female logic usually leads to specialization into the social sciences, psychology, nursing, psychiatry and even medicine (which operates according to intuitionistic logic). The men who are in the middle between classical and intuitionistic logic usually study economics or law, whereas the intuitionistic ones choose for medicine, psychiatry and psychology. Indeed, doctors, psychiatrists and psychologists are wizards from a classical point of view; this reflects in the fact that, especially psychiatry, changes of theory or point of view every couple of decades, whereas physicists and mathematicians never ever change their mind, they just refine and generalize their knowledge. Indeed, classical logic is stable, God given as to speak, whereas intuitionistic logic is temporal and suggestive instead of having a precise insight. Medical doctors also classify somewhat in this category but to a lesser extent; they would argue that it is the very nature of their field that it is as such, but this is total nonsense according to me. The great progress in medicine has not come from trained doctors, but from physicists, engineers and chemists (hard core boys), who have constructed microscopes, RX and MRI apparatus and offered a deeper insight into the working and development of pharmaceutical drugs. Woman who want to break free out of their traditional role study precisely mathematics, physics and engineering, resonating very much with those men at least on the intellectual side. Remember that I have said that such resonance is secondary to the more primitive way of approaching relationships regarding the upper-lower perspectives. For example, you may

meet intellectuals of the same kind who take different sides and profiles on things which are unknown; with a slight abuse of language, you may say that in this case the lower perspective is the more rational one (but that is a matter of taste). Such distinctions may lead to severe clashes between equally qualified colleagues and cause for personal frictions whereas you might sympathize with someone who has a different kind of logic but who makes the same choice as you do. Ultimately, where intuitionistic logic and classical logic meet one and another, fruitful results start to emerge. Therefore, since men and woman procreate, there is always a mixture of different rationales making room for real feelings such as given by the heart, eye and belly; things which are not completely rational but seem to stabilize society. In that sense might a civilization which is entirely based upon one choice of logic be wiped out in a very short while. Therefore, any civilization which is low on spiritual investment and thrives primarily on logic (of some kind) as the primary force, is bound to lead to psychiatric patients, psychopaths seizing power and huge divorce rates. This is why science and religion should coexist.

In order to find a principle limiting the possible joint operators which occur in the world, I constructed the notion of a marriage contract which constitutes the very basis by which your decisions couple to one and another: indeed, in a marriage it is important that you take commensurable decisions even though you might dislike the profile your partner attaches to it. Point is that you rarely discuss such profile and just deal with the practicality of doing similar things. So even though there may be a repulsion regarding the choice field, there are paradoxically enough warm feelings attached to the partnership which leads to marriages where both partners function together very well but dislike one and another. In analogy with the single individual where your decision determined your way of dealing with the trinity, likewise will we consider here that the way a couple deals with a certain issue (we shall restrict here to  $N = 1$ ) determines how the couple projects itself towards society and how they feel themselves in the union. The big difference here is that, when people engage, they loose their own opinion and take a common position which is an entangled one. This reflects that when a couple speaks out, they never reveal their own thoughts but present a compromise in which different individual opinions live together in superposition. A further point is that you want to express yourself in the union as faithful as possible regarding your own values and that you want your partner to appreciate your decision even if he or she dislikes the side from which you approach it. In case of a mixture of the belly and heart, the marital contract  $MC$  could take the form

$$MC = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & e^{i\theta} \\ e^{-i\theta} & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

which agrees for  $\theta = \pi$  with the heart  $-\sigma^1$  and  $\theta = \frac{\pi}{2}$  with  $\sigma^2$  which is the belly. One would expect such theta angle to be a dynamical variable varying from culture to culture: in Belgium for example, people seem to love others primarily based on whether their partner feels good in their company or not (the marriage contract is one of the belly). In Poland, on the contrary, it seems (I am no expert in this) important that your heart is connected to the spiritual beauty of your partner. This is of course a direct consequence of the fact that Poles usually express themselves by means of the eye and Belgians by means of the belly as discussed before. Before we discuss this in somewhat more detail, notice that

$$\left[ \ln(\sqrt{-P^2 + \epsilon^2}), XP \right] = \frac{-P^2}{(-P^2 + \epsilon^2)} \sim 1$$

is an approximate Heisenberg conjugate to the operator  $XP + a1$ . It is not an exact one which is logical due to fringe effects. Therefore, a ‘‘Polish marriage’’ is given by the operator, given that  $(i\sigma^1)(\sigma^3) = \sigma^2$ ,

$$\begin{aligned} a(X, P)^\dagger(X, P) \otimes (X, P)^\dagger\sigma^2(X, P)b(X, P)^\dagger\sigma^2(X, P) \otimes (X, P)^\dagger(X, P) \\ = -4aH \otimes E - 4bE \otimes H. \end{aligned}$$

I will leave further exploration of those ideas for a different book of mine on psychology which basically contains the same material as in this book but with further comments and ramifications.

## Chapter 5

# More on psychology and the kitchen.

In the past chapter, we have discussed how spirituality reflects itself in the kitchen. Now, I proclaim that the right kind of food can actually help a lot in staying healthy physically as well as mentally. Beneath, I provide for a list of ingredients which I experienced to be especially helpful for *detoxification*:

- Baked mushrooms with fat cheese
- Camomille, earl green and plain english tea
- Gin and tonic with fever tree tonic
- Chocolate cake
- Cheeses: French or Danish blue (Roquefort), Gruyere and Raclette, Chaumes and ripe brie (not to be put in the refrigerator), in general all other creamy or milky cheeses.
- Polish or german fish dishes such as mackarel in sour cream with onion and pickeled cucumber
- Olives (preferably black) in garlic and sunripe tomato sauce; Spanish chorizo with russian salad and manchego ham.
- Wine; cabarnet sauvignon, shiraz, chianti, merlot based wines, champaign, Toro (red Spanish wine - bull's blood: highly recommended)
- Greek moussaka
- Turkish or Greek mezze
- Cherry cola (or pepsi) as well coca cola as Fentimans or any type of cranberry juice
- Strongbow (the original one) or Guinness
- Lamb chops (baked with little salt, some lime and a tiny amount of garlic in greasy butter)
- lukewarm Bolognese sauce with garlic french bread dipped in Swiss raclette
- Hot peppers, Jalapenos, english cottage cheese, goat cheese, (mexican) salsa sauce; perhaps poored into a delicious dish of nachos
- vegetables: chicory, beetroot, ginger, brussels sprouts, parsnip, sunripe tomatous
- Potatoes; always in the form of chips or as second choice croquette fried in italian or greek olive oil
- no rice, noodles or any kind of pastery
- chop choy with chinese duck
- Polish beetroot soup barcz or jurek (sourcabbage with cream, eggs, soussages,...)
- Cheeses: preferrably goat cheeses (feta, goat cheese with herbs), english cottage cheeses and cheddar (medium).

- Grilled or smoked fishes: mackarel, salmon, haddock, mussels, crevettes with garlic and olive oil or soya
- Raw fishes: salmon, trout with wasabi or ginger and soya.
- no baked fishes; steamed fishes are allowed but have no value.‘
- Raw steamed beef with raw eggs, pickles, pickled cucumber and french fries with mayonaise furnished with sunripe tomatous.
- Beers: Bombardier, Peroni, Polish beers such as Zywiec, Warka and Czech beer such as Pilsner, Dutch beer such as Bavaria, LaTrappe and Belgian beers in general.

With these foods, you do not need to watch your calory intake, just eat as much until you are satisfied and that is all.

Next, we discuss the kind of food and beverages suitable for a diet after you are fully clean inside. Then, the spiritual and physical energy flows are huge and the aging process is totally halted. Moreover, you barely still need to eat and the food with the lowest number of calories makes you strong as an ox. We subdivide these foods into cold and warm dishes; mind, this list is certainly not exhaustive but to my liking contains those products of highest value.

- Bavaria 0,0, Radler (of any brand)
- Chocomousse
- Orange juice
- black olives
- Tzatziki
- Sangria with fruit
- Espresso with one teaspoon of sugar
- rollmops
- Haring in dille cream sauce
- Halibut fumed
- cherry tomatoes
- pickled cucumber
- cold chicory with mayo
- sun-dried tomatoes

- Jalapenos
- cooked Aspergus
- Borscht
- Mozarella
- Ice tea without sugar
- bavarois
- hummus, green olives, mezze, stuffed peppers

#### Hot dishes

- Indian dishes (with lamb or vegetarian, no rice but nahn bread)
- Thai vegetarian food
- Tagine
- poached eggs

Once a week, one can commit a small sin: here is a list. A subway sandwich (eg chicken terryaki on bread of Italian herbs and cheese), a Mexican tortilla with chicken or vegetarian, an Argentinian T-bone steak, steak tartar, Chines wok or Chinese food in general for those who like it heavy.

## Chapter 6

# Further Discussion and Elaboration of Concepts expressed so far

In this chapter, we further sharpen our understanding of some definitions and thoughts explained previously. Therein, we came to the conclusion that the most simple theory describing observed psychic phenomena on the first two levels of observation, that is level zero of our eyes, hands and other outer physical bodily parts, and level one of projections reflecting basic thought processes, that is a four (real) parameter strategy projection in the space of alternative thoughts. Indeed, thought processes were shown to be related to sensations of the astral and third eye, heart and belly. To re-initiate the discussion, we made a couple of important agreements on matter of terminology. Actually, we used the word higher spirit in two different spiritual meanings and we shall add a third (which was the original Buddhist) one. The first definition regarded the exclusive influence of a higher spirit on a lower one when being in a spiritual union; obviously, this is not a permanent state of affairs but one which lasts for a “sufficiently” long time. The crux herein resides in the free will of the (lack of outer manifestation of the) lower spirit which has no impact upon the rest of the perceptions at lower levels of the remaining society. This brought me to a second definition which involved free will in a deeper sense. In this vein, human spirits are probably on top of the ladder since they can be heard at any time and speak out freely. The third notion of spiritual level regarded the societal one in the sense of being a spiritual leader above others. In this case, mutual influences can occur but ultimately, it is the voice of the leader which is prominently heard. The first definition starts out from elementary gheists associated to elementary atoms making out (level zero) “matter”. A union between plenty such gheists is then a spirit of level two. Henceforth follow all levels of spirituality; such contract gheists are alive and intelligent by themselves even if there are no level zero, or materialistic atoms to define (but certainly to carry) them. In chapters 1, 2, we went along with the first and second definition and regularly commented upon the impact of the second one regarding the first; especially regarding the free will of human spirits to break out a higher (in the third sense) “contract gheists”. We also developed a primitive language for the lowest level spirits in the sense that questions or issues at any level should be independent from one and another and not to contain any self-reference in order to avoid Russel’s paradox or higher order paradoxes of a similar kind. This was mandatory to keep the mathematical description consistent.

In order to illustrate how subtle such notion of independent sentences really might be, we consider the simple issues “Is Kristien vain?” and “how do you think about the vanity of Krisitien?”. In the second sentence, one usually presupposes that one judges Kristien to be vain and thereby referring to a positive answer on the first issue. This is what one might call the weakest form of dependency, where some answers on particular questions are required (even if they are rather vague or blurry) to proceed with the other one. This is not what mathematicians mean with referral where parts of sentences or sentences as a whole refer to one and another which is a stronger form of dependency. The weakest form could, in this particular example, be precluded, by making the second question complete meaning “how do you think about the vanity of Kristien, given that you deem her to be vanitious?”; in that case the dependency is called clear. In the other case vague or dubious, since the answer might still be “I don’t think she is vanitious at all”. We did not go into that matter in sufficient depth in chapter 2 since were only interested in describing issues or questions in the same mathematical framework and this matter will be dealt with in the utmost precision in the next chapter. Nevertheless, we highlighted already two different kinds of dualities which made it clear how to

extend the language. As an example of subtle the precise definition would be, Kristien might still be called to be vanitious in some aspects of her personality whereas vanitious might refer to the full personality in the mind of the beholder. Hence, we arrive at the bitter conclusion that contract gheists are always intuitive and should be concluded upon by a mutual (golden) spiritual handshake where one intuitively feels how far words and thoughts carry but one is never ever sure to the end. It is the same in mathematics with the quantors, there exists and for all, those can only be intuitively captured. Spoken and written language certainly constitute a worthwhile exercise from the developmental point of view since it allows for abstraction and deeper comprehension, but only so for “simple” things such as mathematics and physics and not so for complicated human affairs where too complex and vague thoughts or intuitions play a role. Nevertheless, as before, we shall be formalist as much as possible, but beware of the small pitfalls.

To wrap up this chapter, we clarify some slight misunderstandings which might arise from the formulation of the definitions in chapters 2,3. There, we defined definite profiles as those associated to normal (in the mathematical sense) decision operators, meaning one is able to say more or less precisely with arbitrary precision what the person’s thoughts about the issue at hand is or at least dub the shortcomings in his or her own view in a precise enough way. White decisions regard precise renditions of the personal reality at hand whereas complex profiles can accurately express their uncertainty or doubts regarding their personal knowledge about the potential reality of the issue at hand. Indefinite profiles are those which cannot express their personal vision on the matter. We argued in chapters 2,3 that nature tends towards definite profiles excluding thereby (anti-) Swithchoriems (or (Jewish) Egyptian snakes) as a tenable psychological state of society in the long run. Finally, on longer timescales, white should be an attractor given that classical Boolean logic prevails in the human psyche and is the liberator of humankind. Indefinite profiles are without psychological color whereas all definite profiles have a particular color such as green, purple, black and so on. Also, we discussed that each spirit can only capture changes regarding its own reality and that the perception of the outer world is a mere hypothesis (solipsism). In more detail, the inner sensation of each spirit is absolute although the interpretation thereof projected to the deeper denomination of the associated reality may vary in time. For example love is love but the meaning of it may vary depending upon ones age, experience and mood. The physical interactions with the outer world are relative and do not require a divine class of reference systems (which is an other argument for the general spirit behind general relativity apart from the one provided before in chapter 2). A measure stick is and remains a convention and originally identical physical measure sticks may ultimately differ if their path in spacetime is different. Therefore, units should be defined from physical configurations and be renegotiated sufficiently many times requiring conformal invariance (or at least a dynamic field regarding the locally isotropic speed of light) of the gravitational interactions if the vierbein would have the interpretation of an infinitesimal unit length, which is a slight comment upon the approach taken in [1]. We also commented in chapters 3,4 on the astral image of the person (which is always gold shiny); the latter goes out of the body at the instant of physical death and shortly thereafter vanishes out of spacetime. The bodily spirit is chiefly black or white (as the divine or canonical dichotomy regarding the full persona settles in the moment of highest emotional tension) and disappears in the earth or goes to the sky respectively. After all copies of astral images of a persona vanish out of spacetime, the memory about the former person gets gradually erased from all physically living inhabitants who knew about the former person’s existence unless the recollection is temporarily brought back in another way. This implies that memory of living creatures is psychic and sustained by the presence af astral copies of the persons in question. In the next chapter, we make our study of abstract reasoning about semantics more precise. We shall not engage into the discussion of psychological images such as archetypes or images studied by Jung; that is by far a too complex matter to capture in an exact or abstract fashion at this moment in time and I refer to the latter author for any reader who is interested in a documentation of the observations at hand as well as some suggestions towards its appropriate interpretation. Neither shall we engage into a discussion of the unconscious mind, albeit that can be studied at level one of the psyche practically by means of (chiefly level one, meaning simple) “spy gheists” and “sleeping gheists”, given that this also is not within theoretical reach currently. From the behaviorist point of view, I am certainly not in favor regarding a naive classification scheme of psychological types such as the thinker, the doer, the introvert or extravert to name a few. I believe all these traits to depend upon more simple, rather determined, inner and outer interactions of the mind of the persona with the environment and science should progress in a much more prudent way to reveal the rather simple truth about those issues. All classification schemes are therefore rather artificial to my mind and it is better to rely solely upon the first three levels of spirituality, that is 0,1,2 in order to give the most respectful treatment. However, humanity has its small edges and seldom

resides in this high form of respect towards one and another, in particular regarding the therapist-patient relationship where the latter -and also the former, to some lesser extend- are still “salops” often displays a mandatory amount of disrespect. Therefore, Jungian psychology is a high class Swiss export product. As a matter of therapeutic guideline, clarity of thought and expression thereof- even when (maximally) twisted- is a sign of internal peace and happiness which are sensations related to the upper profile regarding the issue at hand. One henceforth feels like lukewarm or cold water as the Chinese people usually do who are in mainly in their level one “aquarium” (as Luchino Visconti used to tell of Maria Callas, “C’est une grande qualité, admirable.”).

## Chapter 7

# Mathematical Description of contract Gheists and higher Issues

Previously, we dealt with a set  $S_1$  of so called primitive issues which satisfied the following criteria (a) it is maximal in the number of meaningful sentences (b) the sentences are of logical nature implying that they have a unique interpretation (c) each sentence is irreducible in the sense that it does not contain a logical sub-sentence. This is not by itself sufficient, we need to be more precise and think about a basic vocabulary to construct such sentences; in particular, the most basic vocabulary is the one of psychic actions and the result thereof attached to a gheist (of level  $n$ ) (acts regard things such as observing, thinking, analyzing, feeling, radiating and the corresponding results are observations, thoughts, analysis, feelings, energy loss) supplemented with gheists themselves which are usually partially delineated by means of nouns such as kidney, brain, body as well as a family of three dimensional colored pictures) and words such as why, how, what, where (the verbs to do or to be may be added but we skip them since they are redundant from an interpretative point of view). These attributes are personal to a given gheist, since two persons may have a different picture of Karens ass. The nouns refer to compound gheists of a certain level, as defined previously, and manifest themselves as a spatial, three dimensional shape. Herein, it is important to recognize that these gheists ask several (pointer, meaning independent) questions at (possibly equal times); one such question which occurs the most frequent is one associated to the way they project their own body. This is a complex matter and depends upon the fragmentation of the gheist in question into independent sub-gheists (meaning those who have not a single particle, or level zero gheist, in common) as well as their interaction with the nearby environment. Moreover, it is very well possible to meet someone who has common attributes regarding the person I deem to be Karen, with a picture of her in mind, and I can still distinguish her from my Karen in one way or another. Not all spirits have a peculiar spiritual function, for example a part of the liver may have no well defined actions related to it. Obviously, given a certain spoken language, these criteria determine  $S_1$  completely. Henceforth, language or cultural inheritance, determine ones psyche to the utmost extend (which opens the door for the tower of Babel). These considerations allow one to define inductively the set of level  $n + 1$  issues  $S_{n+1}$  as the maximal (in the number of meaningful sentences) set satisfying (b) and containing precisely one sub sentence belonging to  $S_n$  using words or equivalent sentences in  $S_n$  only. Note that I said words and not basic words given that a sentence at level two may define a new word added to its vocabulary (at level two) and so on for higher sentences/words. There is an ambiguity here, which is important, and we refer to the former definition as type I. Type II is henceforth defined in a similar way replacing the last criterion by the condition that each sentence in  $S_{n+1}$  is irreducible in the vocabulary or sentences of  $S_n$ ; this criterion is obviously weaker than the one defining type I. We shall come back to this distinction in discussing the notions of truth and justice. In that vein is a Type I level  $n$  sentence given by  $n$  relationships and  $n + 1$  primitive words in the given order. Type II sentences belonging to  $S_{n+1}$  are then characterized as a primitive sentence in the vocabulary of  $S_n$ . We shall come back to this distinction in discussing the notions of truth and justice. Moreover, it is rather impossible in a free world to ask what Karen thinks? since it is rather difficult to perceive what another person thinks and this is definetly a level one sentence. In an interacting world, you may hear thoughts which are conscious to the person to a certain extend by means of radiative processes but certainly not more than that. Another way to realize this is to make a spiritual agreement in which every thought up to a certain consciousness level is (consciously) heard or not by the other person. Next comes What you imagine Karen thinks? and this is a level two sentence since it refers to a reflection

about what you presume Karen to think when you have no (conscious) perception about it. Finally comes how you respond to what you imagine Karen thinks? which is a level three sentence and constitutes the basic idea behind the social harmonization process. I insist upon this definition as opposed to how do you respond to Karens perceived thoughts (which is a level two sentence) or how do you respond to Karen (which is a level one sentence). The last option is too brutal since Karen is far too complex and extends beyond our senses. The second one is unrealistic since what you perceive is maybe not aligned with how she truly feels since she may mask her deeper desires. The first option is the most inclusive one since it typically depends upon perceptions and experience of cohesion of her perceived thoughts by the observer. As we shall study later on, the psychological nature of social interactions is founded upon three principles: harmonization, (classical) truth and justice all of which are rather subjective and the objective benchmark is defined by the democratic average in some divine metric system within some demarcated community (city or village or kanton). So, as mentioned previously in chapter 2, the definition of black and white as well as the Schwitchoriem ground state all remain the same but the interpretations (implementations in reality) of the various eigenstates may vary although their color (real number) remains identical. Interpretation regards a vague linguistic feeling which is impossible to capture exactly and remains a subjective affair. Henceforth, mathematically speaking, harmonization, truth and justice are three mathematical objects whose pure states (in a generalized sense) determine the pure, well defined, and precise, form of those capacities. It would be worthwhile to figure out the algebra behind those operational objects, just as we did for the heart, belly and third eye energy centers in chapter 4 so that uncertainty relations could be uncovered. For example, a state of perfect harmonization may be rather vague regarding truth as being in peace with one and another requires some amount of slimey slimey, also dubbed diplomacy by some (few) good politicians. Therefore, it is not that easy to define the general value system harmonization + truth + justice but it largely remains an intuitive affair; you feel when you did something wrong and what a fair punishment is (maybe even physical death). Truth is a level one sentence regarding type I or II linguistics as it regards analyzing (or analysis of) observations. Opinions may vary upon such analysis so that truth is a dynamic (locally democratic in the appropriate range) quality which builds up historically and is settled by means of psychic vote; that is why science should be global affair always given that it regards the most basic understanding of the simplest of observations. However, the means behind the conquest of truth remains classical logic and nature has foreseen into that; it is build into the spiritual dynamics by the creator himself and this shall never ever change. Justice is then again a level two sentence as it requires an action attached to a some (locally) democratically gained notion of truth (the appropriate penalty for some crime). However, here, as we shall study later on, nature has set some benchmarks and the notion of justice is not entirely free either (just as truth is not). Truth and justice require a conscious intellectual effort whereas harmonization largely happens unconsciously and autonomously in the mind. You just feel it although this is partially also the case for the first two qualities. We finish this chapter by elaborating upon some mathematical implementation of those linguistic ideas as well as a further description of contract gheists giving rise to the appropriate tensor product between elementary perceptions of individual lower gheists. In physics, such contract gheists are called Bose and Fermi and those are the only two in the nature (at least to some good approximation) of stupid elementary particle physics.

As a recollection, we described previously the psychology of level one sentences by means of the dichotomy conservative-progressive and considered the unique linear Schroedinger representation by means of a canonically defined Hermitian conservative operator  $X$  and an anti-Hermitian progressive operator  $P$  obeying the Heisenberg commutation relation

$$[P, X] = 1.$$

Other dichotomies were defined by means of linear combinations of  $P, X$  preserving the commutation relation but not the adjointness properties. The respective group of transformations was  $SL(2, \mathbb{C})$  or the universal cover of the spacetime Lorentz group of special relativity. Finally, within a dichotomy, you have to choose one or the other end which was called a profile; those profiles which were connected to the conservative operator were called upper whereas those connected to the progressive operator lower given that they tend for destruction whereas the former are constructive. The dynamics of the choice of profile was encoded into a normalized complex choice Weyl spinor. The idea behind higher level sentences remains the same with that difference that one cannot start any longer from a pure dichotomy given that your reality (conservative) may depend upon the decision (profile + choice) at the lower level which may be complex or not even definite (meaning not sharply defined or corresponding to a non-normal decision operator at level one). There is a very satisfying uniformity in the description here given that the decision operator at level one is determined by two complex numbers which leaves for an uncertainty of one complex number regarding the anti-pole position

giving rise to a parameter space of  $\mathbb{C}^3$  instead of  $\mathbb{C}^2$  where the first two complex numbers are certain and the remaining one uncertain and subject to some probability distribution. However, the anti pole does not play any part whatsoever and one needs, regarding primitive sentences of type I, to define an inductive procedure which is for example “analyse this issue” where the word issue has been added (instead of observation for example) and the new issue operator is of the type

$$Z_1 \otimes Z_2 \otimes \dots \otimes Z_n$$

and in case all  $Z_i$  are normal the corresponding eigenstate is of the form  $\Psi_1 \otimes \Psi_2 \otimes \dots \otimes \Psi_n$  with the associated text a concatenation of texts where the second word in  $X_i$  is replaced by  $X_{i+1}$ . It is worthwhile to comment here upon the respective profile matrices which must constitute a subgroup of the upper triangular matrices of  $2 \times 2$  blocks given that there is a certain logic in a level  $n$  sentence due to the fact that the considerations about action or primitive realizations at place  $j$  depend upon all those at places  $k \geq j$ . The usual commutation relations for  $n$  issues need to be replaced by the more stringent

$$[W_1 \otimes 1 \dots \otimes 1, [1 \otimes W_2 \otimes 1 \dots \otimes 1, \dots [1 \otimes \dots \otimes 1 \otimes W_n, Z_1 \otimes Z_2 \otimes \dots \otimes Z_n]]]$$

commutators and their standard values for  $W_i, Z_j \in \{X_k, P_l\}$ . The reader verifies that above conditions define a group.

Remains to formalize principles behind contract gheists as well as other dualities in nature apart from those arising from the canonical conservative-progressive duality-dichotomy. Regarding the sexual nature of as well the spirit as well as the body, we proclaim the existence of a Hermitian sex operator  $C$  where the sex conjugation  $\hat{C}$  is defined in the usual way by means of the Lie bracket

$$\hat{C}(Z) = i [C, Z^\dagger]$$

mapping Hermitian operators to Hermitian operators given that change of sexual quantity is a kind of impetus or revolution of the spirit. The meaning of this formula is that a suitable “woman” or more general, an attractive partner regarding the particular subject and choice operator, is one which rotates (softens) by choice of  $C$  the spirit in question (or “her man”) which has drawn the sword regarding his decision on a certain issue; she is the peace keeper by sex for example. This implies that a pure woman’s choice operator is determined by means of the contract she has with regard to her man (or men in general since her free will is little more than the choice of her male partners, the contracts and the games she plays). Her game is one to acquire as much power as possible by playing the devil-deamon; she is at best a seductress and deceiver and at worst a complete destroyer. Her energy is determined by means of her man and her vagina her weapon/sacrifice. A genuine men always wins and almost never sacrifices whereas male deamons are prepared to die for their cause. A woman is in the middle, but completely unhappy without the presence of male devils or even white men since” she is by nature as such that she needs entertainment. A dynamical aspect of the theory is that  $(\hat{C}(P), \hat{C}(X))$  constitutes the female white-black duality as God is a male (the father) and therefore we started from the divine point of view. Mathematically, everything is fine as  $\hat{C}(P)$  is anti-Hermitian and  $\hat{C}(X)$  Hermitian. Further restrictions are imposed by demanding that the latter formula equals  $(\tilde{C}(aX, bP)^\star)$  for  $Z = aX + bP$  where  $\tilde{C}$  constitutes a  $2 \times 2$  matrix of the shape

$$\tilde{C} = \begin{pmatrix} a & ib \\ ic & d \end{pmatrix}$$

where  $\star$  denotes the complex conjugation of the spinor defined by means of the Hermitian conjugate of the operators, an operation which preserves  $X$  but changes the sign of the impetus (or progressiveness)  $P$  - indicating thereby that females are conservative in the opposite fashion of a revolutionary male- to  $-P$ , and  $a, b, c, d$  constitute real numbers causing for mixing of values attached to the male realities. Therefore, in the case  $\tilde{C} = \sigma_2$  (where  $\sigma_2$  constitutes for the charge conjugation in theoretical quantum field theory and our formula on the right hand side is nothing but the ordinary charge conjugation for complex spin  $\frac{1}{2}$  Weyl fields up to unitary phase) which is the canonical case, a white female must be described by  $-i$  times the male impetus operator. The reader verifies that charge conjugation is equivalent to  $C = B$ , the Belly operator, which is attached to the question “do you want to increase your internal energy level?” Indeed, when being attracted in physics, two particles renormalize their mass by a positive amount: an electron bound in an atom is heavier as a free electron is. Maybe, this increase in weight brings some inner peace explaining stability of

atoms and why the electron does not want to (rebelliously) escape. So far for the psychology of the electron which mainly seems to ask two questions: (a) how energized am I (what is my eigen-mass)? and (b) do I want to be heavier or not?. We shall come back to this in more detail in chapter 13.

In general, consider  $C = aP^2 + bX^2 - ic(PX + XP)$ , then

$$i[C, X] = 2aiP + 2cX, i[C, -P] = 2biX + 2cP$$

so that

$$\begin{pmatrix} \widehat{C}(X) \\ \widehat{C}(P) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2c & 2ia \\ 2ib & 2c \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} X \\ P \end{pmatrix}$$

where we have rewritten the entire transformation in a linear way. The determinant of the above matrix equal  $4c^2 + 4ab$  and the reader verifies that in case of the Heart, Belly and eye this equals  $-1, 1, 1$  respectively meaning that a woman of the Heart is equivalent to a negative male protagonist-antagonist pair and that therefore, the antagonist and protagonist inside that woman, bring her down (indeed, she is in permanent conflict with her love and opposition for that man). This is not so for the Belly and Eye, where the internal personalities are peaceful. So, the question now is, given that Woman can be compared to men by means of a profile transformation, what is it what makes a woman a woman and therefore attractive to the male although the equivalent male is not! In a conversation, one does not only consider the subject and the point of view taken (choice operator) but there is also something as the mode of communication, the way of saying it. That is the voice, its color which is something different as its vibration spectrum, and intonation all determine the character of the impression. Many woman sound like men in these days and henceforth they are also treated as such. On the other side do you have females with a soft, sweet seductive voice with the smell of j'adore and revolt from those characters is much easier accepted as those of a man or a manlike female. Indeed, their opposition is seen as comical, funny, stimulating whereas in case of a man, such attitude is easily dismissed as obnoxious, idiosyncratic and draining. Finally, what makes then how we connect to a woman? During a conversation, one (unconsciously) looks at the chest and pants so that one usually likes physical female aspects of the reproductive or sexual organs. The choice of  $C$  is provided by means of a kind of maximal historical attraction (the male penis wants to conquer any woman) something which is hard to define precisely and a matter of personal taste and strategy.

In a marriage contract  $M = C \otimes 1 + 1 \otimes C$  regarding a certain issue  $X$ , where one partner takes decision  $Z$  and the other  $W$ ; we have that, upon engagement by the first partner

$$E_M := ZW + (ZW)^T$$

where  $T$  denotes the transpose and not the Hermitian conjugate and  $E_M$  is the evaluation operator (whether it is positive or negative). Therefore, a marriage contract between an engaging male and sex dual female depends of course upon the  $C$  operator. Of course, the latter is a real linear combination of the heart  $H$ , eye  $E$  and belly  $B$  operators provided for previously. Before we proceed with working out some cases, let us note that the sex duality ascribed above is a straight or classical one where each partner behaves in the way he or she really is. Of course, in modern times, there is a lot of faking and partners pretend towards one and another by means of a twist operator  $U$ . Such twisted sex duality is for example given by

$$\widehat{C}_U(Z) := i[C, UZ^\dagger U^\dagger] = \tilde{C} \begin{pmatrix} aU^* X U^T \\ bU^* P U^T \end{pmatrix}^*.$$

Loads of modern nations choose for such twisted kind of marriage. The reader is now free to investigate the marriages based upon the straight sex duality and draw for appropriate conclusions; a detailed expose of this exercise shall be given in a forthcoming publication. Finally, a contract operator is not all there is to a marriage contract; there are also constraint rules applying to the state itself. To formalize this, it is useful to introduce a doubling operator  $\Delta^C$  assigned to a male state  $\Psi_M$  decomposed under the sex duality operator  $C$ ; in case  $C = H$ , we have a discrete spectrum and

$$\Psi_M := \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \Psi_n^C$$

followed by

$$\Delta^C(\Psi_M) := \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \Psi_n^C \otimes U_n(\Psi_n^C)$$

where

$$U_n : \mathcal{H}_n \rightarrow \mathcal{H}_n$$

is a anti-unitary operator. More details follow in a forthcoming book.

As reality shows, a white male and female partnership causes for a balance between progressiveness and conservatism something which causes for a predominant conservatism in nature as well as an upper character from both points of view given that the white males spiritually dominate at the highest wickedness scales given that they are the most precise (or classical). Of course, this kind of reasoning must be understood at chiefly levels two and three and beyond of the psyche given that white female notions of harmony, truth and justice are diametrically opposite to that of white males. At levels 4 and beyond, where higher intellectual conversations take place, requiring classical logic, her state will change the most to that of the white male although he will slightly adapt also in her direction. At levels 2,3, the male notions of truth, justice and harmony will become slightly more complex as they were white in the very past and now Schwitchoriem at present in Belgium as the Female stirr causes for (mainly un-)reasonable doubt (again, the notion of reality we have used so far regards an infinite precise classical male one - in other words we have the equivalences white male = classical and white female = quantal). From level 6 onward, she will fully become black female and weaken therefore the white male (father), she later on bends to the white male reality. In order to compensate for this, her sexuality changes also a those levels (and that of the male also slightly, but way less and asymptotically towards higher levels nothing). This is a good thing as infinite precision is required the more lengthy sentences become otherwise utter confusion captures the mind and the latter becomes indefinite so that the person dies at that level. Henceforth, by these very considerations, one must be careful about the pure dichotomy male-female given that this can differ from level to level and white masculinity (or black femininity) prevails at the highest as level (as it occurs in a black-black marriage). In the usual view of a dichotomy by means of charge conjugation, is rather normal to expect that  $\tilde{C}^2 = 1$  and that moreover, regarding  $C$ , we work in a tensor product of the defining representation of  $su(2)$  only. We shall not insist however on this in the sequel as sexuality may be quantal too which is certainly the case for natural she-males and hermaphrodites (irrespective of whether  $\tilde{C}^2 = 1$  which may be imposed upon as a kind of involutive principle). For further details regarding this issue as well as ideas regarding spiritual contracts, the reader is referred to my old publication [4] which contains some mathematical errors in the construction but the clever reader is invited to correct for those. For further information regarding spiritual marriages, we consider the dynamics of a pre-dominantly white male - predominantly white female relationship as starting point. Predominant refers here to the delicate fact that sexuality is something which pertains to each level of the psyche and moreover indicates that the person at hand chiefly has this characteristic at levels 0,1 of the psyche, that is the physical and lowest spiritual level. Intellectual females tend to the white male decision operator at levels 4 and beyond of the psyche which is equivalent (in a weaker form as a kind of rebellion against ones own sexuality) to  $-i$  times the black female decision operator. Indeed, a person who is male at those levels is more at ease and less (negatively) mentally energized as the progressive female is. Moreover, equally intelligent predominant white (at levels 0,1) females are more in position to grow intellectually as an overall white male is as they are rebellious in nature and chiefly submissive to the white male from the male point of view ( $-iP$  as decision operator). Hence, such top-class intelligent predominant females are the best suited as worldly leaders. Coming back to the evolution of such white-white relationship, nature shall progress in a way as to make the relationship less tense meaning that the leading female will less oppose her conservative husband intellectually whereas keeping her sexual appeal at levels 0,1 in the long run. The white appearance of the predominant female shall mainly change at levels 0,1 and rapidly evolve towards a black psychic color on the skin and upper layers of the muscles; this allows her to grow physically as well as mentally making her less attractive temporarily to the white male but allowing for more renunciation in the heart and soul which creates a deeper value. The white male shall adapt way less and shall become more black-redish psychically in those bodily parts which shall again enhance mutual attraction but make him slightly weaker physically at least what regards those sub-gheists and not in the mind of course. To compensate for this weakening, he will create female breasts physically which are much more forceful and white in the end as the male breast is and therefore becoming a white she-male and henceforth an even stronger creature at levels 0,1 of the psyche what regards those outer sub-gheists. During this period, the

predominantly female partner will develop a small penis which creates more physical strength as the female breast does and therefore not only reinforces the white woman to a white dick-woman but also closes the gap in physical strength towards her then becoming she-male husband. This even stimulates for more attraction at those levels (0,1) as does the classical male-female dichotomy and allows as a back reaction for more renunciation at levels 2,3 which concern societal engagement and cause finally for a complete peace.

To end this discussion, one might question what role character of the persona plays in the physical constitution of a person. Those male with an exaggerated sense of honor (French nose) and "Wille zur macht" (imperialistic drive) are black at the lowest levels of the psyche whereas this is white for the female. The most liberal males are white and they are usually also the most forceful spirits although many white females (at levels 0,1) exist who are quite forceful overall as well. Interesting, but dangerous characters consist of white females at levels 0,1 who are (male or female) green (snaky) at levels 2,3 and white male at levels 4 and beyond. As a final piece of information, liberal men are like water whereas black men are like fire and precisely the opposite for woman.

## Chapter 8

# Psychobiology

### 8.1 Evolutionary Psychobiological Facts

In the first few years of your biological life, everything is sharply connected to the persona or the identity governing all sub-gheists of your bodily parts; In that vein is control over your body very conscious which explains why gymnasts and ballet dancers are in optimal condition around the age of nine. At birth, it is rather difficult to take control of your muscles and the muscles themselves are not developed enough spiritually as well as physically in order to enhance that control. Past the age of twelve, all bodily functions become more autonomous in the sense that moving around becomes an almost unconscious act with less central control over the individual parts. This is a kind of social individualization process of your bodily parts something which also reflects itself psychologically when you start to detach spiritually at level one from your parents and social environment; in Jungian psychology, this idea is captured by the realization that becoming one's true self is the goal of life and leads to a full filling and blissful state. Indeed, the older one becomes and the more all spirits grow and settle in the respective bodily parts, the higher the autonomous psychological interactions become automatically inviting one for higher intellectual adventures at the level of the persona at a later age. This means that the body gets largely immune to vehement psychological attracts at the lowest levels and that the spirit reacts in a higher fashion. Also, the body becomes stronger as the sub-gheists, of say the cells, organs and muscles become more autonomous and spiritual. These lower interactions can be switched on or off consciously by means of *free will* in as well the receptive as emissive sense (a physical one way mirror). It is just so that the receptive part largely vanishes automatically and not the emissive one when growing older. *With higher spiritual interactions, you can almost do anything you like, you may lie, deceive or remain silent whereas low level spirits are always responsive and honest.* This is largely exemplified by the interaction between adults and their children where the latter spiritually stick to the former and the latter barely feel or see it whereas the former do have a more clear picture and sensation. Also, as a consequence, the body becomes more stiff and astute as gymnastics and ballet are by no means desirable activities at a later age, they torture the bodily parts indeed. Therefore, a maturing body is much stronger and fitter as it grows older unless some malfunction in the harmony between the sub-gheists arises. This is mainly due to problems with the central gheist or persona who manages the entire body as a bad monarch does with a state. Healthy habits such as appropriate food, yoga and mindfulness as well as contemplation, introspection and Jungian psychotherapy reduce the probability of such (temporary) effect. Therefore, a person has two tasks in harmonization to keep a long (maybe infinite) and full filling life, that is to profile himself in an appropriate spiritual fashion towards the society in which he engages and thereby not paying a substantial cost regarding his inner life. He or she cannot be devoured in this outer-inner duality problem, otherwise one grows old which is a process of mentally and physically burning up by means of an increased physical temperature which shows itself primarily by a blood red face which is wrongly interpreted as due to shame about ones actions and feelings. As a consequence, a white appearance (skin) is probably too aggressive as is a black one as it reveals a too pure attitude towards the environment as conservative and revolutionary appearances are not desirable. The reader may ask himself what it means for the skin to be as such; this is a matter of electromagnetic interactions or the way it deals with incoming (chiefly) physical sunlight. White is rather reflective meaning that it creates a slight aggression for the third observer, black is the most absorbing and therefore too hot to handle for the black person himself (that is why negro's sleep during the day even in physically cold countries) whereas yellow is the most reflective one as sunlight itself

is chiefly yellow and photons scatter maximally on the same color. Ideally a skin is (normal) brown as it is soft for the eye and invites for social contact; secondary is a color such as grey which is more unstable as it is not of pure frequency whereas normal brown has a very tiny bandwidth to my knowledge. Not having such a color does not necessarily imply that you have an unsatisfactory interaction with the environment, this depends upon more general facts. However, the interpersonal physical distance is larger in such cases; it is a matter of fact that Latino's or north Africans are amongst themselves the most social persons in the world and flock together in bars, restaurants and dancings whereas this does barely exist in China and rarely happens in central Africa and Northern America.

The fact that children are so open spiritually has benefits as well as disadvantages; from one hand it allows them to experience the environment in the most brutal way so that they are forced more or less to adapt or to withdraw into a rather solitary world (autism, ADHD and so on). Therefore, the child needs the stability of a loving family and the persona needs to be in line with both parents. In these days, children with an upper profile are made numb spiritually to blind them for the filthy environment; this is so in most parts of the world (except for the German speaking countries or Spain as the only Latin exception). Nowadays, the world has become that of the ground state of the (anti-)Schwitoriem (which is the same) or a state close to that one causing for a psychic war between black and white since this Gaussian state is the same for both profiles as the Fourier transform of it is again the same one. Black wants optimal rebellion and projects down on a state close to the uniform one meaning there is no life or momentum any longer, the perceived and inner experienced world is stagnant. Regarding the white perspective, it is rather vague and totally cold resulting in the fact that white persons become "Vampires" and predators at least when they are awake psychically. The Schwitoriem and anti-Schwitoriem are therefore almost psychically inactive and black, when it is aware of its psychic abilities, attacks everyone including their own kind whereas white has been put asleep nowadays by means of a gruel system. The reader shall understand later on, when we shall speak about natural spiritual justice, that this policy is a deliberate one to sustain the Schwitoriem (snake/deamon) empire in the mind of religious and political leaders (as well as academia).

We continue the discussion by making some further comments on the qualities of the body regarding the (negative/free) energy level of the spirit. In chapter 4, we discussed that free spiritual mass must be negative something which is compensated by a positive radiative energy field (since children radiate psychically much more consciously during the developmental phase, this requires a higher positive energy consumption explaining why they have to eat and sleep that much in comparison to an (early) adult). Obviously, this negative free energy is compensated by an increase of positive physical energy. Therefore, the stronger (in absolute value since its free energy is negative) the spirit grows into the body, the heavier (in negative orientation) the spirit becomes in standard units of a kilogram whereas the physical body increase in its mass in positive orientation. Apart from the weight increase, the body requires energy in the form of mechanical labor (as measured by level one persona gheists, dubbed as material gheists) but this kind of consumption is inferior to the increase in physical weight. Now comes an apparent paradox, a weight scale is a rather primitive psychic being or "machine" so that it barely feels spiritual interactions at level one. A human, on the contrary, feels his own weight very differently; its weight sensation regards the sum of all spiritual masses (including the physical or zero level) as well as the mass interaction terms between those levels. Roughly speaking, you feel light as a feather when spiritually developed even when your physical mass on a normal scale is 165 kilogram as is currently the case for your humble servant. Gravitation, in the Einsteinian sense, largely appears to follow the concept of positive physical (level zero) mass and not that of negative spiritual one giving rise to a chaotic universe whereas the higher psyche renders it extremely stable even, perhaps what the ultimate fate of the sun is concerned; perhaps the Chandrasekhar limits, regarding the lifetime of the sun, are totally wrong in the end and the sun may burn forever.

## 8.2 More general Considerations about the Physical Human Body

In this section, we shall elaborate upon the basic functions of the intestines, blood and muscles of the body. Ideally, all intestines (apart from the brain) are spiritually not mandatory from the highest spiritual point of view which is impossible to reach as nobody ever gains access to the absolute Nirwana. For example, it is well known that during your sleep, it may happen that you breathe once every two or three minutes. When

consciously awake, considerable exercise can reduce the number of rather shallow breaths to three with a maximum of ten per minute. This immediately begs for the question of why the lungs are necessary. This is equally so for the stomach and liver; when in a totally elevated state, your food gets digested in the mouth through the palate which is energetically much more favorable than the stomach is. Poisonous material gets deconstructed spiritually before the liver even becomes active so that the spiritual poison exits the body chiefly by the throat or urine without any further ado. Regarding the heart, it is currently thought of as a mechanical pump of the size of a fist which is obviously a totally preposterous idea. The heart normally is a chiefly physical (electro-) magnetic engine (akin to an electric car motor in these days) and the blood as well as the arteries are magnetically polarized which is the real cause for the propulsion of blood through the body. Since the heart is not a mechanical pump, it does not need to squeeze at all but as a healthy electrical engine, it is rather stiff as well as fairly thick. Actually, as far as I currently realize, the heart is not mandatory at all and blood propulsion through the arteries is all one needs. If this were the case, there would be no mandatory clock in the brain giving impulses to the heart for contraction given that magnetic propulsion is a permanent state.

Regarding the breathing mechanism of the body, one notices that the belly expands first causing for a slight mechanical expansion of the chest so that the lungs, which are again of magnetic polarization expand by means of electromagnetic interaction with the chest muscles causing for a very weak decompression in the lungs so that air enters the mouth cautiously up to the upper part of the throat. It is blatant nonsense that gasses, including oxygen ever enter the lungs and from thereon diffuse by means of a gaseous substance selective mechanism into the blood. It is rather evident by means of thermodynamical considerations that the inhaled air does not even reach a small distance beyond the throat. Rather, oxygen goes through the nose straight to the frontal cortex of the brain where our consciousness and third eye resides. This is why the front part of the brain is greyish to white since it harmonizes with the white transparent color of di oxygen. In a spiritual state, it is not even necessary to use the pump function of the lungs but oxygen rather naturally flows through the nose electromagnetically. So what do the lungs serve then for, moreover? The answer is that they serve for breathing out meaning that all toxic gasses emerging from chemical reactions according to the background (mainly physical) electroweak field are carried by the blood to the lung blood vessels and diffuse into the lungs. This implies that there are far more gasses de breathed as inhaled; amongst them are carbon dioxide and di nitrogen. Therefore, oxygen as well di nitrogyn, which is supplied to the muscles, is inhaled through the skin by means of penetration through the outer parts of the muscles as well as the upper blood vessels, causing for circulation in the remaining parts of the body and almost not into the brain. The organs barely need oxygen but are supported electroweakly (far more spiritual as the muscles are). Finally, the eyes are mixed psychic (of level one astral/psychic)-physical so that eyesight becomes rather naturally blurry and vague within a spiritually dirty environment, at least so for clean spiritual eyes. Glasses, therefore, block the spiritual eye-sight.

In a previous publication of this book, I made the reader attentive to the fact that upper profiles are more classical, meaning precise, and lower profiles more quantum mechanical, meaning more vague. Mathematically, this translates into the fact that the inner structure of an upper (compound) gheist (of level  $n+1$ ) obeys spiritual laws regarding the attraction between its constituting members (of level  $n$ ) with a smaller Planck constant and henceforth smaller Bohr radius regarding a white atom given that the sub-gheists beneath are those of the electrons and the nucleus who also attract each other electromagnetically at an intermediate level between level one (electron) and level  $N$  (nucleus) subgheists if the nucleus were to consist out of  $N$  nucleons (protons and neutrons<sup>1</sup>). This implies that psychically white hydrogyn is smaller (on average and with a smaller fluctuation in distance herefrom) than psychically black hydrogyn. However, as mentioned previously, psychically white gheists (possibly of different primary levels) attract less (at least what males are concerned and not so for females) than lesser profiles do. Henceforth, ignoring lower (psychic or material) interactions between lower magnetically polarized atoms, say, these more compact objects will have a higher inter atomic (or molecular) distance implying that the space between them is more filled up with electroweak (radiative) energy (psychic at all levels) which has a plus sign in the Hamiltonian, creating for positive mass. Henceforth the effective physical mass per unit volume consists out of all electroweak mass (at all levels of the psyche), which is considerably larger for white matter than for its black counterpart) as well as the level zero mass of the constituting matter itself (which is lower). Experience shows that the electroweak energies contribute in a decisive way as to make the less dense white matter of the same volume much more heavy as its black counterpart, at least when the higher flesh gheist is still active. In case it is not, the effective weight

shall be less as is the case for a rose beefsteak on your supper plate in contrast to a deep red one which is more dense and terse.

We finally discuss the matter of genetics. I am not a specialist in this matter but it seems rather impossible for two strings, with bridges attached to, combine on those bridges to one combined double string. Rather, I am convinced that the bio-spiritual information content of the male sperm and female egg are in a state of permanent harmonization where inner conflicts can arise and rapid cycling between the different characteristics of all parents can occur by means of the persona of the child as well as its sub-gheists. This is even visible physically especially when the body of the person carries astral images of other persona (as a kind of co-habitant) where unstable persona with a complex inheritance and/or intrinsic nature can suddenly change of physical, especially facial, appearance. Such a reality also leaves for the possibility of multiple fathers as well as mothers whereas traditional genetics does not allow for this to occur. In my opinion, this is a lethal error of the traditional theory.

Since we have discussed so far that basic (level one) psychic interactions are electroweak in nature and the entire body is governed by such principle; it is only natural to propose a magneto-therapy to cure for diseases. Either this therapy is induced by the patient itself, possibly by consuming drugs (cocaine, opium) to enhance the psyche or it occurs by means of external agents. In the latter case, it is highly advised to wear pure golden bracelets or necklaces which provide for muscular strength, physical and psychic calmness/peace and energy to cure out the body. In a way, it works way better than radio or X-ray therapy does. Also diadems with green or red rubies implanted in them provide for mental stability and tranquility of the mind. As a matter of general advise, in order to remain healthy, it is of primary importance to show good conduct, be honest, caring and show affection. Be like a cooked aspergus in social interactions and be perceptive without resistance. Let the music of life flow towards you and simply be sensitive without thinking consciously about it, let everything flow unconsciously.

## Chapter 9

# Planology, the Housing Market and Sociology

Planology regards the science of locating persona in the right kind of house and immediate social environment whether it is in a city, a small or mid-size village or on the fields or a in a forest in all solitude. This is in particular of importance when children are born and the first level psychological interactions are not under sufficient control yet and children fight other children psychically and not so much grown-up adults who are sufficiently in the flesh. Obviously, the right kind of spiritual environment is in the first place beneficial for the youth but also grown ups prefer to harmonize instead of shutting off psychically from the surroundings (creeping into the “aquarium”) as the latter provides for a natural spiritual peace and well-being whereas the former is rather lonely and not very satisfying at all. To enhance the socialization process instead of shutting off, several low spiritual interactions with low physically solid persona are highly beneficial. In particular are the right choice of stones of your mansion, material of floor tiles, wall decoration, carpets, types of wood of furniture, tissues of bed covers as well as clothes and so on of ultimate importance. I have already stressed previously that also the right kind of food and drinks as well as the proportions thereof are of high importance. I refuse to give away the data regarding all these issues which are chiefly of level one in the psyche. The worldly realization of this idea is embedded into distinct cultural entities which have gradually become more and more corrupted in all parts of the world, meaning that the food is not of the right local kind any longer, in the apparent eyesight of an extreme and un realist as well as Evil imperialist coup regarding mundialisatation creating thereby one uniform human race by means of large formalist power structure (such as the EU) which have little or none spiritual significance but are merely seductors by worldly means such as the ding ding ding. Countries which mostly resisted this demonic trend are Great Britain, Switzerland, Turkey, Iran, China, Russia, Belarus, Belgium, France, Spain, Poland and Austria to my knowledge at least (I apologize to those other countries who feel that I do un justice to them for not including them into the list). I invite the reader to discover all these things by him or herself and visit those countries as they kind of represent all of humankind on this globe. Regarding religions who have still dealt wisely with this knowledge, I praise in decreasing order Buddhist, Shintoist, Anglican and Jewish, old Catholic and Muslim where I have left out all others which I deem to have acted in a demonic fashion. Professional advice and assistance regarding some of these matters can be gained at Jungian psychologists, old fashioned tailors as well as well trained dietary specialists and dermatologists.

## Chapter 10

# Natural Justice following from Spiritual rules about Societal Engagement

As explained three chapters ago, societal interactions are based upon personal notions of harmony, truth and justice. Obviously, one must find an environment where those personal notions are as white or divine as possible. Indeed, one may start from an inherent notion of truth whereas harmony and justice are impossible to define in complete isolation and it is an inherent societal concept. Truth about ones own body may arise from introspection but unfortunately in an otherwise empty space, the body will in general not survive for a long time so that truth here may be an idealized concept just as the absolute zero is in thermodynamics. Obviously, truth is connected to ones own spiritual state as something hard for one person may be soft for another one and the laws of nature for a human may be hard to capture for frog. Nevertheless, in the end, this a matter of semantics and if frogs and humans would learn to speak the same language and translate observations into one and another, they would agree eventually on the same laws. However, the time span required for this is way too long and both species would not have the necessary patience to carry through this exercise. Indeed, such exercise is already painful enough between humans of different culture and race and may take hundreds or thousands of years to complete. We are all confined by our senses and only divine reasoning could help in making genuine progress; in that sense is Einsteins theory of relativity and more in particular its extensions to higher geometries a really better starting point as Newtons vision ever was. I deem flies also capable of logical reasoning as rats or birds often show more strategic skills as most humans do in order to escape from a cage. So maybe a mathematical discussion between birds and humans may be possible one day in the future,  $1 + 1 = 2$  remains an Arab matter of agreement. So, as said before, every spirit has something divine, that is his senses of well being an appreciation wheres classical logic is also universal. The specific interpretations of those states associated to those sensations differ of course; for example a happy communist sees things differently as a happy capitalist does. The communist may feel appreciated and strong in Russia but unwell in America even when his or her initial internal bodily states are appreciated in the same way. His body would become weak in the united states whereas in Russia he might have the appearance of a strong bear. See for example to Arnold Schwarzenegger during his youth in Austria and his later life in California. Certainly, the more flexible the spirit is, the less he will be vulnerable to such effects and Ra, the Egyptian deity, as well as Bastet, his wife, will be positive as ever in both countries as inherent force and health is based upon harmonization skills arising from mutual understanding and this requires intelligence and goodwill both being higher skills than feeding and breathing are. Mind that this notion of high has nothing to do with the levels of spirituality as explained previously but are more capacities of a moral and intellectual nature, things which can be enhanced by stimulating the upper nature (as characterized chiefly by means of local interactions in the immediate physical surroundings which are dominating the time span of our daily activities) of not so talented spirits by means of good societal organization so that personal notions of justice, truth and harmony synchronize in the immediate environment on reasonable timescales so that the exercise of truth and justice is not too painstaking. In that vain are naturally chosen local (in some spatial metric sense on a scale of a dozen kilometers) spiritual leaders always the most talented ones

regarding intelligence, respect and goodwill, which is a form of respect.

Concerning feelings are good and bad the most personal ones; in order to engage into society, one must surpass those primitive personal attachments to some extent, otherwise no relationships can ever be founded. In order to do this, one must use a language whose meaning by means of association through synonyms is as good as universal; again, there is no strict universal definition of understanding here, the only one which can ever be given is by means of observing that one uses the same synonyms to describe the meaning of the word which remains largely an empirical and local affair. Nature has foreseen that in the psyche, there exists a basic set of words wherein this reference by means of synonyms is almost univocal thus allowing for a decent conversation. Therefore, I prefer to use simple words and language since everybody can at least logically understand what I am talking about irrespective of whether they deem it to be true in their mind or good or evil. Only through patience and careful adaptation towards one and another can at least the notion of truth, which is at level two psychically, synchronize irrespective of whether one naturally harmonizes with those people regarding less primitive issues. Experience shows that such skill at level three (regarding level one sentences, including therefore all mathematical ones) is mandatory to create room for success at level two of truth, at least on those things which really matter such as mathematics and objective sciences. Therefore, the Devil, in the old Catholic sense of the word, is the best person suited to accomplish this task as he understands how to harmonize, which is the best form of (also sexual) seduction and therefore creates goodwill for intellectual adventures. In that vein are the most spiritual men the Devil and (locally) intelligent woman are the best suited to advance (the same local) society when encountering the Devil. Henceforth, (locally) intelligent women are the best suited as worldly leaders whereas the most spiritually gifted creatures will always be Devilish males on the appropriate length scales. Indeed, intelligent woman (according some suitable spatially metric scale) prefer to feel well (in those surroundings) whereas a lack thereof (on those scales) provides for inclination to destruction since they do not properly understand that surrounding. Hence, intelligence is also, at first sight, a relative concept and a universal definition thereof would require something as intelligence in most surroundings but then again, the world most is susceptible to interpretation. Only the devil is intelligent in all surroundings (on earth) which is the only universal definition possible for universal earthly intelligence. But again, only (locally) intelligent woman are the first to be convinced of another concept of truth whereas men are usually much more sturdy herein. They want to hang the Devil since sexual attraction regarding their spouse vis-a-vis the Devil naturally follows from mental wickedness through mutual spiritual agreement. Again, the use of simple language is crucial herein as well as the right topic of conversation is. For example, to an attractive farmer girl I shall not speak about global politics but more about the wicked radishes on the fields; the chances for procreation success henceforth only increase in that fashion. The Devil knows all too well that woman get not only get excited by means of agreement on intellectual topics which are in her reach of proper understanding, but also knows that blatantly insulting her regarding her stupidity on other issues results in a wet vagina. Therefore, it is always mandatory to find a suitable mixture between appreciation and wicked insults in order to have a sexually flourishing relationship. Too much agreement makes you only into a mere friend whereas too much insults offense. Hence, sexual intercourse is a means to tame the Devil and conquer him which regards the inherent mental inter relational truth between men and woman and is mandatory for a successful marriage. Even sexual overplay by the male ((or female) partner is tolerated by females (males) and even found stimulating and, moreover, experienced as a reason for more inter marital sexual intercourse as long as the other partner does not exaggerate with his or her emotional commitment towards the other sex toy of course. To help the average male, wicked signifies that you use the female logic regarding the topic at and and use the latter in a ridiculous example to reach a logical contradiction ad absurdum; therefore, you do not directly offend her (which you may do afterwards in a loving way you stupid woman) but show you are her intellectual superior.

The naive picture of God, on the other hand is a male invention, one of absolute truth, morality and justice which are nothing but means to tame woman who are on average much more adventurous as males are. Lets say that if the population of males has a density distribution of wickedness which is skew to the right (higher on the tales of highest wickedness) females are more Gaussian distributed but with a higher mean as males are. Therefore, there is an considerable portion of males which do not know how to stimulate even the simplest of females (assuming there are as many males as females) but the proportion of male gigolos is too low. Henceforth, society should contain substantially more females than males allowing for the male gigolos to have more than one woman, at least what regards sexual intercourse, in order for each male to find a suitable female of almost (slightly less) the same wickedness. Therefore, God is also the Devil, quod

est demonstrandum (what needed to be proved).

Regarding the sensation of justice, which is a highly personal one and needs to find sufficient agreement with the local appreciation of justice on a scale of a small community up to a large city, one must notice that it does not only arise from a (personal, communal) concept of truth but that the equally important (on the same level) concept of harmonization (on a communal scale) is of crucial importance in determining the penalty for a logically established crime. Ultimately, the punishment for a crime (this notion follows from logic and connects very weakly to harmonization which is not a rational affair) depends primarily upon harmonization factors (something which translates into the feeling - and recognition thereof- of guilt -at least in the communal concept of justice- ) with the judge and the victims. However, nature has foreseen that the concept of a judge is not mandatory at all, although it might be desirable for higher or moral reasons in order to prevent the death penalty. Indeed, theoretically, it would seem possible to punish someone psychically regarding a personal or communal (if the punishing person is in a communal gheist of sufficient purity<sup>1</sup>) crime spiritually with the mind. Although, such idealistic thought would presume that some kind of hostile spiritual infiltration inside the body of the offender would occur on demand of the offended one leading to the bitter conclusion that even your liver knows the distinction between good and evil and cannot or does not want to defend itself when evil is done some idea which goes completely against the notion of survival and an optimal constitution. Therefore such theories are blatant nonsense; it is rather so that the soul, which always upholds the divine truth, revenges itself upon the persona when the latter committed a foul act. Now, the issue of remorse is a different one, it begs for the persona to rectify his mistake. By absence of doing so, he or she will get sick due to his or her divine soul punishing off the persona; the soul is beyond control of the persona henceforth. I presume that physical disease or even physical death could result from this; in this vein acts current medicine against the will of the soul by cleansing organs without psychotherapy. I am of the opinion that each moral and cultural jurisdiction is subjective to the natural one; never ever could, in theory, a formal judge punish a psychic death sentence even if this goes against the local notion of morality. Ultimately, as explained previously in chapter 2, the real notion of democracy is a psychic one and not a formal one of titles and decorations (army medals or medals of honor like the “legion d’honneur” in France or some knight order (order of the Thistle) in Great Britain which were initially fine some thousands of years ago but have become totally corrupted nowadays).

# Chapter 11

## Epilogue

I hereby reflect upon some recent unfortunate events in history resulting from the higher (statistically correlated) distinct traits in the psyche visible at level one and two of the psyche corresponding respectively to “do you feel repulsion or attraction on arbitrary distance scales?” or “how does this person radiate in your opinion?” on the one hand or “does this deamon stink when he approaches you spiritually?” which is of level two (and indeed one perceives a sharp stench which becomes more dusty when he or she stands still). The distinct traits are one of destruction or weak declination at the best emerging from an inadequacy in logical thought about society (one does not know how to deal with it) as well as a correlated immense sturdiness and low acceptance, if none at all, of any other person even of the same cultural background. Such attitude results in the demonic construction of a fake kind of imperialism and slavery of all people of good will as is nowadays the case (black-purple-red way of acting which apparently rules) whereas in the 1930 tie’s in Nazi Germany and also in Spain and to some lesser extend in Italy, Adolf Hitler tried to get rid of the stench and dirty outlook as well as the sleazy clothes and Evil behavior (old fashioned white-brown-green method of dealing with those issues). Indeed, lower colors reflect in the flags such as the one of China which is mostly red and a bit of yellow which is a fairly bright predisposition for an upwards culture but is small proportion and a slightly downwards attitude for the overwhelming majority of the population. This has reflected itself also during history where the royal family was rather distinguished and secluded from the rest of the population with a refined sense for harmony (through isolation which is indeed the yellow social way of dealing with things) whereas the common population was red as blood is, rather sweet, egalitarian and ordinary field or factory workers. More recently, since Mao took over and the Imperial family vanished, the flag should have been replaced by something entirely read just as communism and all large political apparatus are red at the very best, except for great Britain regarding the commonwealth, but that is more a pact between countries with their own laws, except for the position of the Monarch, rather than the usual form of an Impere. Indeed, the flag of Great Britain is rather special, it is equally read and blue which signifies equality and liberty which constitutes rather a lie given that the is the least free (modern slavery) society in Europe with the most elitist system (Monarch, house of Lords, house of commons in that order of importance reflecting one family, 5 percent of society and the remaining 95 percent in particular). Therefore, maybe the stripes are not straight but diagonal which is usually the symbol for liars and comedians and the Brits are indeed as such. They want to appear the most free and liberal and do everything to upkeep that image of themselves but deep down are precisely antipodal. Elizabeth Windsor was in that vain very British in the end indeed, but not so much at in her youth. The current choice of colors in Germany (black, red and yellow in equal proportion) which were installed by Bismarck and co at the unification of the Germanic states and Kingdom does not reflect those of Adolf Hitler which were chiefly green, brown and white in that order, a complex mixture which politically results in the third Reich; henceforth green must have been his first color given that Germania before 1850 was predominantly brown (artists and good scientists/architects), red and white where the last two colors were chiefly used by German nobility in their weaponry in equal proportion, something which is a society of God and farmers or workers (German “pigs”), which resulted in the political structure of Kreisfreie stadte with a rather weak or no central control. I deem red, back and yellow in equal proportion as colors of social engagement (which is also the case for the Belgian flag but then vertically instead of horizontally) to be an unacceptable state of affairs for a country as it reflects demonic powers (black), equality (red, imperialism) and aggressiveness or brightness (yellow, societal solitude) something which has been realized in Belgium and is a matter of dispute currently in Germany which has a much more volatile historical track record. As a way out of this conundrum I suggest for a flag with three horizontal

bars, representing societal engagement, with colors brown, red and black together with a white triangle in the middle containing a bright yellow sun wrapped by a blue eagle, herewith representing the mean inner core values of German citizens. Similar comments apply to the former Soviet union which was socially red and where labor in factories and fields caused for happiness and brightness (socially). The current Russian flag has modern social values of the French republic in the same way as Germany is to Belgium; such change of affairs in such a short time period is untenable. It is therefore better to suggest for a classical Soviet flag with a large brown ellipse in the middle containing, as a symbol of personal life, a white triangle with a green-blue eye and yellow devil. Switzerland is the most devious country as it knows how to genuinely tame its imperialistic nature by means of the white cross where the cross means respect, humility and wickedness (it is a cross with two equally long bars and not a long-short bar as is the case in Catholicism). Indeed, Swiss society is rather egalitarian (and extremely well off) but very clean and steady (it did barely change since centuries since it is white at its central core, meaning ultra-conservative which shows in its unique banking system, gold and diamond trade and rather Swiss architectural style which is not grandiose but is rather similar to that of the French Parisian style, at least in the old days of Enlightenment). So, they are snitchers-Imperialists sheltering from the rest of the world but trying to conquer it through wickedness, which is a positive thing. Vertical bars reflect the rebellious nature (black at levels two and beyond) whereas Horizontal signifies laid-down or conservative (white at levels two and beyond). Other analogies regard fire and water and indeed the Swiss are equilibrated in that respect at levels two and beyond just as the Chinese are at level one (regarding white-black) and likewise for the Jews who also put themselves into an aquarium for higher reasons than that of the skin by means of suitable clothing and the keppel (Arabs also have a similar form of social conduct). I invite the reader to carry on this analysis towards other (European) countries. My aspiration of this book is to stimulate the reader to accept that, given this complex multitude of colors as well as distinct orientations of the bars (upwards, horizontal, diagonal) is to consider the Chinese approach of societal conduct to a large extent which predominantly is one of sitting into one's own aquarium at level one of the psyche, a guideline which is diametrically opposite to the current policy of the political elite which results in demonic chaos and machines such as the EU and the court of the Hague. Systemically, I advise the old Swiss political system (which is between that of old and Hitlerian Germany and not the new one) with Jungian psychology and the very best of asylums (wrongly dubbed psychiatry in the low countries).

This book, in some sense, can therefore be seen as a manifest towards global sanity which also reflects into its style being one of a gathering of mathematical precision mixed with the very best traditional views on psychology and "religious beliefs" signifying those which are the closest to the natural laws of the psyche as explained in full detail into this book and as was already implemented in old Egypt some 7000 years ago by means of the Maat. Henceforth, books written by, amongst others Friedrich Nietzsche, Voltaire, Rousseau and Adolf Hitler amongst others I do not know of can be seen as wicked satiric as well as vitriolic (especially regarding Nietzsche and Hitler) can be seen as honorable attempts to partially uncover the rules of the Maat emerging from strong disgust and dissatisfaction by being emerged into political systems which do not respect truth (Nietzsche, Voltaire), harmony (Hitler, Nietzsche) or justice (Voltaire/Rousseau). Symbolically, the worldly benchmark of politics may be represented in my wild dreams (maybe they will become true shortly) by a Swiss flag with three green stars (even wilder would be if the color red would be replaced by blue and green by red, maybe in the foreseeable future?), the one of the church being in a minimalistic scenario represented by the current Japanese flag (a far better and advanced choice would consist into the French flag with three yellow fleur de lys and a green Egyptian snake on the white bar above the fleur de lys) whereas the one of Academia resembles mostly the Philipphine flag but then with two horizontal equally sized bars colored red and blue as well as a central white equilateral triangle with a bright yellow sun printed upon those bars. In the old Egypt, the colors were blue, yellow and white in some particular order which changed progressively (more blue meaning less slavery) over time. Let us finally forgive the aforementioned souls for those brutal crimes as a reaction upon far more sleazy crimes. The remaining demonic powers should realize themselves in a brown fashion at large cultural temples such as opera houses akin the opera house in Bayreuth or the La Scala in Milan; even gladiators fighting crocodiles may come back or amphi-theaters in the ancient Greek fashion would serve for this purpose very well.

I shall be very brief here: the quest of this book is a noble one, to engage in a truly profound understanding of the very basic characteristics of human communication. Alas, the practice is ugly as hell and higher thoughts creep in the dynamics such as "der Wille zur macht". I can only affirm that Nietzsche was right on the ball in his "between good and evil" and "Also sprach Zarathustra". To say it bluntly, surely you are not going to

tell me that justice does not comprehend that psychiatry and psychology are total bullshit?! Everyone sees this at first glance! There are no mental diseases, just expelled and rejected spirits because they simply are the way they are.

Indeed, it appears to me that things such as ego, vanity, jealousy and “der Wille zur macht” constitute the main source of humanities problems. I deem the very noble cause of trying eliminate those and improve upon the situation is unfortunately a lost one. However, nature is as such that the higher the first lower profile resides the more rigid the Maat has to be interpreted and more flexibility is allowed for the lower profiles given that they are less wicked. The thing we have learned in this book from a purely mathematical point of view is that the safest and by far easiest solution is to force people into individualism, to abandon the social workplace as it stands now and promote work from home. Even the current form of schooling should in my mind be discussed given that specialized interactive education packages exist which do allow one to obtain a good education without the need for going to class. The very best scientists in the past have provided for the very possibility for such a world to exist: factory labor is largely not required any longer given that most processes have been automated by machines. Office work can easily be done on a distance and the gifted researcher might have no business at a university office; he or she can interact by means of the internet with alike minds. Conferences are in my opinion crucial for academia, but then in a novel sense, where things are discussed thoroughly and the gathering is not overwhelmed by means of nonsensical lectures. The only places where people should flock together and socialize is in the sports club, the church and maybe, once a week, in a bar or good restaurant. Of course, some elementary public duties need to be carried out, such as the community workers picking up your garbage or the bus or train driver to operate his vehicle; but all the rest can largely be done from home. In this way should politics be completely revised, social pillars should cease to exist and practicality should be the new ideology. In other words, life should focus again on family, a couple of friends and God; maybe not in the theological sense but in the spiritual one which I have outlined in this book. Work should be meaningful and encourage innovation and creativity, there should be more artists, scientists and musicians. People would, I believe, be better off in this way and be mostly under control. Indeed, police and justice which constitute in a way complicated social professions, would have far less impact and prominence. The duty to go to church once a week and to engage in a spiritual life should be written into the constitution. In this way, wise people will govern the system and not technocrats or so called specialists who are currently dangerous as hell. As long as real science does not understand those very basic and bad emotions which lead to the utmost forms of cruelty, I believe this solution to be the human optimum. In that way can I tell you that Jesus wanted too much, it is not realistic to proceed as such; maybe it can be in the future at least what concerns his so called forgiveness or acceptance of heretics. Finally, regarding politics and in general all professions of worldly power in society which, if they survive at all in the future, have to be cleanly separated from one and another by means of a sharp sword in order to prevent for the most demonic of conspiracies to realize over a time-span of hundreds of years; it is worthwhile to remark that demonic behavior at levels 5, 6 or maybe even 7 of the psyche is in general harmless and even serves in a beneficial and positive fashion for lower level demons to upgrade who subsequently become far less violent on normal timescales of minutes, hours and even days. Those persona are of the highest esteem at the national level and serve well as long as no ultra or supra-nationalist entities are formed and, moreover, when they are replaced on sufficiently short time scales (of a few decades) out of their official capacity of worldly power. Nature has moreover foreseen that demony at higher levels gets scarcer and scarcer so that ultimately such conspiracy would be doomed to fail. But again, why take such risk or consider such complexity if nature has its own, much simpler, way to provide for a more or less egalitarian society from the point of view of the total psyche?! This is all I have to say about this. Amen

# Chapter 12

## Exercises and further Investigations

- Investigate the transformation behavior of the male (anti-) Schwitchoriem under the classical male-female duality transformation.
- Investigate spectral properties of white or black female profiles and draw the appropriate behavioral traits regarding those (see a previous version of this book).
- Investigate the existence and/or uniqueness of the  $C$  sex-operator attached to the classical  $\tilde{C}$  sex-duality.
- Construct representations for the sex-operator allowing for multiple genders.
- Convince yourself that the formalization language for mental images or archetypes is identical but requires a more complex gheist at the molecular level as a spoken sentence does (biological origin).
- Quantify and qualify in more detail the dynamics at level one as explained in chapters 3, 4.
- describe several distinct (at the level of chacras) Fermi/Bose marital contracts and attach those in case of the sex-issue to a classical hetero/ homosexual relationship (see a previous book of mine on the matter [4]).
- Consider the decision operator  $Z = aX + bY$ , show that  $Z^H Z = ZZ^H + (a\bar{b} + b\bar{a})1$ . Calculate the general spectral decomposition for  $Z$  normal and show that those are all of the form  $Z = a(X + ibP)$  with  $a \in \mathbb{C}$  and  $b \in \mathbb{R}$ ; also, in case  $a = 0$ ,  $Z = cP$ , with  $c$  complex, is normal. More in particular, show that in general the eigenvectors are of the form  $\Psi_k = e^{i(x-k)^2/2b}$  and thus independent of  $a$  for the normal case and all those have a continuous spectrum. Reversely, show that any non-normal case  $Z^H Z = ZZ^H + r1$  allows for a Heisenberg pair  $P, X$  to exist such that  $Z = aX + bP$  with  $r = a\bar{b} + b\bar{a} \neq 0$ . Obviously, any finite dimensional normal operator does not allow for such Heisenberg pair given that the commutation relations require an infinity of dimensions. Remains to investigate the spectrum for the energy operator  $Z^H Z$  in the non-normal case meaning  $a\bar{b} + b\bar{a} \neq 0$ . For that, consider the ansatz, for  $c = \frac{b}{a} = d + ie$  where  $d, e \neq 0$ ,

$$\Psi_k(x) = P_k(x)e^{i(x-s(k))^2/2e}.$$

The latter results in

$$Z^H Z \Psi_k(x) = k \Psi_k(x)$$

and the reader verifies whether for any real  $k$ , there exists precisely one complex  $s(k)$  and one conformal class of (entire) analytic functions  $P_k(x)$  such that the resulting  $\Psi_k(x)$  constitute a generalized orthonormal basis. Henceforth, we conjecture that in this case the entire spectrum is continuous. In

case  $e = 0$ , the spectrum of  $Z^H Z$  is discrete and of the type of a harmonic oscillator with frequency  $|a|\sqrt{d^2}$  and suitable ground state energy. It is of interest to consider those profiles where the protagonist  $a$  is the annihilator of the antagonist  $a^H$ ; that is  $Z = a$  and  $P_Z = a^H$  obeying the algebra  $[a, a^H] = 1$ . This results in  $Z = aX + bP$  with  $r = a\bar{b} + b\bar{a} = 1$ . Demanding moreover that (a) the spectrum is of discrete type (meaning that energy sensations come in discrete packages, a digital world without a continuous analog transition which is much less brutal and sophisticated; note also that all definite types are analogue which brings us back to the conclusion that the snake kingdom is one of absolute violence in a world without knowledge of reality (a complete oblivion)), implying  $\frac{b}{a} = d \in \mathbb{R}$  and (b) the cost of the creation-annihilation process equals the frequency of the mental free energy  $Z^H Z$  (as an harmonic oscillator) imposes furthermore that  $d = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$  and  $a = e^{i\theta}$ . This leads to the interpretation that the remaining degrees of freedom for the Jewish (and Egyptian) snake are that of a circle which is well known into mythology as the sign of the Urobuos.

- The reader notices that the anti-Schwitoriem ground state has a similar Gaussian distribution regarding the white male and female point of view (the Fourier transform is identical) meaning that both have the same appreciation of reality. As mentioned previously, this kind of reality is hard on everyone with an analogue mind/senses given that the latter undergo and adapt to the spirituality of the snake state (sound, view) which is painful and drives them crazy given that the latter is too hard or discontinuous upon them (for example, a preferable white ear aches under digital, metallic sound). Digital people, with snakes amongst them, love it which is in their good right; unfortunately, digital culture has overwhelmed society in these days which constitutes a violent act against the overwhelming amount of analogue people. It is worthwhile to look at the higher energy eigenstates of the anti-Schwitoriem energy operator, which are nothing but the Hermite polynomials times  $e^{-x^2/2}$ , and study those from the white female perspective by taking the Fourier transformation, which is obviously the same. The Hermite polynomials obey the differential equation

$$\left(\frac{d^2}{dx^2} + 2x\frac{d}{dx} + 1 - m\right)H_m(x) = 0$$

which is not provided for by an Hermitian operator (it lacks a factor  $\frac{d}{dx}$ ) but the original equation is (anti) self-dual under the Fourier transformation (meaning it transforms to minus itself). Much more interesting is it to study the Fourier transform of the Laguerre polynomials defined by

$$\left(x\frac{d^2}{dx^2} + (1-x)\frac{d}{dx} + m\right)L_m(x) = 0.$$

The latter  $L_m(x)$  obeys

$$\left(i\frac{d}{dkk^2} + (1+i\frac{d}{dk})ik + m\right)L_m(k) = 0 =$$

and is henceforth not of the same kind. Look for a decision operator of the kind  $X + cP$  with  $c \in \mathbb{R}_0$  (if it exists) such that the eigenstates of the corresponding energy operator are unitarily equivalent (by means of unitary transformations associated to an unbounded Hermitian operator formed by  $X, P$  only) to those of the respective equivalent (third order) Hamiltonian in which the Laguerre polynomials factorize out in all eigenstates (clearly, this is impossible for the original energy operator as the Laguerre polynomials obey a differential equation with three successive operators  $X, P$ ). Obviously, such candidate Hamiltonian is given by

$$\left(\left(x\frac{d^2}{dx^2} + \frac{d}{dx}\right) - \frac{1}{4}x + \frac{1}{2} + m\right)(L_m(x)e^{-\frac{x}{2}}) = 0$$

for  $x \geq 0$  with general boundary conditions in 0. A better characterization is obtained by going one dimension higher and work, ab-initio with a two dimensional white variable space. Concretely, consider the operator

$$-\Delta_2 - \frac{(m+1/2)}{r} + 1/4$$

with  $m$  a positive integer and  $r$  the two dimensional radial distance; then, it is well known that in polar coordinates the kernel equation reads

$$\left(\frac{d^2}{dr^2} + \frac{1}{r}\frac{d}{dr} - \frac{l^2}{r^2} + \frac{(m+1/2)}{r} - \frac{1}{4}\right)(e^{-r/2}R_{l,m}(r)) = 0$$

where the factorization  $e^{-r/2}L_m(r)e^{il\theta}$  has been understood in the  $(r, \theta)$  flat half-cone ( $l$  clearly is an integer). Clearly, putting  $l = 0$  and multiplying by  $r$  gives the desired equation

$$\left(r \frac{d^2}{dr^2} + (1-r) \frac{d}{dr} + m\right)L_m(r) = 0.$$

Henceforth, the Laguerre equation can be seen as due to a two dimensional (scalar) particle of charge 1 interacting with a classical nucleus of charge  $+m$  and coupling constant one. The reader notices the factor  $1/4$  in the potential which serves to eliminate the constant radial repulsive force of  $1/4$  due to the second derivative. So, we must take a sector and eliminate one quantum number (a kind of Hopf-fibration). So, the Laguerre polynomials can be retrieved from a  $U(1)$  interaction between two choice fields here (a composition of two Weyl fields, one in the left and the other in the right handed representation, gives a Dirac spinor along a classical world line and henceforth a potential, personal, mass term) of charge 1 and  $m$  psychically given that the kinetic term is negative as explained in chapter two (in particular, one looks for solutions of the gauge field in product form a radial Coulomb function multiplying the  $\gamma^0$  matrix. Note also that the simultaneous rotational invariance of the momentum pair and position pair constitutes a symmetry transformation of the commutation relations). The reader is invited to work out the details.

- We provide for more comments upon a universe which is close to that of the snake; as mentioned in chapter two, such a universe regards the free communal benchmark and is therefore a good realization a-priori of the natural social justice system. However, as we pointed out, the individual dynamics of a person tends towards the definite type and a snake lives in oblivion. The snake universe also has as a benefit that black and white experience it in the same way, although a slight asymmetry in favor of male white is desirable. The problem which we highlighted with the present situation is that the communal snake universe has imposed supplementary rules as to lure individuals into becoming snakes. This is a straight disaster as snakes have little or no steady notion of truth, nor feeling for justice (respect for all parties involved) and little or no feeling for harmony. Hence, the Maat protests which is the reason why snakes are unhappy and become ill physically most of the time; indeed, modern medicine carries the symbol of the snake, which originally meant that medicine was there for snakes (the reverse therefore of the contemporary situation where all doctors are snakes and patients anything but snakes). Characteristic of snakes are flattery, weakness and laziness. As the reader realizes, contemporary society has taken away the gusto, or taste of life which results in laziness and weakness is being preached by the Catholic church for several thousands of years by now; hence, enhancing individual snakelike behavior. This author is disgusted by this evil plot against humanity and has the determination to expose and destroy it!
- For further deepening of the psyche, it is important to consider moral values and not only issues. The former destroy the expected Gaussian information processing of related issues and provide for a direction and meaning in life. The Jungian anima/animus are in my opinion not foundational to the psyche but more a means or strategy to realize ones values taking into account some more objective and calorimetric properties of the psyche such as the (current) intrinsic energy distribution of the psyche resulting in patience (mean inverse frequency) and flexibility (standard deviation) of the mind. Intelligence follows from those as well as the value of respect; indeed, mathematical ingenuity requires patience and therefore low frequency sampling if one is convinced of the sanity of some research topic which may be decided upon at very short timescales resulting in the so-called fast thinkers who immediately recognize whether some idea is bullshit or not. It also requires respect for the rules of classical logic and the axioms and an ultimate adherence to the strictest of policies albeit it starts as an intuitive affair. I invite the reader to think of words which might serve as values as well as strategies to realize ones values. Regarding this author, I have as values well being (yellow = upper profile), respect (white = brotherhood = God = upper profile) and influence (blue = liberalism = upper profile) and anima/animus are more games to optimize those in a given social context. Also, as we have learned before, mixed genders exist and I would not mind having female breasts as well. Regarding Elizabeth Windsor, she had as core value system well being, ruling (red = blood = sweet = socialism lower profile), respect where ruling is a much stronger form of socialization as influencing is, which is more devious and devilish. In that matter, I believe that the ego comes first and society second which is

necessary to lead a full filling life. In order to realize the Maat, it is important that people flock together on basis of those traits so that it becomes a national or regional affair. For example, the Spanish core values are ruling, well being and respect whereas those of the Polish psychology, in one or the other order, is suitable for the entire redefined Belgium, expelling hereby Freud to Leuven and the redefined Netherlands. Unfortunately, an inconvenient characteristic of the Belgians at levels 4 up till 6 at most, is that they are Egyptian snakes and remain as such intellectually for the overwhelming amount of time even if they recognize temporarily that new political and sociological ideas harmonize with their communal moral value system underpinning communal interpretations of the Maat (residing at levels 1, 2, 3 of the psyche). Indeed, they are incapable of the mandatory action to realize these ideas because it pulls them out of their comfort zone resulting in a return to oblivion or their vague old ideas or system even if they know it to be inadequate and inferior. This split leads to inner and outer conflicts and loads of psychiatric problems. They should be put under foreign (Swiss) custody. Regarding the European union and its complexity, I suggest the philosophy of flag with two horizontal bars colored green and deep blue and a central red circle with a yellow triangle within. A more sophisticated and detailed suggestion by a caring reader regarded a flag with three horizontal bars colored white, yellow an red with at green tiny circle in the middle of the yellow bar containing an Ara bird with a light blue head and deep red chest and mixed yellow blue green otherwise reflecting a warm slightly black kind of love with a free and respectful mind and a body which is bright, snaky and free partially. It is noteworthy to understand that the highest psychic powers come with my personal social value system followed by well being, respect and ruling given that those optimize the Maat globally. Finally, it is of use to suggest that red, importance of equality to the self, communism and Wille zur macht are all equivalent in the human psyche. Blue on the other hand stands for negotiation skills, liberty, Will to influence (manipulate at worst) with seawater and air in the high sky (the higher one climbs, the more free one gets) as extreme limits. Red can be mitigated to a lower order of importance by broadening ones mind chiefly through scholarly (scientific) activities and reclusion into a spiritual state (such as primarily Buddhists and Shintoists do as well as old Catholics).

- Finally, we comment upon the most foundational organ, the soul, behind social interactions which allows you to feel how the other person has a certain guilt regarding his or her past actions towards society and in particularly you as well as what he or she intends to say without actually doing so in a language you hear or understand. There is no antagonist here, so that interactions follow a  $U(1)$  theory. The soul is responsible for the tower of Babel which constitutes the intellectual and social manifestation of the latter.

## Chapter 13

# Physics from Psychology and Theology

This chapter contains the psychic laws we need to deduce how nature functions, especially at its most basic level where the laws of physics prelate. Life, as portrayed there, constitutes a permanent study of one's environment with patience, determination, consistency and liberalism in order to interact with all other life forms in the most respectful way possible. In order to reach that stage, one must seek for (universal) truth wherever applicable and leave matters one can never truly grasp respectfully aside and live one's life without asking for too many causation questions emerging from a kind of fear and paranoia towards the world. Indeed, man should be practical, broad minded and profound but not overly ambitious wanting to grasp an entire spirit. As we shall see in this chapter, simple and primitive spirits, meaning level one or two and of basic language, which are here since the birth of the universe obey very complex laws which lose predictability once the spirit in question becomes too complex and deceitful, something which ultimately leads to a plenitude of distinct biological species. So, reversely, it are the natural laws for the psyche which constitute the basic laws for the state; there is no point in making laws which do not make sense instinctively as they usually remain dead letter and the execution thereof leads to an abomination of the psyche. The basic questions of simple spirits are provided by means of three *actions* based upon the concept of energy (or equivalently mass) (a) feeling (b) feeding (c) sex. Obviously, there remains also the existential issue: where do spirits come from? The answer is God and we shall put forwards the divine manifestation rules, that is how God appears. Next, we shall deduce how generations of spirits emerging from the self-interaction of God manifest themselves; all these facts are unique mathematically and allow for genuine predictive biology, psychology, physics and therapeutic means going way beyond current knowledge and practise. Henceforth, we start by the special divine rules first and next proceed with those rules or guidelines applicable to any spirit.

### 13.1 Special divine rules.

These rules are in close agreement with what has been written in the holy bible as well as the divine creation story. They are

- God is unique, in particular he communicates in a unique way
- is maximally liberal, minimal in expression and democratic meaning he proliferates himself with a minimal number of prejudices (rules) and treats everything on par (there are no ab-initio special elements).
- his rules are egalitarian meaning that the equality of two things requires them to be made in the same way (you can't equate apples and pears).
- all life starts from the self interaction of God

That is all there basically is to it, all remaining rules applicable apply to all other spirits as well.

## 13.2 The remaining rules.

- Be (classical) logically consistent in your way of dealing and thinking.
- Be persistent and stick as long as possible to your own truth.
- Become maximally aware, meaning you can explain as many answers - obtained through observations - on empirical questions at a certain level of language, and be as deep as possible, meaning you can maximally deal with increasing complexity (level). This rule is a bit vague as I did not specify a this point yet what to prefer, width or depth. Obviously, it is width, it makes no sense to proceed to higher complexity if one cannot account for *all* known basic facts.
- Unity of person.
- (Social or self) interaction duty.
- Each subject has two sides (with as only exception the soul where both sides are equal); regarding God, the other side criticizes him, whereas he himself, when strongly interacting with himself, remains the same. Strong interactions occur with your usual side, whereas weak interactions occur with your anti-pode.
- Everything in the spiritual world is closed in a maximally symmetric (with respect to the weak interaction, and strong with respect to the strong interactions<sup>1</sup>) metric in the communication mode.
- Every experience of the physical world is based on feeling, feeding and sex, based upon the concept of energy.
- In a dual world is the interaction between both sides neutral.
- Have will-power and love towards each spirit, starting with yourself.

These ten rules have to be supplemented with the Maat (truth, justice and harmony) making a total of 13. In the next section, we shall come to the mathematical consequences of these 17 rules and show that they lead to a unique theory of spirituality where the one of the lowest spirits (dubbed physics) leads to a unique prediction of a candidate available in current knowledge.

## 13.3 God and the real numbers.

We deduct the real numbers starting from unity, which we denote by 1. God has two self interactions, two different sides and two neutral elements. Let us denote the interactions by +, . and the anti-podes by -1, 1 (remember, the other side does not need to be different). Then, by choice,  $(-1) + 1 = 0$  where we choose 0 as the neutral element and therefore  $1 + 0 = 0 + 1 = 1$ ,  $(-1) + 0 = 0 + (-1) = -1$ . Obviously then,  $(-1).1$  cannot be zero otherwise there is no distinction between both +, -. So, therefore, either the anti-pode is the same for the multiplication but with a distinct neutral element  $a$ , or the anti-pode is 1 itself, where  $1.1 = a$  with the neutral element which may possibly be distinct from 1, 0, -1. However, God is unique and minimalistic, so  $a$  must be equal to one those three. So either,  $(-1).1 = a$  or  $1.1 = a$  where  $a = -1, 1, 0$ . Now, the rule says that strong interaction of God with himself remains himself (God is absolutely certain about himself whereas humans tend to doubt) which only leaves for  $1.1 = 1$ . The other options are left for

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<sup>1</sup>So weakness does not influence appreciations whereas strength does.

descendants of the Lord and lead to the Grassmann, complex and hyperbolic numbers. So  $1.0 = 0 = 0.1$  and  $1.(-1) = -1 = (-1).1$ . Remains to determine  $(-1).(-1)$ ,  $1 + 1$  and  $(-1) + (-1)$ . So, we need new rules to proceed which are minimal and egalitarian in number. We could, at this point, close it off and posit  $1 + 1 = 0$  and henceforth  $(-1).(-1) = 1$  given that the former gives  $1 = -1$ . Certainly, this is just one rule, which is minimal but it would be a rather boring world given that God communicates only in two modes whereas we have a whole range of feelings attached to one issue described by many many words. So, this digital world is refuted, equally so for  $\mathbb{Z}_3$  where  $1 + 1 = -1$  leading to  $(1 + 1) + 1 = 0 = 1 + (1 + 1)$  but all in all one has to keep these simple forms of communication for complex human affairs such as a marriage; a “ménage a deux ou trois” like the French say (note that  $\mathbb{Z}_2$  and  $\mathbb{Z}_3$  have to be refuted on basis that they are equal in choice which would make God’s mode of expression non unique). So, 2 and 3 are holy numbers in a way, but not the final answer to the communication of the Lord. So,  $1 + 1 = 2$ , a new number which bears no relationship to the former, three except for  $2 + 0 = 2 = 0 + 2$  and  $2.1 = 2 = 1.2$ . So, we need to determine  $2.0, 0.2, 2 + 1, 1 + 2, (-1) + 2, 2 + (-1), 2 + 2, 2.(-1), (-1).2$  and likewise for  $-2$  which we also have to introduce as well as  $\frac{1}{2}$ . Denote therefore  $a, b, c \in \{-2, -1, 0, 1, 2, \frac{1}{2}\}$  then obviously, the following three rules are unique in the sense that they obey the criteria of being minimal and egalitarian.

$$a + b = b + a, a.b = b.a, a + (b + c) = (a + b) + c, (a.b).c = a.(b.c), a.(b + c) = a.b + a.c$$

dubbed commutativity, associativity and distributivity. Note that those rules are exactly the same as those of set theory itself with  $\cdot$  the intersection and  $+$  the union and 0 as  $\emptyset$  (only 1 does not exist there). Obviously, without any further rule, these considerations lead on to the rational numbers (counter examples are  $\mathbb{Z}_p$  where  $p$  is a prime number and  $p = 0$  is added as a rule, something which would again invoke non-uniqueness). Finally, I leave it up to the reader that 0 is a soul and has therefore no inverse for the strong interaction  $\cdot$  (hint: add the element  $\infty$  such that  $0.\infty = 1 = \infty.0$  and search for a contradiction). The rational number  $\frac{n}{m}$  where  $m$  is a nonzero natural number and  $n$  an integer, are equipped with a total order  $\leq$ , where  $\frac{n}{m} \leq \frac{o}{p}$  if and only if  $np \leq mo$  where here we use the natural order on the integers  $m, p$  where  $m \leq p$  if and only if  $0 \leq p - m$  and  $0 \leq m$  if and only if  $m$  is a natural number build by successive additions of 1 only. Regarding the multiplication, the reader verifies that for any  $q, p \in \mathbb{Q}$  holds that

$$0 \leq q.q, 0 \leq p.q \iff 0 \leq p, q \text{ or } p, q \leq 0, p.q \leq 0 \text{ in all other cases.}$$

Elements  $p$  such that  $0 \leq p$  are called positive and negative otherwise. Define now

$$\|p\| = p, \text{ if } 0 \leq p \text{ and } -p \text{ otherwise}$$

then the reader may verify that this function defines the unique metric we need

$$d(p, q) = \|p - q\|$$

obeying

$$\|p.q\| = \|p\|.\|q\| \quad \|p + q\| \leq \|p\| + \|q\|.$$

The closure (see [2]) of  $\mathbb{Q}$  in this metric is  $\mathbb{R}$  to which the order relation as well as sum and multiplication can be extended.

The reader may now study extensions of the real numbers by means of a single new element  $\alpha$ . Then one can define a new  $\beta$  from this such that

$$\beta^2 = -1, 0, 1.$$

So, our new numbers are of the form

$$a + b\beta, a, b \in \mathbb{R}.$$

To make this into an algebra obeying all previous criteria (assuming a metric takes values in  $\mathbb{R}_+$ , the positive real numbers); the reader convinces himself that only the case  $\beta^2 = -1$  applies with as metric

$$d(z, w) = \sqrt{(z - w)(\bar{z} - \bar{w})}$$

where  $\bar{z} = a - \beta b$  for  $z = a + \beta b$ . In such event  $\beta$  is denoted by  $i$ , the imaginary unit. So, only the complex numbers can serve for children of God of the first generation where one has to think of  $\mathbb{C}$  as obtained from  $\mathbb{R}$  and the (sexual) action (by means of left multiplication) of  $i$  on  $\mathbb{R}$ . This brings us to the alternating algebras  $A_n$  formed by action of an imaginary unit on the previous algebra  $A_{n-1}$  with  $A_{-1} = \mathbb{R}$  and  $A_0 = \mathbb{C}$ .

## 13.4 The alternating algebra's $A_n$ .

Going over from the complex numbers to the alternating algebra's is not necessarily a unique construction, but it becomes unique if you insist that zero divisors remain absent from the construction as far as possible; concretely,  $a, b \neq 0$  is a pair of zero divisors if and only if  $a.b = 0$ . At a given point,  $n = 1$  commutativity has to be abandoned, for  $n = 2$  follows associativity and for  $n = 3$  zero divisors appear (so human sex leads to losses). We have already constructed  $A_0$ , suppose  $A_n$  has been constructed, an involutive, scalar product, (possibly non-associative, non-commutative) algebra in which each nonzero element has an inverse for as well the multiplication and addition,  $A_{n+1}$  is defined by means of pairs  $(a, b)$ ,  $a, b \in A_n$  obeying

$$(a, b) + (c, d) = (a + c, b + d), (a, b)^* = (\bar{a}, -b), (a, b).(c, d) = (a.c - d.\bar{b}, \bar{a}.d + c.b).$$

Obviously

$$(a, b).(a, b)^* = (a.\bar{a} + b.\bar{b}, 0)$$

and  $a.\bar{a} + b.\bar{b}$  is a positive real number by induction. One easily verifies that by choice of  $(0, 1)$ , it holds that  $(0, 1)^2 = (-1, 0)$  and  $(0, 1).(a, 0) = (0, a)$  whereas  $(a, 0).(0, 1) = (0, \bar{a})$  which indeed confirms the idea of left multiplication by an imaginary unit.

In the sequel, we shall be interested in the automorphism groups  $G_n$  of  $A_n$ ; one shows that  $G_0 = \{1\}$ ,  $G_1 = SU(2)$  whereas  $G_2$  is an entirely new 14 dimensional real group. In case of  $G_1$  all automorphisms are inner due to associativity of the quaternions whereas for the octonions ( $A_2$ ) the inner automorphisms, which are still well defined as  $g.(x.g^{-1}) = (g.x).g^{-1}$  even though the octonions are not associative in general (the proof hinges crucially on the associativity of the quaternions), constitute a 7 dimensional real manifold with 1 as an isolated singular point which is not a group at all due to non-associativity of the product. In particular, one shows that all (non-isolated) inner automorphisms are provided by quaternion pairs  $o = (a, b)$  where

$$\frac{\|a\|^2 + \|b\|^2}{4} = a_0^2$$

where  $a_0 \in \mathbb{R}$  is the real part of  $a$ . Those kind of pairs obey the relation

$$\left(\frac{o}{\|o\|}\right)^6 = 1.$$

Furthermore, it is interesting to know that the inner automorphisms generate  $G_2$  as a group. Finally, it is convenient to know that the dimension of  $G_n$  is given by  $n2^{n+1} - n$  so that we obtain the sequence  $0, 3, 14, \dots$  which confirms previous data, also for  $n \geq 3$  inner automorphisms are not well defined any longer.

## 13.5 The standard model and gravity.

We shall prove here that basic physics is the result of basic psychology based upon the concept of energy and the successive application of the actions of feeling, feeding and sex. There is a small caveat here to start with, to feel one's energy is not a level 1 sentence which relates actions to results of other actions, it's a level zero sentence which is related to the concepts of weak and strong. This is another kind of dichotomy as the conservative progressive duality is, but obviously, it is intertwined with it. In particular, regarding two distinct gheists, we had that  $Z_1 Z_2 = Z_2 Z_1$  where  $Z_j$  is any decision operator attached to spirit  $j$  regarding issue  $X_j$ . For strong spirits, the "cock" order does matter such that concerning level 0 sentences, it holds  $Z_1 Z_2 = -Z_2 Z_1$  where only the minus sign is allowed given that no special constants exist in God's world. For weak spirits however, the commutation rules hold. Therefore, logically, there can be no two identical spirits such that the commutation  $PX - XP = i1$  which is equivalent to  $[a, a^\dagger] = 1$  have to be replaced by  $a^2 = 0, aa^\dagger + a^\dagger a = 1$  which translates to two conditions on  $X, P$ . The second relation is there because of the anti-commutation property between distinct spirits so that the anti-commutator holds over the commutator. Regarding strong and weak spirits, the commutator holds, strong spirits do not fight weak ones and leave them into the illusion of an egalitarian world.

Now, we think about a language where more than one issue (question) is treated at once and only one answer is given (possibly on a mixture of the issues). We already partially treated this question in chapter 3 where

we considered the dichotomy matrices attached to two independent questions, something which can be easily generalized to  $m$  independent level one issues, and we did as such in theory but the full algebra's were not explicitly displayed. Now, regarding the choice fields, they are easily seen to belong to  $\mathbb{C}^{2m}$  and therefore, the psychic gauge theory is  $U(1) \times SU(2m)$ . Now, the interesting part is that, in physics, we do not have to care about the dichotomy fields (simple strong spirits *usually* operate in the canonical dichotomy) and either a precise answer is provided for or none is given at all (which corresponds to  $P$ ). So, we are left with the choice fields where in the simple case, a lower profile does nothing (its sedated) and a upper one is active since it is real and prepared to fight (act). Now, in case sentences are perceived as with no cohesion, which does not imply there is none, even the dumbest of people can do something intelligent by mere chance; it is appropriate to mathematically take a direct sum of  $\mathbb{C}^2$  the choice habitat of one level one question. Now, we of course want to include higher level  $k$  sentences and here it is worthwhile to notice that the choice field becomes a complex  $2k$  spinor with a similar Lie algebra. Now, the vocabulary of someone who can ask for questions attached to  $k$  primitive actions is one of  $A_k$  given that we require that any action has an inverse (which does not imply it can be undone due to non-associativity in case of feeding, you can't un-feed yourself) and that the mode of expression has an appropriate positive definite scalar product. The only exception we can allow for is that of a Grassmann algebra in which explicit ghostly actions exist but we shall not proceed in that manner. Now, cohesive language therefore has real dimension  $2^{2n}$  or complex dimension  $2^{2n-1}$  where  $n$  is the number of actions. It is worthwhile to mention that cohesive is not the same as intelligent, something which requires the "right" actions. The principle now is that *physical* as opposed to mental interactions occur on the intersection of the cohesive and non-cohesive language play. This means that physics is entirely determined by  $A_n$  or  $\mathbb{C}^{2^{2n-1}}$  which is seen as the weak form of interaction and the former the strong one. More precisely, we have to look at the  $\star$  and metrical automorphisms of  $A_n$ , provided by  $G_n$  and the metrical linear mappings  $U(2^{2n-1})$  of  $(\mathbb{C}^{2^{2n-1}}, \langle \rangle)$  which are *common*. For  $n = 1$ ,  $G_1$  coincides with the non-abelian part on  $U(2)$  which is  $SU(2)$  so here, the intersection is maximal (just the group itself). Regarding  $G_2$  it is 14 dimensional whereas  $SU(4)$  15 dimensional. The largest subgroup of  $SU(4)$  is  $SU(3)$  and it is a well known fact that  $SU(3)$  is also a maximal subgroup of  $G_2$ . Hence, we have a 7 and 6 dimensional remainder and the reader is invited to work out the algebraic structure of those by using the canonical embedding of  $G_2$  into  $SO(7)$ , something which is all described in the mathematics literature. These remainders are certainly present psychically, just as a copy of  $SU(3)$ , but for simple spirits this is of no importance, they have virtually no psychic interactions at all and are merely isolated in asking their questions. Now remains, at each stage to enlarge these symmetries by  $U(1)$  and taking into account  $n = 1, 2$  we obtain as interaction theory one of  $u(1) \oplus u(1) \oplus su(2) \oplus su(3)$  Lie algebra valued fields. To motivate to the end our definition of physicality, the common automorphisms merely represent the common structure in the mode of thought between totally mindful and mindless. The non-common ones are incomprehensible to the other party so no physical renunciation or repulsion can be based upon this. Finally, the central extension is there as an innocent player which gives the mindless spirits a slight advantage to survive. Finally, there is the matter of reading off the probability for a level  $k$  issue formed by  $k$  actions of  $i_{jk} > i_{jk-1} > i_{jk-2} \dots > i_{j2} > i_{j1}$  where the level zero issue  $i_{j1}$  always appears. Regarding  $i_{jk}$  the relevant quaternion subspace is provided by  $(i_{jk-1}, i_{jk-2}, \dots, i_{j2}, i_{j1} \mathbb{C}, i_{jk}, i_{jk-1}, i_{jk-2}, \dots, i_{j2}, i_{j1} \mathbb{C})$  and the total probability of having an upper or lower profile is just given by the mod squared of the respective complex number in the spinor. Choosing for the upper (lower) profile, we focus on the pair  $(i_{jk-2}, \dots, i_{j2}, i_{j1} \mathbb{C}, i_{jk-1}, i_{jk-2}, \dots, i_{j2}, i_{j1} \mathbb{C})$  (alternatively  $(i_{jk}, i_{jk-2}, \dots, i_{j2}, i_{j1} \mathbb{C}, i_{jk}, i_{jk-1}, i_{jk-2}, \dots, i_{j2}, i_{j1} \mathbb{C})$ ) and consider the relative probabilities of these events in those pairs to determine to which choice the operator  $X_{k-1}$  in the composite decision operator  $X_1 \otimes X_2 \otimes \dots \otimes X_k$  corresponds. Proceeding as such reveals the probability structure of this entire operator. This is the intelligent way of answering a level  $k$  issue where every detail receives consideration. The brutal  $\mathbb{C}^{2n}$  way of answering is just giving one answer without, addressing these  $k-1$  sub-points. We now fill in the details regarding the fermions, number of "generations",  $SU(2)$ ,  $SU(3)$  Higgs doublet and triplet as well as comments upon the representations chosen regarding  $SU(3)$  (the de We now fill in the details regarding the fermions, number of "generations",  $SU(2)$ ,  $SU(3)$  Higgs doublet and triplet as well as comments upon the representations chosen regarding  $SU(3)$  (the defining one for the quarks and the trivial one for the leptons).

Now, before we proceed concretely, let us mention a few consequences of our principles as well as some plausible rules which need to be satisfied. Regarding the dichotomy strong-weak associated to the matter of feeling, we posit that each side has precisely two faces and moreover, the strong spirits are called matter and the weak spirits interaction or gauge particles which serve as communicators between the strong ones, very much like servants perform plenty of jobs for nobility. So, strong spirits, being Fermions constitute

fundamental matter whereas weak spirits, obeying Bose statistics, constitute interaction particles. Now, by choice, being here at level zero of being  $\mathbb{C}$  with  $G_0 = \{1\}$  and the weak symmetry group  $U(1)$ , we have therefore, by agreement, on the strong side the particles  $e^-, u$  the electron and up-quark.  $u(1)$  valued objects deliver the classical electromagnetic force and it remains to determine the other particle. Here, something very deep needs to be said: that there is a one to one mapping from the Bosonic interactions, modeled by the Lie groups, to the flat, homogeneous and isotropic geometry on the vector space in which those interactions take place and on which those particles live. That is we have to look for a minimal  $\mathbb{R}^{p+q}$  such that it connects appropriately to  $S_n$ . The rule is the following, we have to look at the physical subgroup  $S_n$ , complexify it to  $C_n$  and demand that  $\text{Lie}(S_n)$  can be embedded as a Lie algebra into  $so(p, q)$  and that, moreover, the number of non-compact directions of  $SO(p, q)$  exceeds that of  $C_n$ . The complexification of the corresponding Lie algebra gives an impuls rather than a (complex or real) rotation so that a kind of departure from the common structure needs to be taken into account for. Now, as we shall prove, this  $\mathbb{R}^{p+q}$  for level  $n$  is precisely  $\mathbb{R}^{2^{n+1}}$  or the isomorphic real space to  $\mathbb{C}^{2^n}$  such that  $M^2(\mathbb{C}^{2^n})$  can be embedded into  $M^2(\mathbb{R}^{2^{n+1}})$  and in particular so for  $SU(2^n)$  and  $G_n$ . Moreover, the respective geometrical symmetries, as we shall shortly show, with another supplementary coincidence, are given by  $SO(1, 1)$ ,  $SO(1, 3)$ ,  $SO(2, 6)$  the last one which is dynamically broken to  $SO(6)$  leaving for two time dimensions to be fixed. There is another part of the story, given that the  $S_n$  and  $C_n$  are represented geometrically, it implies that, given that Bosons act and by postulate, they act in two different ways, each gauge group determines *inner* geometrical degrees of freedom, in the defining representation, of the strong matter particles and also, they determine new  $n$  plets of  $n - 1$  new strong particles associated to each existing one. This is the double role of the interacting bosons at this level regarding the *action* on matter. Regarding themselves, they interact with one and another and acquire inner degrees of freedom from themselves as well as all other gauge Bosons given that the dimension of the real carrier space alters accordingly. That is why the photon has no mass and the  $Z, W^\pm$  bosons have as we shall argue shortly. Before we proceed, let us make another remark on the algebra's  $M^2(\mathbb{R}^{2^{n+1}})$ . For  $n = 0$ , it coincides with  $\text{Cliff}_{\mathbb{R}}(1, 1)$ , which has again a double interpretation, one being the matrix algebra, the other being, by means of a different action  $SO(1, 1) \times \mathbb{R}^2$ . The first interpretation being a linear one in a special coordinate system with one compact direction and three non-compact ones so that we obtain an isomorphism to  $(\mathbb{R}^3, +) \times U(1)$ . The chart is provided by

$$\kappa e^{\lambda \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}} + \alpha \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} + \beta \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}.$$

The coordinates  $\alpha, \beta$  may reflect Fermions and they anti-commute,  $\kappa$  reflects the inflaton and commutes with everything; the problematic aspect is provided by  $\lambda$  where the generator anti-commutes with those of  $\alpha, \beta$  which should not happen at all. This merely reflects that  $M^2(\mathbb{R}^2)$  is not suited as an *algebra* to carry the particle content of our theory which is logical since the latter is complex and not real. The second is geometrical, which works given that it is an intermediate linear, Lie-algebraic perspective, giving rise to the Poincare group of the  $1 + 1$  Minkowskian metric by treating the  $e_j$  as vectors and the bi-linear  $e_0 e_1$  as the Lie algebra generator of  $so(1, 1)$ . Now, the reason, for  $1 + 1$  is clear,  $G_0 = \{1\}$  which has a one dimensional representation and its complexification is exactly the same so therefore  $1 + 1$ . Given that the non-abelian part is trivial, there is just one internal degree of freedom (so that the internal physical state space is just a single point) and we have to proceed by different means here. We now take the following axioms, strong spirits want to live forever, so in order to kill them, you need an anti-spirit with precisely the same mass but distinct charges; (in particle language, we call this an anti-particle); a weak spirit eventually kills itself and is therefore its own anti-particle. Finally, the strongest (most massive) spirit causes for food and energy increase above the standard free self-interaction energy (on the mean). So food has to do with stationary states. Obviously, less strong spirits also cause for food but way less and eat on behalf of the mafia, which is precisely what happens in  $SU(3)$  where the heaviest gangsters, the up and down multiplet cause for a stable nucleus which feeds electromagnetically, the electrons (small gangsters) swerving around it. in short, a particle needs to be described by means of real "field" accompanied, as one whole potentially, by another real field and the snaky oscillator operators obey Fermi statistics. In other words, we look for an equation for a real spinor

$$\begin{pmatrix} \psi(t, x) \\ \phi(t, x) \end{pmatrix}$$

which is Lorentz invariant, obeys Fermi statistics, and delivers a positive Hamiltonian (positive free energy and kinetic mass). It is well known for every physics student that this needs to be a first order Dirac equation

where the particle can be right and left moving and the corresponding anti-particle is left or right moving. Causality of the propagator is a by-product from the statistics whereas the usual reasoning is upside down: statistics (as well as the equations of motion) follows from causality and considerations about a spin  $\frac{1}{2}$  particle represented by a  $\frac{1}{2} \oplus \frac{1}{2}$  spinor in a  $(1, 3)$  geometry (actually, the equations of motions only follow from this as well as parity considerations, the positive energy condition not being mandatory [3]). But here, we proceed more in Pauli's way and take the positive energy condition seriously without bothering too much about the intricate details of the quantum Poincaré algebra. Actually, there is no quantization of the latter at all present in our scheme given that operational Lorentz symmetry is not a symmetry of nature. These details lead to the Dirac representation in  $1 + 3$  dimensions by geometrical representation of  $SO(3)$  by means of the defining representation of  $SU(2)$ . So, in total, the electron and up quark consume 2 real numbers (as do their anti-particles); henceforth our second boson is a scalar particle delivered by the real numbers, the *inflaton*, which we may consider as a divine scalar boson. Remains to consider the geometry of  $U(1)$ ; geometrically, this is represented by  $SO(2)$  on  $\mathbb{R}^2$  and indeed it is the defining matrix

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

which couples to the Fermi spinor. The Clifford matrices being given by

$$e_0 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad e_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Henceforth, the photon lives in the defining representation of  $SO(1, 1)$  and is henceforth a mass-less vector particle. Note the following coincidences : 4 equals (a) the number of particles (b) the number of geometrical degrees of freedom of strong particles and their anti-particles (c) the number of strong particles and anti-particles whereas 2 equals (a) the number of strong or weak particles (b) the number of degrees of freedom of all vector particles (c) the number of geometrical degrees of freedom of all strong particles. Now, there is a good reason why we do not have to count for the anti-particles in our analysis; it is simply the fact that a boost does not turn particles into anti-particles due to the absence of mass; therefore, in a stable universe anti-matter is not present and electro-magnetic interactions merely cause for attraction between the strongest and the weakest strong spirits, the up quark and electron respectively. The reader may continue this analysis towards  $n = 1, 2$ ; for  $n = 1$ ,  $S_1 = SU(2) = G_1$  and henceforth  $C_1 = SL_2(\mathbb{C})$  which is the double cover of  $SO(1, 3)$  which is precisely the usual relativity group. Therefore,  $su(2)$  is geometrically represented in its defining spin  $\frac{1}{2}$  representation as a complex representation of  $so(3)$  and the reader notices that the normalized class of complex two vectors is equivalent to  $S^2$  which can be minimally embedded in  $\mathbb{R}^3$ , precisely the number of space directions in  $\mathbb{R}^{1+3}$  leaving for no extra room given that the momentum vector is aligned with time in the standard massive representation. The other action, by means of doubling of particles and the force fields between them, gives rise to the  $(e^-, \nu)$  and  $(u, d)$  doublets. Let us now study the linear significance of  $M^2(\mathbb{R}^{1+3}) = \text{Cliff}_{\mathbb{R}}(1, 3)$  and see how it relates to the number of weak and/or strong particles as well as their geometrical degrees of freedom. The latter linear space is 16 dimensional over the real numbers with 3 compact directions and 13 non-compact ones. A spin  $\frac{1}{2}$  particle is usually described by means of a field with four real degrees of freedom; the normalized states however, regarding the internal degrees of freedom, are in correspondence to  $S^3$  (without considering the overall conformal  $S^1$  phases which would give rise to  $S^2$ ); there are 4 such fields and 4 corresponding anti-fields which gives rise to the numbers 4, 8 regarding counting and 16, 32 geometrically. Regarding the weakly interacting particles, there are four of them up to this level ( $n = 1$ ) and they are usually represented on a complex spinor bundle over spacetime (which provides the geometrical playground for fermions: they are complex after all and spacetime itself is real) and spacetime itself; what the latter, geometrical, aspect of gauge bosons is concerned; they need to couple via a spacetime realization of  $SU(2)$  which is  $SO(3)$  and the latter can only be embedded in the vector representation of  $SO(1, 3)$  so that it makes gauge bosons into vector particles. Positivity of the respective Hamiltonian for such field then leads to causality of the propagator, at least on Minkowski. To wrap up: the number of strong particles equals 4 which equals the number of total weak particles. There are several subtleties here which must be considered carefully. First of all, these considerations regard the total state of affairs for gauge bosons and fermions for levels 0, 1. Regarding level one only, we remark that the fermions are all massless and that Helicity is a Lorentz invariant concept so that the particle does not change of outlook when we look differently at it. Therefore, there are actually two distinct  $SU(2)$  representations, called  $SU(2)_L$  and  $SU(2)_R$  where  $L, R$  refer to the left or right handedness of the particle meaning it spins left handed according to its direction of motion or right handed. Moreover, at level 0, we already disposed of a  $U(1)_L$  say so that we need

only a supplementary  $U(1)_R$ . Indeed, there is prior reason as to why electromagnetic interactions should be the same for left or right handed particles. So, *a priori*, we dispose of 7 gauge boson field degrees of freedom (of course each field is a 4 vector) acting on 8 Fermi particles leaving for one extra Bosonic degree of freedom, that one of the Higgs. So, whereas the numbers are (2, 4) for  $n = 0$  regarding Bosons-Fermions, here the numbers are (8 = 7 + 1, 8) of *a priori* degrees of freedom; by this, we intend to say that all new interaction particles are counted for only together with all matter particles - including those realized at previous levels - on which they act. Now, as we all know, the Higgs destroys the right gauge Boson sector so that one is effectively left with 3  $SU(2)_L$  gauge boson degrees of freedom to be considered *a posteriori* at this level; adding the Higgs to it makes 4 Bosons in total acting on 8 fundamental Fermions which provides for a total of 12 = 16 - 4. Regarding *posterior* degrees of freedom obtained at level 1 only, the new gauge bosons appearing in it give rise to 12 geometrical degrees of freedom whereas there are 32 fermionic ones with 1 provided for by the Higgs which gives (13, 32) on the total Bose-Fermi balance. Here, the spin one particles have two copies of  $U(1)$  and  $SU(2)$  working via the matrices  $\frac{1 \pm \gamma_5}{2}$  on the particles and anti-particles of the Dirac spinor.

Now, we shall look at those facts geometrically from the point of view that  $M^2(\mathbb{R}^{1+3}) = \text{Cliff}_{\mathbb{R}}(1, 3)$ , being 16 dimensional. The scalar 1 and pseudo-scalar  $\gamma_5$  ( $(\gamma^5)^2 = -1$ ) form the projectors delineating particle and antiparticle. The vector  $\gamma^a$  constitutes the translations, whereas the bilinears form the  $so(1, 3)$  Lie algebra; the 4 pseudo-vectors which commute instead of anti-commute (as the vectors do) can be seen as the components of the Higgs which needs to have a geometrical significance; indeed,  $(\gamma^0 \gamma^5)^2 = 1$  whereas all others give minus one so that there is a natural structure of  $\mathbb{C}^2$ . The translations with  $\gamma^a$  can also have the significance, together with the complexification of the pseudo-scalars as Grassmannians: indeed, consider  $\theta^a = \frac{\gamma^a + i\gamma^a \gamma^5}{2}$ , then  $(\theta^a)^2 = 0$  and

$$\theta^a \theta^b = (\gamma^a \gamma^b + i\gamma^a \gamma^b \gamma^5 + i\gamma^a \gamma^5 \gamma^b - \gamma^a \gamma^5 \gamma^b \gamma^5)/4 = \gamma^a \gamma^b / 2 = -\theta^b \theta^a$$

suggesting that Wick rotation is an integral part of our theory and that one should consider analytic continuation towards Riemannian theories so that geometrically  $M^2(\mathbb{R}^4)$  has to be regarded from  $\text{Cliff}_{\mathbb{R}}(1, 3)$  as well as  $\text{Cliff}_{\mathbb{R}}(0, 4)$  both transforming into one and another by rotating  $\gamma^0$  over 90 degrees. So, this concludes our analysis, given that translations and the Higgs combine to super-symmetric variables which however do *not* represent particles but merely geometry. I leave it up to the reader to analyse  $n = 2, 3$  eventually where the real stuff happens. I will present the main results from  $n = 2$  and then finish this section with the appropriate geometrical picture of the above analysis, the latter being made so far on tangent space  $T_*\mathcal{M}_x$  at a certain point where the base 4 dimensional manifold is equipped with a Lorentzian metric and a time direction which can be taken as the gradient of the inflaton which may serve as the basis for an associated Riemannian metric. The real habitat of quantum theory is of course  $T\mathcal{M}$  which is a manifold constituted from  $\cup_{x \in \mathcal{M}} T_*\mathcal{M}_x$  equipped with the appropriate chart structure provided by the basis of the work on Ehresmann geometry (dynamical charts associated to a vierbein with passive Lorentz invariance on  $T_*\mathcal{M}_x$ ). Regarding  $n = 2$ , suffices to say that the real representation of  $su(3)$  into  $so(6)$ , whereas the little group of an ordinary point particle is provided by  $SO(1, 6)$  is minimal and moreover, the  $SU(2)$  associated to the color charge ( $su(3)$  has two central charges, constituting the maximal abelian (or Cartan) subgroup) is represented by a spin 1 (5 dimensional real) representation. Hint: the appropriate representation is provided for by the  $3 \times 3$  anti-symmetric real matrices regarding the real spin one representation of  $SO(3)$ . Here, at this point, it is important to understand that internal geometrical degrees of freedom attached to the central charges of the gauge groups at each level are integrated at the highest level and intertwine. This is the strongest form of interaction play between the different levels, whereas the weakest one (through “social” interactions and gauge particles) is a simple direct product. In short, the individual maximally reinforces and unites at distinct levels of communication; indeed,  $S_n \subset S_{n+1}$  and up till so far, at each step, one central charge is added. So, the spin  $su(2)$ , represented geometrically in three dimensions, intertwines with the color  $su(3)$  represented in 5 dimensions with a total of 6. Briefly, one time dimension in the little group remains and one space dimension falls out of reach for the color charge but not the spin charge! So, we have a free 1 (time) dimensional geometry which needs to be filled up, implying we have to import Lorentzian or Euclidean strings depending upon how the string moves in the bulk!! A similar picture emerges from the consideration that  $M^2(\mathbb{R}^8) = \text{Cliff}_{\mathbb{R}}(0, 6) = \text{Cliff}_{\mathbb{R}}(1, 5)$  which gives the same conclusion, that there is a symmetry breaking with two dimensions, due to the internal structure of the string which may be Riemannian or Lorentzian by means of Wick rotation. However, due to the fixed time direction, only one time direction remains available as an internal degree of freedom. Now, we look at the Fermions from the point of view of particles with mass

so that we effectively give a non-zero vacuum expectation value to the Higgs field something which is not a priori desirable as energy should come from some activity or substance which might precisely be the reason why Einstein thought that the cosmological constant should vanish (actually, there are plenty of reasons). Now, there are two issues here: (a) clearly, the vacuum expectation value of the Higgs should be linked to the cosmological constant; not necessarily be the same but somehow equidistributed (as a partition between spin zero and spin two vacuum energy) and (b) there should be a total equal negative component to it which is the psychic energy of the universe itself and all its inhabitants! So, now, we have  $SU(3)_L = SU(3)_R$  given that a boost mixes particles and anti-particles and changes observer mass and moreover, regarding the internal action of  $SU(3)$ , it comes into two guises (instead of one): the vector representation for the quarks and the scalar one for the leptons. This only confirms our psychology; heavy gangsters produce food whereas small gangsters do not and eat on behalf of the heavy ones (note that the up quark is estimated to be 10 times heavier than the electron). So, we have 8 *a priori* bosonic coordinates at level  $n = 2$  and 12 in total up to this level, 24 = 2.12 coordinates associated to Fermionic particles and their anti-particles and finally we are left with remaining 32 particle degrees of freedom if we were to reach to the full 64 which we have done so far for 4, 16 with full Bose-Fermi balans". There only remain super-symmetric and hyperbolic particles modeled on the Grassmann and hyperbolic numbers. Given the super-symmetric structure of the geometry at level  $n = 2$  it is only fair to say that there are 13 (including for the Higgs and dilaton) complex or 26 real super particles corresponding to 4 complex Grassmann coordinates (in the super space-time structure) which leaves for a total of 6. This should give rise to an indefinite complex  $N = 4$  super-symmetry algebra (actually, the last situation is the most democratic one regarding our previous considerations on extensions of the real numbers). So, the total is again 64 as it should be, giving rise to an (indefinite or complex) super-gravity type theory with a four dimensional base super-manifold, supplemented with 2 hyperbolic coordinates, and an eight dimensional super tangent manifold. obviously, whereas the Grassmann coordinates are the soul and remain invisible, the 2 hyperbolic cases subtract and destroy (the Devil (2.3) does indeed). Indeed, the geometrical picture then is that the base manifold is provided by  $T\mathcal{M}$  and all our considerations so far live on  $T_*T\mathcal{M}_x$ , an eight dimensional (super) linear space with a double Lorentzian geometry giving rise to  $2 + 6 = 8$ . The final dynamical habitat is then  $TT\mathcal{M}$  which must be seen as a 12 instead of 16 dimensional super manifold through identification of both  $T_*\mathcal{M}_x$ . The reader further deduces that there exist, taken together for  $n = 0, 1, 2$ , 12 gauge bosons provided by  $U(1) \otimes SU(2) \otimes SU(3)$ , an  $SU(2)$  Higgs "spinor", 12 fundamental fermions (supplemented with their anti-particles to a total of 24) and 12 supercharges and their complex conjugates and 6 hyperbolic charges giving rise to  $12 + 24 + 26 + 6 + 2 = 64 + 6 = 70$  whereas without the hyperbolic particles we would get 64. So,  $12 = 4.3$  is the fundamental number with a (3, 9) geometry arising from (1, 3) three times taken in suitable  $N = 4$ . We can still say something further about the quantization of the electric charge and the intertwining of four dimensional spin with eight dimensional color charges (something which is mandatory to explain why  $u - u - d$  and  $u - d - d$  colorless triplets have spin  $\frac{1}{2}$  and henceforth composites behave as fundamental particles). Note furthermore that the number 3 is mandatory, not only for obtaining an anti-commuting algebra, but also for obtaining a colorless particle so that everything fits nicely together. Regarding the quantization, it is obvious that if one wants to build general matter in a maximal way, then one of the previous two triples should have charge +1 and the other 0 to ensure neutrality. This gives rise to the charges  $2/3$  and  $-1/3$ . There is another remarkable issue here, which is that the necessity of a string opens a whole new gateway: nature is telling us that, in case of the quarks, 6 internal degrees of freedom (the number of the devil) automatically implies an infinite number of "appearances" and likewise so for the leptons and gauge bosons, both of which can be modelled by closed (super) strings with a complex rotation between Riemannian and Lorentzian theories. This remains a topic of future, serious investigation. Another issue here is that we look differently at the strong interactions than physicists do vis a vis the standard model. Not only are her two  $SU(3)$  gauge groups; the issue of color has nothing to do with the defining action of the gluons! Indeed, it is entirely geometrical and dual in nature such that effectively only two gluons enter in the proton-neutron dynamics as well as the photon and  $Z$  Boson. Further investigation should follow, I realize there are very small caveats in the last lines!

Let us start by noticing that for level  $n = 3$ ,  $G_n$  is no longer a simple Lie algebra as it has dimensions 45, 155 . . . which fall outside the Cartan classification scheme. Question then is whether this algebra is semi-simple?  $G_2$  has to be embedded into  $G_3$  which leaves for 31 remaining dimensions and nothing else fits as a sum of other simple Lie algebra's. Therefore, nilpotent parts arise but the entire Lie group remains compact, the former is something which would be expected on basis of the existence of zero divisors of  $A_3$ ! At the level of  $S_3$ , one could still expect for  $SU(5), SU(4), SU(6)$  given that they are 15, 24, 35 dimensional respectively. I leave it

as an exercise to the reader to show that it has to be  $SU(4)$  which is equivalent to gravitation entering the process by means of the graviton particle. Hint: Geometrically,  $M^2(16)$  is 256 dimensional which requires the eight dimensional Clifford algebra; something which produces for symmetric eight dimensional  $4 \times 4$  tensors, which taken together with Local Lorentz invariance in the  $3 + 1$  sense, leads to the two degrees of freedom of the graviton particle. Henceforth, geometrically, one has to work on the tensor product of the tangent space with itself, leaving for a  $2 + 6$  remainder given that the strong interactions have to sit in it. Naturally, this leaves for signature  $(4, 4)$  given that the total signature of the product space is  $(6, 10)$ . The spatial isometries, restricted to space and not the multiple time dimensions, therefore has dimension 45 which, taken together with the number eight as a real geometrical embedding space, only leaves for  $SU(4)$  and precludes  $SU(5)$  and  $SU(6)$ . The reader should effectively check that  $S_3$  equals  $SU(4)$  indeed. The reader is invited to fill in all the details so that the story becomes completely stringent. The quantization of the universe itself as a whole spirit, something which one may call quantum gravity type I, demands information loss physically which taken together with spiritual elevation might still be a unitary, but fundamentally, un-quantifiable process! Therefore, I am afraid physics stops at this level: non compactness or hyperbolic algebra and geometry should be allowed for. Henceforth, our worldview is that the fundamental theory is not comprehensible to the end, but that, in a certain sense, there is conservation of energy with a dynamically unpredictable “Hamiltonian”. When the spiritual interaction space grows, physical interactions suffer from information loss; henceforth more gravitation and “socialism”. Experimental verification of these suggestions is a century old business: creative minds often flock more together irrespective of the distinct mindsets. This holds for, painters, sculptors as well as intellectuals. Gravitation opens the door towards interactions through the flesh as well as an optimistic and positive attitude, pleasure and joy in life. Anybody wants to be creative, no? Even if it would be just making origami figures.

To make the discussion complete (thanks to an intelligent question from an interested reader), we must say that by physical we intend interactions which are beyond the control of free will. The general interactions, no matter what type of consistency of thought you use, are mental and quasi free. The physical interactions, as a kind of intersection, have therefore a mental double whose range carries far further than their physical counterpart. This means, in a technical language, that the coupling of the gauge interactions to Higgs boson are weaker implying they carry much further. The contracts are a matter of what we call entanglement, they are force-less, immediate and have an infinite range. To be even more precise, by quasi free, we intend to say that there are limits to the freedom of manipulating with those levels of conversation. For example, a person with evil intentions should in some sense be blocked from approaching his victim freely, he or she should be stopped otherwise the enterprise of harmony, certainly between upper and lower profiles, is an impossible one. Henceforth, in such case, his intentions should be communicated automatically to the victim who has the potentiality to block the attacker. This can only be achieved by calmness and dignity, running away or fighting physically considerably makes the situation worse and blocks the victim from physically blocking the attacker. There are some extra remarks here, in case the mode of thought of person  $X$  is as such that  $Y$  thinks in a partially disharmonious way about it (for example, the distinction between  $SU(2^n)$  and  $A_n$ ),  $Y$  might not feel all subtleties, if any, of the mode of thought of  $X$ . Now, a final worry for the lower profile people, who are usually less positive and therefore less energetic mentally as well as physically might precisely reside herein that they possess mental abilities of such a high level that it may have serious physical consequences at chiefly much lower levels. The answer here is that nature protects all its inhabitants (of alike physical nature) in a sense that high level thoughts leak psychically chiefly and not physically. One has to trust in this argument as otherwise historically, it would have been impossible to create contemporary society from the starting point of the old times where the strongest members dominate. It is certainly not so that those are naive and too good to kill the lower profiles. Lower as well as upper profiles need to coexist in nature as otherwise upper profiles with very different ideas would have little chance of coexisting starting from the idea that nature still, ultimately, favors upper and not lower just as a matter of survival and not destruction. Therefore, lower profiles who ultimately have a less complete view on the world sensually and therefore are a serious proponent of science as an artificial and somewhat symbolic way to evolve in their comprehension of the world through sheer logic and the ultimate belief that everything can be understood rationally, which certainly cannot but is a good approximation given a sufficient level of completeness on reasonable time scales. High profiles don't care that much usually, they have an intuitive grasp and definite idea and feel technology and truth whereas the lower profiles need reasoning and formal proof. This certainly explains why lower profiles adhere to the deus ex machina, an incomprehensible machine of which they are part, as wheels in a wrist watch whereas upper profiles adhere to a somewhat more mystic sensual view on

the world which nevertheless is complete, whereas the deus ex machina is never finished of course. This book offers a mid point of view given that psyche determines nature and henceforth both realities are welded together in one coherent picture. Clearly, there is mystery to nature which cannot be comprehended, unless, in the case of the Deus ex machina you always appeal in an incomplete world view with an external source implying the universe is a part of meta-universa and so on, ad infinitum. The first step here is distantiating from conflict which is a considerably difficult exercise for both parties given that mistrust exist on both sides regarding the different strengths; we must aspire a world of sense and sensibility, an old British idea, which although not easy to achieve, is ultimately the only way to proceed. We must do so in ultimate respect through proper schooling in the sciences, a sufficient respect for religion and spirituality and ultimately the strong belief in yourself and the ability to find a place in society as a whole.

## 13.6 Generalized Quantum Mechanics based upon $A_n$

We shall be brief here;  $A_n$  can be seen as a strong form of communication at level  $n$ , but it can also be seen as sex so that a child of the  $n$ 'th generation is borne. Its language is not that of  $\mathbb{C}$  but that one of  $A_n$  with  $n$  supplementary anti-commuting complex units. This implies that quantum theory in one real variable  $x$  needs to be generalized towards wave functions

$$\Psi : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow A_n$$

which can be given the structure of a right or left  $A_n$  module in-product space by means of a generalization of the usual construction. Obviously, information loss will occur for  $n > 2$  so that the entire Born rule and completeness theorems come into jeopardy (not so for the quaternions however). This has some serious ramifications psychologically for higher generation spirits which we shall discuss in the next section.

## 13.7 Psychological and biological ramifications.

The comments here are brief and I invite the reader to think deeply about them as they have far going consequences for the psyche of future generations, racial purity, genetic manipulation and so on. It is kind of simple to see that if the mode of expression of a person were defined by  $A_n$ , then its intelligent level zero language use is that of  $A_{n+1}$ , whose automorphism group has dimension  $(n + 1)2^{n+2} - n - 1$ , and its unintelligent use by  $A_n \oplus A_n$  whereas for a first generation spirit, the latter is given by  $\mathbb{C}^{2^{n+1}}$  with as automorphism group  $U(2^{n+1})$ . Obviously, the  $2 \times 2$   $A_n$  valued matrix algebra has a much smaller automorphism group provided that  $A_n$  has nontrivial algebraic structure. Therefore, one may expect that the physical communication means between generation  $n$ -people are way more restricted than those of generation one and that their language use is much more vague as well, using one word the first generations sees as a level  $n + 1$  sentence. Also, the most basic and strong interactions are simply not felt as well physically as psychically leading to a plethora of problems regarding social communication skills and keeping a fit body. Also, logic fades and becomes blurry so that ultimately nothing makes sense and higher generations get more primitive, favoring harmony over truth and justice. This is a serious issue requiring deep thought and profound measures.

To provide for some insight, the issue is more serious with (lower profile in some overarching sense) males than with all females; in the latter case, the biological constitution is of major importance with girls having rather nice breasts which are a source of white power and tidiness as well as the monthly menstruation where filthy blood leaves the body so that everything gets cleaned out psychically. Moreover girls mind much more their hygiene which makes re-juvenates them and provides for a positive attitude. In the old times were (intellectual) white spirits super-logical and the lower profiles which were considerably primitive and dumb and filled with envy conjured up to kill the positive antagonists what, given the strong spiritual interactions and fit physical constitution lead to physical murder so that effectively, the lower spirits lived rather shortly (mainly due to their own filth and being murdered at the same time) whereas strong spirits survived much longer but eventually died chiefly due to murder instead of old age. The complexity, by means of  $A_n$ , of the subsequent generations as well as a softening of the use of classical logic, implied a weakening of the physical constitution (less control over primitive, old spirits) on one hand, which implied the positive effect that killing became much harder, but it also lead to an embitterment of anger and jealousy as well as the here fore mentioned social psychic isolation which was partially redeemed by the erection of social (sports) clubs

as well as the whole democratic and multi-nationalistic system (we are all one). The spirits become softer in their fermionic aspect, the “cock” order is not that important any longer. This process, however, has an optimum as Nietzsche warned two centuries ago; nihilism enters as well as a total sickening of the spirit and body from all sides even though medicine does its utmost best to counteract for the physical aspect of this; the spiritual side of the coin requires inner healing, finding an arrow out of circularity and a new elan to confront life. This psychic side is much more important than the patchwork doctors provide for, which in my opinion, has reached its limits with the current methodology. Remember and re-activate your history!!

Now, one intelligent spirit asked me why the commutation or anti-commutation rules need to hold for all (not only the first one) generation spirits. The answer is brief and intelligent; the first generation will in general simply not obey one divine rule in their strong interaction (product) which is unicity! Spirits come into many different colors which makes life exciting, also for God, it is a (often) delicious play. Don’t take it too seriously! So, the product must be of first order in both factors which implies bi-linearity (distributivity); next, regarding commutativity, one must notice that the only divine numbers are  $\pm 1$  and, finally, given that symmetry, one must find a unique alternative for the associativity of the product. This uniquely leads to super Lie algebra’s where the generalized Jacobi identity plays the role of the associator being zero. Therefore, a suitably renormalized  $P$  in natural units should obey

$$[P, X] = 1$$

or

$$\{P, X\} = 1.$$

now, provided the work in the previous section, we know that these relationships, which are not necessarily representable on a real or complex vector space or a generalized module of any kind, are effectively deemed to be realized by means of linear left (or right) operators over right (or left)  $A_n$  module “Hilbert” spaces. Obviously, the complex representation will always be there, but plenty of other in-equivalent ones exist.

We now deepen somewhat our understanding of all results in this book obtained so far. From the physical perspective, we made the following key assumptions

- Each interaction has two realisations, one which is external to the matter gheist and one which is internal and associated to preferred charges. This also applies to the interaction particle itself and the common internal concept is geometry. At a next stage ( $n = 3$ ) geometry has two faces; a local (graviton) and global one (spacetime itself).
- Physics is defined by means of the common spiritual interactions in an intelligent and totally incoherent mode of thought; it works precisely opposite to the spiritual interaction.
- Relevant dualities are strong versus weak (survival) or upper versus lower or conservative (means pulling the spear) or progressive (weak, hating action).
- Primitive actions are : (a) feeling of yourself, (b) feeling of others, (c) eating and finally (d) having sexual intercourse.

Regarding the interpretation and definition of the psychic realities, one must note that those are defined globally, in contrast to elementary particle gheists; they belong to a kind of collective unconsciousness. The remaining eigenvalue, or appreciation, is entirely personal and the interplay with the immediate environment is crucial herein. This is why this appreciation is not static and fluctuates much more rapidly as the reality concept does. For example, male anger regarding the behavior of his wife can suddenly turn into love; usually, one argues a certain urge for reconsiliation or control to be the cause for this sudden switch albeit it is not clear here what is cause and what is consequence. It might appear to be a fake action, with premeditation, conscious or unconscious, with the real intend to kill her later in bed. Henceforth, given that the full list of actions and thoughts must be included in ones description, it is at no point useful to *act* in a way towards that man regarding his actions, as far as you can perceive them at a level of interaction which can safely be presumed not to be treacherous, basing upon presumptions regarding the causa. This is not to say

that a psychoanalyst should not try to delve into his unconsciousness while he is asleep and henceforth, by mere assumption, the least misleading, trying to get a deeper motivation or reason for the above mentioned observed actions delving deeper and deeper into the shadows or complexity of the mind hereby unraveling all twists. However, all this has its limitations and should be openly discussed with the patient. Regarding the sentiment, it is entirely subjective and numerically expressed is a to chose unit; something which makes it almost impossible to develop an ultra precise science. A similar comment can be made regarding physics where old measurement equipment may produce a different result as an identical young one. Nobody knows the reason herefore. Consequently, one communicates unconsciously all the time with spirits out of the near environment as well with those with whom one has a contract of some sort. Positivists therefore, who cling on to Kierkegaard, Heisenberg and Bohr who only deal with conscious perceptions henceforth have to speak of a divine plan (by physicists often sloppily described by the low entropy of the initial state of the universe) and henceforth have to believe in some form of the Deus ex Machina, either as 't Hooft does, in its most extreme form, by returning to classical determinism or Penrose, in a weaker form, through recourse to the existence of a Divine Platonic space of ideas and geometric forms. None of those ideas are very attractive and humanity has to live with the mere fact that they are capable of divine creation themselves. Regarding this creativity, which implies a certain degree of free thought and will; it is worthwhile to note that the weight of a person is totally subject to the gheist feeling it. For example, an exhaled man can lift his wife as if she was made out of feathers instead of bones and flesh. Regarding upper profiles, their great sensitivity provides them with a rather precise and broad notion of reality which although is not always intelligent by means of either a lack of consistency or minimalism (overly complex, too mystical). From this point of view, they seek justice and are rather slow regarding harmonious processes. Indeed, it usually requires many battles, discussions, trade as well as several marriages to get true recognition or even deep friendship. Lower profiles however go the other way around; by lack of observation skills and a short fuse, they end up in a narrow minded reality about which they are not willing to negotiate. They seek the socialist pillars of the a likes leading to political parties such as the communists, libertarians, ecology minded or christian democrats. on the intellectual side, they form schools of thought and are rarely capable to close some of them even after they have been designated as dysfunctional nor useless and when a superior alternative exists.

Finally one sociological comment to wrap up with, as a small sin and exception, given that I am Belgian. The Belgians are certainly still in a way the oldest spirits who don't mind harmony too much with other people of different races, which is why they were troublemakers in the old Roman times. They have their own, very strongly founded notions of truth and democracy with a cock order which is still present (high esteem for democratically elected servants and notables of all kind such as, in the old times, the school master, the doctor, the mayor, the priest etc...); Now, racial mixing has somewhat improved upon the harmony, which reduces the cock order and is internationally seen as a positive effect, chiefly due to french culture, it has also had negative effects such as the French venom creeping in and causing for more inner division. An upside the, on the other hand, is that international influence has increased rationality and reduced the primitive, rater piggy way of living in huts and all kinds of humid homes. Native Belgians are in a way very strange and mixed in their psyche, albeit they are the whitest ones out at the lowest levels and certainly still the oldest spirits in Europe in plenty of ways, they were never very civilized in an intellectual albeit they certainly were in a spiritual sense. There is an imbalance and food culture in the old days, where white products such as eggs, beer and pig were consumed was certainly much more suited to them than the current food market it (a pig's knee is still the best to eat for a strong person, it's the cleanest meat out). So, complex story, ideal on their own, vividly perturbed when meeting something they can't comprehend and certainly misunderstanding the psychic signals!! They are the most sensitive out, certainly not dumber than other nations, but they act more stupid because they see more things which they, unfortunately, miscomprehend. Add to this their lack of patience, which is the biggest obstacle actually to proper learning, and you get a wild brass of un targeted projectiles. So the French injection worked well at first; however, it went too far and the situation is immensely complex now. Only patience and real adequate education can salvage this unfortunate course of events.

## Chapter 14

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